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Perfect in every part bicycle.
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WELLINGTON CYCLE
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The Bombay Chronicle

RALEIGH
THE ALL-STEEL BICYCLE
Popular Gents Roadster cycle complete.
Price reduced to Rs. 162 nett.
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BOMBAY and POONA.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL. XIII NO. 116 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, MAY 16, 1925. ONE ANNA

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The Bombay Chronicle

Business Notice.

ALL COMMUNICATIONS intended for publication in the "Bombay Chronicle" must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. In preparing manuscripts correspondents are requested to write on one side of the paper only, and to address their communications to the EDITOR, and not to any member of the staff by name Attention to this rule will save much inconvenience and delay.

In the absence of express agreement to the contrary the copyright of all literary or other contributions published in the "Bombay Chronicle" vests in the Proprietors of the journal.

The Editor cannot undertake to return rejected communications unless a stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed for the purpose.

BUSINESS communications of every kind (advertisements, changes of address, etc.) should be addressed to the MANAGER. Advertisements intended for insertion in the next day's paper must reach the Office not later than 5 p.m.

ALL REMITTANCES should be made payable to the "Bombay Chronicle" and cheques crossed.

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS whose copies of the "Bombay Chronicle" are delayed in delivery will facilitate enquiry into the cause of the irregularity by noting the date of the paper on the wrapper, and sending it to the Manager.

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Daily Edition.

	Local.	Mofussil.
1 Year	Rs. 25	Rs. 30
6 Months	Rs. 12-8	Rs. 15
3 Months	Rs. 6-4	Rs. 7-8
1 Month	Rs. 2-2	Rs. 2-8

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SHIPPING.

P. & O. BRITISH INDIA.

(Incorporated in England.)

MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.

P. and O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

All Passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

Date.	Steamers	Connection at Aden with	Tons
1925			
16th May	RAZMAK	MACEDONIA*	11,089
23rd "	CHINA		7,952
30th "	RAZMAK	MOLDAVIA x	16,436
6th June	NARKUNDA		18,227
13th "	RAZMAK	MOREA *	10,911
20th "	CALEDONIA§		7,622
27th "	RAZMAK	MOOLTAN;	20,847
4th July.	KAISAR-I-HIND		11,430
11th "	RAZMAK	MALWA*	10,941
18th "	RANPURA		16,100
25th "	MALOJA x		20,837
1st Aug.	CHINA		7,952
8th "	RAZMAK	MANTUA *	10,302
15th "	CALEDONIA		7,822
22nd "	RAZMAK	NALDERA x	15,993
29th "	MOREA		10,911
5th Sept.	RAZMAK	MACEDONIA*	11,089
12th "	KAISAR-I-HIND		11,430
19th "	RAZMAK	NARKUNDA*	16,227
26th "	RANPURA		16,100

x Through steamers from Australia, have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

* Through steamers from China, have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

§ Terminates voyage at Marseilles.

SPECIAL OFF SEASON RETURN TICKETS

First saloon "A" return tickets are available for short period commencing from Bombay on 29th June and terminating by steamer due Bombay on 11th September. The rates are as follows:—

To London and back by sea. £105.

To London and back via Marseilles, including P. and O. Special Train across France in both directions. £120.

To Marseilles and back. £100.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

Bombay to Port Said and Plymouth.

Date about	Steamers.	Tons.
1925		
11th June	MANDALA	8,246
25th "	NIRVANA	6,021
16th July	DOMALA	8,441
6th August	MARGHA	8,278
17th Sept.	WARFIELDx	6,060
29th Oct.	NIRVANAx	6,021
12th Nov.	MANDALA	8,246
26th "	DUMANA	8,427
10th Dec.	MRGAHA	8,278

* Cargo vessel only; will not convey passengers.

P. AND O. SAILINGS, BOMBAY TO JAPAN VIA COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

Date about	Steamers.	Tons.	Connects at Colombo for Australia with
1925			
26th May	DELTA	8,097	MALOJA
28th "	NAGPORE *	5,283	
4th June	LAHORE *	5,282	
11th "	ALIPOREx	5,273	
23rd "	SOUDAN	6,696	NALDERA
21st July	SICILIA	6,813	MONGOLIA
7th Aug.	NARKUNDA	6,227	
18th "	DELTA	18097	MOOLTAN
15th Sept.	SOUDAN	6,696	MALOJA

*Cargo vessels only; proceed to Japan via Singapore and Shanghai.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

TO AFRICA KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF, TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA AND RANGOON.

Date about	Steamer.	Destination.
18th May	VITA*	Karachi via Kathiawar.
20th "	CHAKLA	Busreh via Karachi & Persian Gulf ports.
22nd "	VARSOVA	Busreh via Karachi
23rd "	SIRSA	Rangoon via Tuticorin
24th "	BARJORA	Colombo via Calicut for Ootacamund Malabar Ports
27th "	KARAGOLA	East & S. Africa

* The sailings for Karachi via Kathiawar on SATURDAYS and MONDAYS are being suspended after the sailings of the 9th and 18th May respectively until September, but steamers will leave for Karachi on WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS as usual.

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.
P. O BOX 122

CURE YOUR EYE

Diseases any kind, Cataract, Glaucoma, Iritis Stye, Watery eye, Corneal Ulcer, Redness, etc (without knife) by our LOTUS HONEY. Safe remedy of nature 1 dram Rs. 2-8, 2 drams Rs. 4. Postage extra. Ask for free particulars to:—NEW FORMULA CO., Kandi Bengal, India (Dep. 5.).

SHIPPING.

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

FORTNIGHTLY SERVICES BETWEEN:—

1. Rangoon, Bombay, Karachi via Malabar.
2. Rangoon, Madras, Colombo.
3. Calcutta and Karachi via Coast Ports.
4. Rangoon, Calcutta, according to demand.

For freights and other particulars apply to: Messrs. NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO., Agents, Ballard Estate BOMBAY

BANKING.

THE SHILOTRI BANK, LTD.,

Shilotri Bank Buildings, Tamarind Lane .. .. .. FORT, BOMBAY

Branches:—GIRGAUM and POONA CITY.

Assets exceed Rs. 40,00,000/-

SAVINGS BANK 5% p. a.

INVESTMENTS mainly in or against Government of India Securities.
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA SECURITIES Bought and Sold promptly.
ADVANCES GRANTED against Gold and Government of India Securities.

DR. PRABHAKAR S. SHILOTRY, M. A., PH. D.
Managing Director.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1895

Capital Authorised	1,00,00,000
Capital Issued	50,00,000
Capital Subscribed	50,00,000
Capital Paid up to 31/12/24	30,65,586
Reserve Fund	25,70,000

HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE.

Amritsar	Hoshiarpur	Meerut City.
Amballa City	Hyderabad	Montgomery
Ambaila Cant.	(Sind)	Okara (Dist Montgomery)
Bombay	Jullundur	Peshawar City
Cawnpore	Jammu	Peshawar Cant
Calcutta	Jhelum City	Patiala
Delhi	Karachi	Quetta
D. I. Khan	Kasur	Rawalpindi
Ferozepore	Lahore City	Sargodha
Gujranwalla	Lyallpur	Sialkot
Gojra	Ludhiana	Simla
Hafizabad	Multan City	Srinagar

London Agents:
THE MIDLAND BANK, LTD.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent. from January to June and 2½ per cent. from July to December, at Bombay on a minimum daily balance of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.—Sums as low as Rs. 10 received and interest allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of out stations are bought, collected and discounted.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to—

DES RAJ MEHRA,
Manager

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED

(REGISTERED IN LONDON.)
(ESTABLISHED 1880.)

	Yen
Subscribed Capital	100,000,000
Paid-up Capital	100,000,000
Reserved Fund	80,500,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.
BRANCHES:

Batavia	Kobe	Seattle
Bombay	London	San Francisco
Buenos Aires	Los Angelos	Samarang
Calcutta	Lyons	Shanghai
Canton	Manila	Singapore
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Darien	Newchwang	Sourabaya
Fengtien	New York	Sydney
Hamburg	Nagoya	Tientsin
Hankow	Osaka	Tokyo
Harbin	Peking	Tsinan
Hongkong	Rangoon	Tsingtau
Honolulu	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock
Kai Yuan	Saigon	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of two per cent. per annum on daily balances of not less than Rs. 1,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

I. WASHIO,
Manager,
Hornby Road, Bombay.
Post Box No. 667

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
(Incorporated under the Indian Companies' Act VII of 1882.)
HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
BRANCH—AHMEDABAD.
LONDON AGENTS:
THE WESTMINSTER BANK, LTD.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ... Rs. 2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
RESERVED FUND ..... Rs. 74,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 AT THE RATE OF 2½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM THROUGHOUT THE YEAR. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened on favourable terms. Rules on application.

A. G. GRAY,
Manager.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

BOMBAY LOCAL HEAD OFFICE:
Bank Street.
BRANCHES:
Byculla—Opposite Parsee Statue.
Mandvi—Abdul Rehman Street.
Sandhurst Road—Junction of Sandhurst and Charni Roads.

SAVINGS BANK:
DEPOSITS.—Sums not exceeding Rs. 5,000 in the aggregate may be deposited in any one year from 1st January to 31st December. Accounts may be opened in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them, or to the survivor or survivors.

WITHDRAWALS.—May be made at any time but not oftener than once in a week. Deposits and withdrawals may be made by post by depositors not residing in the town where the account is kept. Accounts may be transferred to any other office of the Bank free of charge.

SPECIAL DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS—When the balance of an account reaches Rs. 10,000 the depositor may transfer the whole or any portion in multiples of Rs. 2,000 to a special Savings Bank Deposit Account, subject to three months' notice of withdrawal.

INTEREST is allowed at the rate of four per cent per annum on the minimum monthly balances not exceeding Rs. 10,000 of ordinary Savings Bank accounts and at the rate of four-a-half per cent per annum on the daily balances on the special Savings Bank Deposit accounts.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

J. G. RIDLAND
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.

(Incorporated in England).
HEAD OFFICE:
4, CROSBY SQUARE, LONDON, E.C. 3.
BRANCHES:

Amara	Colombo
Baghdad	Hillah
Bahrein	Karachi
Basrah	Madras
Bombay	Mosul
Calcutta	

Authorised Capital	£2,000,000
Paid-up Capital	£1,900,000
Reserved Fund	£ 900,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£1,000,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
J. S. Haskell, Esq., Chairman.
Sir J. Legh-Wood, K.B.E. C.B., C.M.G., Deputy Chairman.
Sir Percy Wilson Newson, Bart.
J. H. Batty, Esq.
J. Bromley-Martin, Esq.
Emile Francqui, Esq.
Capt. R. E. Sassoon, M.C.

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A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarji, Esq.

BOMBAY BRANCH:
Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.

INTEREST will be allowed on Fixed Deposits for one or two years at rates to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and Fixed Deposits received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

INTEREST allowed on Savings Deposit Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased. Loans and Credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange Business undertaken. Purchases and Sales of British and Foreign Securities effected on usual terms.

L. F. FUCKER,
Manager.

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Subscribed Capital	... Rs.	1,19,70,000
Paid-up Capital	... Rs.	59,85,000

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.—Interest allowed at 3 per cent. per annum from January to June, 2½ per cent. per annum from July to December.

FIXED AND SHORT DEPOSITS received. Rates to be ascertained on application.

SAVING BANK.

Interest allowed at 4½ per cent. Withdrawals twice a week.

Every description of Banking Business transacted.

Managing Agents,

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

INSURANCE.

EMPIRE OF INDIA

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(Established 1897.)

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TWENTY-EIGHT YEARS OF ECONOMICAL AND CAREFUL MANAGEMENT RESULT IN ASSETS EXCEEDING

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Managers.

BANKING.

ALLAHABAD BANK LTD.

ESTABLISHED 1865.
Affiliated to the P. and O. Banking Corporation, Limited.

	Rs.
Authorised and Subscribed Capital	40,00,000
Capital Called Up	35,50,000
Reserve Fund	44,50,000

Head Office: CALCUTTA.
Branches and Sub-Agencies:

Allahabad	Fyzabad	Moradabad
Allahabad City	Gorakhpur	Mussoorie
Amritsar	Hapur	Muttra
Bareilly	Hathras	Nagpur
Benares	Jhansi	Naini Tal
Bombay	Jubbulpore	Patna
Cawnpore	Lahore	Rae Bareli
Cawnpore City	Aminabad Park	Raipur
Chandausi	Lucknow	Rangoon
Dehra Dun	Lucknow City	Shahjahanpur
Delhi	Lyallpur	Sitapur
Etawah	Meerut	

CORRESPONDENTS.
In all the principal towns throughout India.
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The P. and O. Banking Corporation, Ltd.
The National Provincial Bank, Ltd.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS.
Opened free of charge.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.
Small sums received. Copy of rules can be obtained on application.
Government Paper and other securities purchased and sold, the custody thereof undertaken and interest and dividends realized.
Loans and Cash Credits granted.
Currency Notes of any circle, Cheques and Hundies are received for credit in Fixed Deposit Account free of charge.
Banking business of every description transacted.
Copy of rules may be had on application at Head Office and at any of the Branches.
Passenger Letters of Credit are issued available for use on board P. and O., British India Steam Navigation Company (Home Line), and Orient Steamers, at Ports of call at the Offices of the Agents of the P. and O. Steam Navigation Company and British India Steam Navigation Company and at any Office of the P. and O. Banking Corporation, Ltd.

T. L. FOREMAN,
Agent, Bombay Branch.
Allahabad Bank Building.
Apollo Street, Bombay.

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Temporarily removed to PARSEE BAZAR STREET,
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Is the last word in the cure for aches and pains. 25 years of increasing sales prove this fact

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Is the only Indian pain balm used in millions of homes. It certainly

CURES ALL

aches, pains, swelling, sprain, stiff joints, cold, cough, cuts, bruises, chilblains, rheumatism, backache and a host of other pain troubles. Cost 10 Annas.

Sold Everywhere.

It kills and cures all

ACHES AND PAINS.

LIFE INSURANCE IS A NECESSITY.

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INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

(Head Office; 113, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.)

A PURELY INDIAN CONCERN MANAGED BY INDIANS.

Apply for particulars to:—
Messrs. JIVANLAL DASTUR & CO.,
Secretaries and Managers.
Telephone No. 1220.

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The perfected system to provide Marriage Dowries for Daughters. GUARANTEEING PAYMENT OF FULL SUM ASSURED IN EVENT OF PARENT'S DEATH and RE FUND OF FULL PREMIUM PAID WITH 4 PER CENT. INTEREST SHOULD CHILD DIE WITHIN POLICY TERM. Profits added if parent and child survive policy term. Descriptive pamphlet upon application.

ZENITH LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

THE

GENERAL ASSURANCE SOCIETY LIMITED, AJMER.

Intending Assurers are invited to compare rates and conditions of this most flourishing and up-to-date INDIAN INSURANCE Co. with any other in Field.

Funds exceed Rs. 12,00,000/-.
LIBERAL BONUS DECLARED.
GUARANTEED TRIPLE BENEFIT POLICIES A SPECIALITY.
combining the advantages of Whole Life and Endowment Assurances.
Apply for New Explanatory Leaflet to ——.
(1) S. R. SARDESAI.
Opp. Majestic Cinema, Girgaum, Bombay.
(2) L. V. RAMDURG, Hubli.
(3) B. S. VAIDYA, Baroda.
(4) P. D. BHARGAVA, Esq., F.S.S. (Lond Manager Head Office, AJMER.
NOTE:—Wanted AGENTS on Liberal Commission

"FACTS ARE STUBBORN THINGS."

You have a duty to your Dependents. PROTECT THEM by a LIFE POLICY with the

BOMBAY LIFE ASSURANCE CO. LTD.

(Established 1908.)
87, Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

CLASSIFIED ADVTS.

Readers' Private Short Advertisements are inserted in these columns at the following rates:—

FIRST 20 WORDS ONE RUPEE

Every additional word—ONE ANNA.

CASH MUST ACCOMPANY ORDER.

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words, Apply Box No..... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle," to be paid for.

Replies to advertisements cannot be forwarded, but can be obtained at the office on production of the voucher.

Answers to advertisements should be addressed as follows:—Box Number..... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements, are destroyed after one month.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—AGENTS everywhere to push the sale of our fashionable Coatings, Shirtings, Bedsheets, etc., on liberal remuneration. For terms, apply to West Coast Weaving Establishment, Cannanore, (Malabar).
A R1124

WANTED—An Experienced and competent WEAVING MASTER and HEAD CLERK and ACCOUNTANT for an up country Mill. Apply Box No. 779, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A 23298

WANTED—MOFUSSIL AGENTS for the sale of the "Bombay Chronicle". Apply for revised terms of agency to the MANAGER, "Bombay Chronicle", 143, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.
A

WANTED for S. K. High School, Lunawada 2 experienced graduates, one as Head Master salary Rs. 125-5-200, and the other as 2nd assistant salary Rs. 60-3-90. Graduates of science or of mathematics with Persian as 2nd language will be preferred. Apply sharp with testimonials stating previous experience to:—DEWAN LUNAWADA STATE.
A 23296

WANTED—A HINDU LADY GRADUATE for the Maharani Burdwan Girls' High School, Lahore, Apply at once with testimonials, stating qualifications, previous experience, and minimum salary acceptable to GOPAL CHAND, B. A., LL. B. Vakil High Court, Lahore.
A 23286.

HOUSES & FLATS TO LET

TO BE LET—Top floor above Metropolitan Vickers Electrical Company at Murzban Road, Fort, for office and residence area of rooms 3050 square feet. Apply NOOROODIN SHAIKH ADAM, Nagdevi Street.
C R1142

TO LET—For Hindu families, first and third floors of a well-lighted, airy BUILDING at Kennedy Bridge, Girgaum. Inquire downstairs, in liquor shop.
C R1152

PROFESSION.

CONSULT me for all problems regarding FORTUNES. N. PURUSHOTTAM, Fortune Reader and Evil Counteracter, Kothari Mansion, opp. General Post Office, Fort, Bombay. Interviews and correspondence confidential.

FREE TREATMENT FOR LEPROSY
(Under Special Diet).

FREE SAMPLE PACKETS OF THE INfallible remedy for Leucoderma or White Leprosy to prove its efficacy and to show that the disease is not incurable as supposed. It never fails. The sample packet will be enough to produce wonders in only one inch spot. Write for it at once, per V.P.P. for As. 6 to meet the cost of its transmission. Details of infallible remedies for Constipation, Dyspepsia, etc., etc. PANDIT KRIPARAM (Specialist in Leprosy,) 8, Nandibagan Lane, Salkhia, (Howrah).
N.B.—"Leprosy and its Treatment", a guide to cure Leprosy. Price Rs. 2, postage As. 5 extra.

MOTOR AND ACCESSORIES.

FOR SALE—A very roomy, seven seater, "OLDSMOBILE" car in perfect running order recently overhauled and painted in grey Valspar colour. Can be seen at Messrs. HEMINGWAY AND GARTH, Lal Chimney, Jetha Street, Off Lamington Road.
J A R1126

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS

FOR SALE.—PATHEPHONE. TABLE GRAND in Mahogany, playing all makes of Records, with sixty Double Records, all instrumental Bands, Hawaiian, etc., cost 700. Selling Rupees 450. KAIKHUSHRU MULLAN, Crown Building, Top Floor near Goods Yard, Grant Road Station.
T R1142

AGENTS AND DEALERS WANTED everywhere for our most attractive Metal Toys painted in beautiful colours. Sample Box Rs. 3. Sample Outfit containing about 250 Toys Rs. 30. (Postage or freight included). Illustrated Catalogue for four annas in stamps. Write to:—THE INDUSTRIAL WORKS, Somerset Street Camp KARACHI.
T R1136

EDUCATIONAL.

ALEXANDRA COLLEGE OF COMMERCE —Students enrolled daily during vacation for Corporation of Accounts, L. C. C. and other exams. of 1926. New term begins from 6th June. Fees moderate. Prospectus from PRINCIPAL, Bhesania Building, 172, Hornby Road
M R1151

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

TYPEWRITERS—Remington 7 Rs. 60, 8 Rs. 70, Empire 1 Rs. 75, Yost 20 Rs. 95, Oliver 3 Rs. 60, 5, Rs. 95. 9 Rs. 120, Remingtons Nos. 10 & 11 Rs. 95 to 215. Remington Factory Rebuilts as new at second-hand prices. Guaranteed Repairs to all makes. STANDARD TYPEWRITER COMPANY, Hornby Road, opposite Petit Institute, Fort, Bombay.
N

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE—New Yost No. 20, Foolscap or Brief Size, Rs. 200; Oliver 3, Rs. 60, Brief 70, Empire 1, Rs. 75. Remington 10, Rs. 125 to 200, Brief Rs. 140 to 200; Gujerati Rem. 120, Mahrati 125, Visible, Rs. 190; Corona 3, Rs. 85 to 125, Rem. Portable, Rs. 145; Corona, Improved, New, 195, Corona Four, Rs. 225; NICOLLS & COMPANY, Typewriter Experts, opposite Petit Institute, Hornby Road, Bombay. Telephone No. 21223.
N ws

GLOBE'S TYPEWRITER BARGAINS:—

	Rs.
Corona latest Improved Model, New	195
Corona Four (Four-bank Keyboard), New	225
Remington Portable, New	234
Fox Portable (Shop-soiled)	125
Senta Portable (German), New	150
Underwood 5 Rs. 100, Remington 10 from	100
Empire No. 1 with Back spacer (Fine)	100
L. C. Smith Brief Size Rs. 85, Hammond Multi	85

Rebuilt Typewriters: Remington 10 and 11 and Oliver 9 and 11. Exceptionally low prices. Ribbons Carbon Papers. Repairs to All Makes.
THE GLOBE TYPEWRITING CO., 24, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.
T S

PHOTOGRAPHY.

PHOTOGRAPHS.

Photographs of general interest are invited from readers, from all parts of India for publication in "The Chronicle." Preference will be given to topical photographs on subjects of political, general, engineering, scientific or other interest. Accepted photographs will be paid for on publication, at usual rates.

The Editor undertakes no responsibility for the return of unaccepted photographs, but every endeavour will be made to return rejected photographs, accompanied by stamped addressed envelop.

All protographs must be sent to the

EDITOR
"Bombay Chronicle.
[illegible] St Fort Bombay

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per Nippon Yusen Kaisha's S.S. "HAKATA MARU" are hereby informed of the steamer's arrival on the 14th May, 1925, from Japan via Hongkong, Singapore and Colombo and requested to send in their Bills of Lading to this Office for counter-signature without delay. No survey will be held on cargo damaged or in doubtful condition unless a written application for such survey is received by the undersigned within seven days from the date of discharge. Capt. J. C. Richards of Messrs. Ericson and Richards, Company's Surveyors, will be attending Docks every morning to survey damages. Cargo removed from the Landing Shed or warehoused is not entitled to the survey. No survey will be held on bag Cargo in single gunnies. The Bills for CLAIMS are to be sent into this Office within one month from the date of steamer's arrival otherwise they will not be entertained.
MANAGER,
Nippon Yusen Kaisha,

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCEMENTS, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion	... Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	... Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	... Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	... Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittance in advance, and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified short advertisement column.

NOTICE TO SANITARY CONTRACTORS

MENIAL QUARTERS—GORDHANDAS MEDICAL COLLEGE, PAREL.

UNDER instructions from the Municipal Commissioner and subject to the Corporation's sanction, the undersigned is prepared to receive sealed tenders for the drainage, sanitary, etc., works of the above building on or before 12 noon of 22nd May 1925.

The Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

G. WITTET, F.R.I.B.A.,
Director.
Tata Engineering Co. Ltd.
Bombay House,
Bombay. C23289

THE GOCULDAS TEJPAL BOARDING SCHOOL AND LAW AND MEDICAL FUND

APPLICATIONS WILL BE ACCEPTED TILL 5TH JUNE, 1925.

VACANCIES of Free, Half-free and Paying Boarders shall be filled up in June next from high caste Hindu Students, desirous of prosecuting their studies for Arts, Science and Commerce degrees.

(a) FREE BOARDERS:—According to the vacancies available, free boarders will be elected, who will be provided with board, lodging, clothes, books, College and University fees, free.

(b) HALF-FREE BOARDERS:—A certain number will be kept as half-free boarders, who will pay in advance Rs. 125 per term in return for which they will be provided, similarly as Free Boarders.

(c) PAYING BOARDERS:—Paying Boarders are provided with only board and lodging on payment of Rs. 150 per term. In respect of these boarders, the first term runs from 15th June, and the second term begins on 10th November, and ends on 15th April.

LAW and MEDICAL FUND:—A certain number of scholarships will be awarded to Hindu students, studying for Law and Medicine, preference being given to Bhatia students.

For printed forms of applications and of Rules and Regulations, apply (enclosing one anna postal stamp) to the SECRETARY, G. T. Charities, 162, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.
23271

FOR SALE

A Very Large BUNGALOW at Bangalore in a prominent locality, with extensive grounds, recently rebuilt on Freehold Land, containing Hall, Dining Room, Six Bed rooms with attached baths, with ample accommodation for servants. Coach house, garage, etc. To be sold for a very moderate price. For particulars apply to
N. D. PATEL, B.A., L.C.E.
Architect, Etc.,
33, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.
C23287

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

NOTICE.

WANTED.—A CASHIER to undertake on contract the treasury business of the Karachi General Post Office and the Hyderabad Sind and Sukkur Head Post Offices in return for a fixed monthly subsidy and for a period of five years.

Details of work to be done and any information on the subject can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

The contractor will be required to furnish security for Rs. 60,000 preferably in cash or Government paper and to enter into a formal agreement.

Tenders should be sent in sealed envelopes and addressed to the undersigned by name clearly marked.—Application for the post of Cashier of the Karachi General Post Office and the Hyderabad Sind and Sukkur Head Post Offices on the outside and must reach him on or before the 5th June, 1925.

Each application must be accompanied by earnest money of Rs. 300 in Government Securities which will be returned in case of unsuccessful applicants.

The Director General of Posts and Telegraphs does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

M. N. CRAWFORD.
Deputy Post Master General,
Sind and Baluchistan Circle,
KARACHI.
23288

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

I, the undersigned KARSONDAS JIVRAJ, hereby notify to the public that during my minority which ended in Magsar, 1981, Samvat year, certain business was carried on in my name as well as under the name and style of Karsondas Jivraj and Co. by persons with whom I was not a partner. I therefore declare that I have nothing to do whatsoever with the said business and if at any time any claim is alleged in respect of such transactions with which I was not concerned I hereby repudiate my liability thereto.

Bombay, Dated this 13th day of May, 1925.
KARSHANDAS JIVRAJ.
C C23284

WARNING

TO MEMBERS OF THE BOMBAY ARCHITECTURAL ASSOCIATION

(Allied to the Royal Institute of British Architects).

COMPETITION FOR A PALACE AT INDORE.

AS there are several conditions of the Competition as advertised in the Press of 11-5-25 which are not satisfactory and as the Practice Sub-Committee of the Association are now in communication with the Promoters with a view to getting these conditions satisfactorily modified, Members are warned to refrain from entering for the Competition unless advised by a subsequent notification.

By order of the Managing Committee,
BOMBAY ARCHITECTURAL ASSOCIATION.
Bombay, 14th May 1925.
C23292

SHA HURGOWAN ANANDJI DESAI'S FREE BOARDING INSTITUTION.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from High Caste Hindu Students, who have passed School Leaving Examination or its equivalent or having passed Arts, Science, Commerce, Technical and such other Examinations desire to prosecute their studies but cannot do so owing to want of means.

Printed forms of application can be had or sending one anna postage or applying personally.

Applications will be accepted till 3rd June, 1925.

MANILAL K. DESAI, B.A., LL.B.
Secretary.
Sha Hurgowan Anandji Desai's,
Charities Trust Office,
Buasker Lane, Bombay No. 2.
C23283

TENDERS.

NOTICE OF SALE OF WASTES

SEALED TENDERS, accompanied with a deposit of Rs. 1,000, are invited on the Company's tender form for the purchase of Wastes, both ready stock as well as probable outturn, from the 1st April, 1925 to 31st March, 1926, produced at the Sholapoor S. and W. Co. Ltd., Sholapur, and will be received at the Company's Office at the undermentioned address till the 15th proximo. For tender forms, samples and any information that may be desired please see the undersigned.

MORARJEE GOCULDAS & CO.,
Agents.
The Sholapoor S. and W. Co., Ltd.
29th April, 1925,
Sudama House, Sprott Road,
Ballard Estate, Bombay.
C23145

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of PURSHOTTAM ARJUN KHIMJEE, late of Bombay, Lohana Hindu Inhabitant, who lived on property. ..... Deceased.

SOONDERBAI, widow of the deceased of Bombay Hindu inhabitant, residing at Vadgadi, Mandvi, without the Fort, the Executrix named in the Will of the deceased. ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid this Thirtieth day of April in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and twenty-five, and in the Fifteenth year of our Reign.

(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI
Registrar.
E. J. DAVER.

The 30th day of April, 1925.
Messrs. TYABJI DAYABHAI & CO.
Petitioner's Attorneys.
C23291

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1324 of 1922.
TAHIRA MOHSIN TYABJI. ..... Plaintiff.
Vs.
IBRAHIMKHAN KARIMKHAN, Defendant.

PURSUANT to the Decree Absolute for sale made in the above Suit and bearing date the 16th day of January, 1924, and the Judge's Order, dated 6th May, 1925, the following immoveable property will be sold by Public Auction under the directions of the Commissioner of this Honourable Court on the premises at Matheran on SATURDAY, the 23rd day of May, 1925, at the hour of 4-30 O'clock in the afternoon (Standard Time).

PARTICULARS.

All that piece or parcel of Leasehold land or ground together with the messuage hereditaments and premises standing thereon situated at Matheran in the District of Kolaba in the Registration Sub-district of Karjat, containing by admeasurement three Acres and nineteen Gunthas be the same a little more or less and described and particularly denoted as No. 102 in a certain map or plan deposited with the Collector of Kolaba and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by Kahragat Road, on or towards the West by Matheran Road on or towards the South by the property of Ratanbai Kapadia and on or towards the North by the property of Mancherji Banaji.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. Tyabji Dayabhai & Co., Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed at E-mail Building Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

Dated the 15th day of May, 1925.
(Sd.) R. B. PATEL.
Ag. Commissioner.
C23290

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that PARVATIBAI wife of Dayaram Narsing and NANDKUVERBAI, wife of Harishanker Dayaram, have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. Any person having any claim or interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Gresham Buildings, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, and to the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece of land or ground of Quit and Ground Rent Tenure situate at Bomanji Lane, Fort, in Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 42.63 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 415 and 418, New No. 5442 and 5447, Old Survey Nos. 1226 and 1225 and New Survey Nos. 9122 and 9123 together with the dwelling house and all buildings standing thereon and bounded, on the East by the property of Ratanbai Fazal Ali on the West by the property of Ranchod Naranji, on the North by Bomanji Lane and on the South partly by Sweeper's Passage and partly by the property of Manekbai widow of Dhanjibhai Kikabhai and which premises are assessed under A Ward Nos. 2391-92 and Street No. 23.

Dated this 14th day of May, 1925.
MULLA & MULLA,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
C23293

WONDERFUL DELINEATION WITH AMAZING ACCURACY.

Professor PANDIT MOTILAL, F.B.I.M.S (London), Scientific Astrologer and Palmist Secretary, British Institute of Mental Science (Incorporated by Act of Parliament) Central India Branch Mhow, C.I. Examines Horoscopes, undertakes all Astrological works, delineates Palms, Questions answered. Advice on health, business, betterment, Marriage, Friends, Courtship etc., at reasonable fees. Charges for one year in detail Rs. 3. Brief reading of your life Rs. 5. Full character reading Re. 1. Send time date month and year of birth or time of writing letter to above address. Trial solicited. Testimonials [illegible] Civil and Military officers

SHAIKH ELLAHIBUKSH & SONS,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL MERCHANTS.
PRACTICAL TAILORS & OUTFITTERS.
HAT REPAIRING A SPECIALITY.
JER MAHAL, DHOBI TALAO,
Opp. Wellington Cinema.
BOMBAY.

KUSUMA
A boon to sufferers from Gonorrhea. Magically stops burning and pricking sensation and discharges of all nature in 24 hours. Complete cure in a week. Also a kingly specific for Ladies suffering from Leucorrhœa and menstrual disorders. Per Phial Rs. 2, V. P. Charges Extra.
ANANDA KUTEERAM,
POST BOX No. 246, MADRAS

AUCTION SALES.

BENNETT & CO.
120, Apollo Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE TO-DAY SATURDAY, THE 16TH INSTANT AT 3 P.M. (S.T.)

To-day SATURDAY, the 16th instant at 3 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT & CO., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Byculla at the Corner of Rebsch Street (near Lal Chimney) valuable house-hold furniture, rich glass, crockery and plated ware, sliding dining table, arm and without arm chairs, sideboard and dumb waiters, drawing room chesterfield sofas and easy chairs, drawing room suite of sofas and chairs, fancy cabinets, table ornaments large double brass bedsteads, iron single bedsteads, mirror almyrahs, dressing chest of drawers, dressing and wash hand tables, cloth and gown presses, one sweet tone full iron frame Piano (by Knake) writing bureau with writing desks, begeile table, large and small writing tables, glass door book cases, tea-poys, oil painting and water coloures in frames, meat safes on stands, filter on stand, ice box, aluminium utensils, etc., etc.

The property of a European gentleman.

AUCTION SALE OF PEARL GOLD AND SILVER ORNAMENTS.

Under instructions from N. H. Moos, Esq., Manager of Naranjee Waghjee, a lunatic, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will to-day SATURDAY, the 16th inst. sell by Public Auction at their rooms at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) a lot of jewellery such as gold bangles, necklaces, packets of loose pearls, silver-ornaments, gold and silver wristwatches, etc., etc.

A Deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE ON THURSDAY, THE 21ST MAY, AT 2-30 P.M. (S. T.)

On THURSDAY, the 21st instant at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Hornby Road, Fort, "Hatia" Building, next to Sir J. J. School, very valuable and handsome household furniture of the latest design, large and small dining table, arm and without arm chairs, fancy sideboards, and dinner wagons, carpets, ice boxes, glass, crockery and platedware, drawing room Chesterfield, suites, drawing room suites of sofas and chairs, fancy cabinets, ornaments, revolving top writing tables, book and silver show cases, small and large writing tables, revolving book stands, reclining sofas, easy chairs, corner cabinets, single and double bedsteads, mirror almyrahs, dressing chest of drawers, cloth and gown presses, tea-poys, easy chairs, etc., etc. Catalogues will be published and the property on view 4 days before the sale.

TO-DAY, (SATURDAY, the 16th May at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction at their rooms the quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

By order of the Bank concerned.
1 case containing Stock and Dies (3 sets without pipe cutter and with extra dies).

By order of the office concerned.
2 Drums chloramine Brilliant (Red 8 B—each 112 lbs. nett).

AT 2-30 P.M. (S. T.)

1 secondhand rubber-tyred victoria.
1 secondhand rubber-tyred vis-a-vis.
1 secondhand rubber-tyred brougham.
1 secondhand rubber-tyred office shigram.
1 Bay Arab horse in harness.
1 Waler horse in harness.

SALE TO-MORROW SUNDAY, THE 17TH MAY, AT 10-30 A.M. (S.T.)
BONA-FIDE SALE.
AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE MADE TO ORDER HOUSE-HOLD FURNITURE BY BENJAMIN RICH GLASS AND CROCKERY AND PLATEDWARE, ETC.

To-morrow, Sunday, the 17th May 1925 at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Harkness Road, Malabar Hill, very valuable and handsome made to order household furniture by Benjamin and other well-known make consisting of rich glass and crockeryware, best platedware, sliding dining table, arm and without arm chairs, large made to order sideboards and dumb waiters, large and small carpets and carpet rugs, teak-wood mirror fronted screens, beaded door chicks, half doors, double meat safe, English ice box, wall and table clocks, drawing room suite of sofas and chairs, reclining sofas, glass door book cases, silver show cases, large and small writing tables, office chairs, teak-wood bedstead with mattress, rich mirror and panel door almyrahs, Milner's safe on stand, cane chairs, and tea-poys, bent-wood chairs, dressing table with side mirror wings, dressing chest of drawers, clothes and gown presses, meat safe, copper water boiler, large iron stove with chimney, iron charpoys, garden benches, copper and aluminium utensils, marble bust with stand, hat stands, etc., etc. The property of Miss B. S. Patel.

Catalogues are published and the property on view.

BENNETT & CO.

MENESSE & CO.
GREAT WESTERN BUILDING APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF 72 BALES WOOLLEN WEFT LOHIES (SHAWLS).

Messrs. MENESSE AND CO., will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 25th May, 1925, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) at Messrs. Shantilal Hurjiwan's shop Mooljee Jetha Market Govind Chawk by order of Messrs. Sir. Shapurjee Bharucha Mills Ld. and on account and at the risk of Mr. Ramdutt Shrigopal the following goods:—

72 Bales Woollen Weft Lohies (Shawls).

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required on the lot being knocked down.

MENESSE & CO.,

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra
on 11 April, 2017

AUCTION SALES.

GANDHI & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Agents.
No. 72, Meadows Street, Fort
Telephone No. 24927.

SALE THIS DAY AT 4-30 P.M. (S.T.)

AUCTION SALE OF A VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY SITUATE AT KHETWADI BACK ROAD AND FALKLAND ROAD SECOND CROSS LANE WITHOUT THE FORT OF BOMBAY.

Messrs. GANDHI and Co., Auctioneers will under instructions from the Transferees of Mortgages Shivram Dalayya and another and on account and at the risk of Esufally Mahomedally, in pursuance of the power of sale contained in the Transfer of Mortgage dated 31st March 1924 made between Bai Shivkuverbai widow and administratrix of the property and credits of Ambalal Bhaiseth Shroff of the one part, Esufally Mahomedally of the second part and Shivram Dalayya and Shamabai his wife of the third part and another Transfer of Mortgage dated 31st, March 1924 made between Gulam Hussein Baxubhai of the one part, Esufally Mahomedally of the second part and Shivram Dalayya and his wife Shamabai of the third part sell by Public Auction the undermentioned Immoveable Property on SATURDAY, the 16th May 1925 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises.

SCHEDULE.

All that piece or parcel of Leasehold land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being at Khetwadi Back Road and Falkland Road second Cross Lane outside the Fort and in the registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement according to the lease 55-1/2 square yards but by actual measurement 85 square yards or thereabouts registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 3524 and Cadastral Survey No. 876 of Girgaum Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward No. 2104 Street No. 4 and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East by the Stable formerly of Haji Osman and now of Omar Jamal on or towards the West by Falkland Road Second Cross Lane on or towards the North by the Cowshed of Jeewanbai Sherkhan and on or towards the South by the house formerly of Manglabai daughter of Harivallabhdas and now of Shivdas Nagindas and which said premises are now in the occupation of the Mortgagor's tenants.

For further particulars and conditions of sale please apply to Messrs. Pathare and Co., Attorneys for the Transferees of Mortgages at their office at Tamarind Lane, Fort, or to the undersigned

BEST OPPORTUNITY TO BUY IMMOVEABLE PROPERTIES SITUATED IN A BUSINESS LOCALITY.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTIES SITUATE AT TELWADY NEAR VITHALWADY WITHOUT THE FORT OF BOMBAY.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers, will, by order and under instructions from Messrs. Thakoredas and Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of Keshavlal Kalidas the Mortgagor and in exercise of the power of sale contained in the Indenture of Mortgage dated the 25th day of January, 1924, and Deed of further charge, dated 10th day of September, 1924, and made between the said Keshavlal Kalidas of the one part and the Mortgagees of the other part sell by public auction the undermentioned Immoveable Property on Friday, the 5th day of June, 1925, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), on the premises.

PARTICULARS.

FIRSTLY.—All that piece or parcel of freehold land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being at Telwadi in Vithalwadi in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 72-4/9 Square Yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 638 New No. D/2961 Old Survey No. 188 and New Survey No. 6/1462 Cadestral Survey No. 1533 Bhuleshwar Division and assessed by the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward C. No. 1705 Street No. 34 and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East by a passage and beyond that by the property secondly hereinafter described on or towards the West by the property of Pooribai on or towards the South by a shed belonging to Manji Kesharji and on or towards the North by a passage and beyond that by the property of Motichand Javerchand and which said premises are in the occupation of the tenants of the Vendor.

SECONDLY.—All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground with the messuage tenement or dwelling house or hereditaments and premises standing thereon situate at Telwady Street in Vithalwadi in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and containing by admeasurement 68 Square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 638 New No. D/2961 Old Survey No. 188 and New Survey No. 6/1462 Cadestral Survey No. 1334 Bhuleshwar Division and assessed by the Assessor of Municipal rates and taxes under C Ward No. 1707 Street No. 36 and fronting towards the public passage and bounded as follows that is to say on the East partly by the Public passage and partly by the property of Atmaram Manek and others on or towards the West by the property firstly above described on or towards the North by the property of Dhanodar Anandji on or towards the South by the property of Atmaram Manekji and which said premises are in the occupation of the Vendor and his tenants

GANDHI & CO.,
Auctioneers.

AMUSEMENTS.

IMPERIAL

presents
TO-NIGHT AND THIS WEEK
KOHINOOR FILM CO.'S
Super Jewel production
"INDRA-SABHA"
(in 8 enchanting reels)
featuring
Miss SULTANA, ZUBEDA and other known stars.
Daily four shows:—at 5, 7, 9, & 11 p. m.
EXTRA SHOWS:—
On Sat: Sunday, Xmas and Holiday at 3 P. M

AMUSEMENTS.

PATHE-CINEMA
ROYAL·OPERA·HOUSE
THE FINEST THEATRE IN THE EAST.

TO-NIGHT AT 6, 8 and 10
MATINEE TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW AT 4 P. M.
LOVE? FAME? FORTUNE?
ADVENTURE? CAREER? CHILDREN?
These are her heart Questions
What should the girl do?
SEE
SHOULD SHE MARRY A RANCHER,
A SOCIETY REPORTER OR A SCIENTIST?
STARRING
EDNA MURPHY
"HIS FIRST HONEYMOON"
FEATURING
MONTY BANKS
PATHE GAZETTE.
POPULAR PRICES.

GLOBE CINEMA
SANDHURST ROAD
5-30, 7, 8-45 & 10-30 P.M. DAILY.
Saturday, Sunday & B'k Holidays at 3-30 P.M.
Prices:—Rs. 2, Re. 1, As. 12, As. 8, As. 4 and As. 3 Including Tax.
WILLIAM FOX SERIAL OF 1925.
FIRST WEEK. FIRST 3 EPISODES.
A thrilling American detective serial made with all the lavishness and beauty of modern motion picture art.
20 EPISODES "FANTOMAS" "FANTOMAS" 40 REELS
featuring
Big Broadway cast:—Edna Murphy, Johnnie Walker, Eve Balfour and Edward Roseman in the principal roles. The daring, mystifying kidnapping of Harrington "On the Stroke of 9," as the police, Ruth and Jack keep guard.
THE PLUCK OF RUTH IN SAVING JACK.
THE ESCAPE AND THE RECAPTURE.
RUTH'S OFFER OF $1,00,000 REWARD FOR FANTOMAS'S CAPTURE.
Don't miss this thrilling serial.
PROGRAMME INCLUDES 2 REELS COMEDY
"BEHIND THE SCREEN"
FEATURING CHARLIE CHAPLIN
BOOK YOUR SEATS IN ADVANCE.

WEST-END
TO-NIGHT—THIS WEEK!
UNIVERSAL—ATTRACTION
DRAMA
"KISSED"
The story of a Girl who wanted Romance, and got it at a tornado speed! Featuring the irresistibly pretty and bewitching
MARIE PREVOST
Some one at a masked ball kissed her most romantically! She resolved to marry the audacious man who had kissed her! But there were three young men wearing the same kind of domino as was worn by the man who had kissed her! Who of them was her romantic hero? See how she tried to find that out.
"KISSED"
The programme includes a 2-Reel Century Comedy.
BROADWAY BEAUTIES,
Horse delivered at your door by parcel Post !!! just write the name and address on the back of the box and affix a postage stamp—that's all. The horse is delivered at your door by the postman!
Also the International News:
Mountaneous waves and floods in America—American Admiral on the Japanese fleet—
84 YEARS OLD WOMAN AS A FILM STAR
and that too a vamp! Lion playing jazz—icebound river and the steam cutter—Palestine, the rebirth of a Nation!
To-Night: 3-30; 5-30; 7; 8-45 & 10-30 p.m. (S.T.)
WEST-END
CINEMA—NEW CHURNEY ROAD.

WELLINGTON
TO-NIGHT—THIS WEEK!
A UNIVERSAL PICTURE
"THE MEASURE OF A MAN"
5 parts—4945 feet—featuring the popular Star.
WILLIAM DESMOND
Supported by an all-Star cast, including
FRANCIS FORD
MARIN SAIS
Broadway lost its Gilded Fool, but the Great Woods found its Man.
"THE MEASURE OF A MAN"
A Cinema treat for those who like plenty of good, clean romance, and rapid fire action.
LIFE AND LOVE UNDER THE SINGING PINES!
WILLIAM DESMOND
The jeering lumberjacks learned to fear his Flying Fists.
The Programme includes the
INTERNATIONAL NEWS
and a 2-Reel uproarious Comedy, featuring
JACK DEMPSEY
the heavy-weight Champion of the World.
To-Night: 3-30; 5-15; 7; 8-45 and 10-30 p. m. (S. T.)
WELLINGTON
CINEMA—DHOBI TALAO.

AMUSEMENTS.

MATINEE MATINEE
TO-DAY AT 5 P. M.
HARMSTON'S CIRCUS
TO-NIGHT at 9-30 p.m. TO-NIGHT
AGAIN NEW PROGRAMME
THE GREATEST SHOW ON EARTH
Don't forget we hold Matinees on Weds. Sats. & Suns. at 5 p.m. Sharp.
Location: NEAR COLABA TRAM DEPOT.
ING CARNIVAL GROUND, COLABA CAUSEWAY.
BOOKING AT S. ROSE & CO. RAMPART ROW, FORT, BOMBAY.
W. HARMSTON—*Sole Proprietor.*

Stay only for TWO WEEKS.
Under Kind Patronage of
H. H. THE MAHARAJA TUKOJIRAO HOLKAR OF INDORE.
YESHWANT SANGIT MANDALI
at GRANT ROAD, BOMBAY THEATRE
On SATURDAY, 16th May, 1925 at 9 p. m. (S. T.)
and
On SUNDAY 17th May, 1925 at 3-30 p. m. (S. T.)
SAUBHAGYA LUXMI.
Prof. Shanker Rao Sarnaik, Director. Shripadrao Sadashiv, Agent.

A REAL ROMANCE
Foreign Subject—Style—Settings—Dresses—everything
TO PERFECTION.
By
KRISHNA FILMS
Presenting
JAL-KUMARI
or
HOOR-AL-BAHAR
Commencing from Saturday 16th May.
at
CINEMA MAJESTIC
GIRGAUM.
Compare this with other such subjects and you will say
—PERFECT
Saturday, Sunday, Holiday begin at 3 P.M
Weekdays at 5 P.M.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

May 15.

Hakata Maru, Matsushita, Kobe.
Mistry Law, Wright, Delagoa Bay.
Axenfels, Heipers, Hamburg.
Delta, Suddell, Aden.
Lahore, Northcote, Kobe.
Mirror, Gibson, Suez.

DEPARTURES.

May 16.

Vasna, Fitzherbert, Busreh.
Razmak, Miller, Aden.

LOADING.

May 15.

Steamer Varsova for Persian Gulf.
Steamer Delta for China and Japan.
Steamer Sultania for Persian Gulf.
Steamer Sumatra Maru for Kobe.
Steamer Lahore for Kobe.

S. S. Hakata Maru:—The N Y K steamer Hakata Maru, 3752 tons, Captain G. Matsushita, arrived in harbour yesterday from Kobe, with a general cargo.

S. S. Axenfels:—The Hansa Line steamer Axenfels, 3304 tons, Captain Heipers arrived in harbour yesterday from Hamburg, with a general cargo.

S S Delta:—The P & O S N Co's English mail steamer Delta, 4758 tons, Captain F Suddell, arrived in harbour yesterday from Aden, with the outward mails of the 30th ultimo a general cargo and 130 passengers.

S S Lahore:—The P and O S N Co's steamer Lahore, 5552 tons, Captain H Northcote, arrived in harbour yesterday from Kobe with a general cargo.

S S Vasna:—The B I S N Co's steamer Vasna, 2043 tons, Captain D C Fitzherbert, will sail to-day from harbour for Busreh, with a general cargo and passengers.

S S Razmak:—The P and O S N Co's English mail steamer Razmak, 4937 tons, Captain E C Miller, will sail to-day from Ballard Pier Station at (1 p.m.) for Aden, with the homeward mails, a general cargo and passengers.

VESSELS IN BOMBAY DOCKS.

FRIDAY, May 15.
ALEXANDRA DOCK.
2 China 4173 London 23/5 P & O & Co.
3 Mundra 4461 N F N F M M & Co.
4 Treverbyn 3248 U K'dom N F M M & Co.
5 Lanterfels 3849 K'chi 18/5 L Edwards Ld
6 Shahristan 2844 Dunkirk N F M M & Co.
8 Gazana 3191 K'chi 19/5 M M & Co.
9 Raven Glenconner 1844 Calcutta NF, Bird & Co.
10 City of York 5033 Liverpool 20/5 K Nixon & Co.
12 C/o Evansville 4159 N F 18/5 K N Co.
13 Ol. Ross 3757 Dunkirk, 15/5 Grahams Tdg. Co. Ltd.
15 Registan 2615 Hause 17/5 M M & Co.
16 Cl. Stuart 3639 Alleppy 17/5 J Finlay & Co.
17 Werdenfels 3852 Hall, 10/5 L Edward Ld.
VICTORIA DOCK.
Sumatra Maru 4272 Tuticorim 2/5 O Kaisha.
2 Chindsura 3307 NF, NF, M M and Co.
5 Borneo Maru, 4264 Kobe 15/5 O S Kaisha.
6 Ormara 2978 Kchi NF,
8 Tarantia 3207 L'pool 19/5 Graham Trading Co.
10/11 Oost Cappelle 333 M'Coast 16/5 M S N Co.
14 Chakla 1727 Basra 20/5.
15 Jehangir 2157 Red Sea Ports 16/5 T Morrison & Co.
PRINCE'S DOCK.
A Nagpore 3226 Japan 4/6 M M & Co.
B Trieste 3325 N F 15/5 L T & M Italiana S N Co.
D & E Barjora 1908 Colombo 24/5 M M and Co.
K Sirsa 3387 N F N F M M & Co.
L/M Tannenfels 1745 N F L Edwards Ltd.
N Barjora 1908 Colombo 24/5 M M & Co.
O Jamnagar 178 Jamnagar 15/5 L Narayanji

LIST OF STEAMERS EXPECTED IN BOMBAY.

BRITISH MAIL STEAMERS.
Narkunda due about 22nd May, Agent P & O S N Co.
Maloja due about 29th May, Agent P & O S N Co.
FROM LONDON.
Gazana due about 13th May, Agent M M & Co.
Mandaa due about 18th May, Agent M M & Co.
Durenda due about 1st June, Agent M M & Co.
Domala due about 15th June, Agent M M & Co.
Nerbudda due about 29th June, Agent M M & Co.
FROM LIVERPOOL.
City of Harvard due about 17th May Agent K N Co.
Scindia due about 24th May, Agent Graham T Co.
Massilia due about 7th June, Agent Graham T Co.
Elysia due about 22nd June, Agent Graham T Co.
Circassia due about 6th July, Agent Graham T Co.
Clan Macilwraith due about 18th May, Agent J F Co.
City of Evansville due about 13th May, Agent K N Co.
City of Baroda due about 14th June, Agent K N Co.
City of Venice due about 9th July, Agent K N Co.
City of Cairo due about 16th July, Agent K N Co.
Olympia due about 22nd July, Graham T Co.
Clan Macindoe due about 8th June, Agent J F C
FROM GOTHENBURG.
Vanstra due about 25th May, Agent G T Co.
FROM HAMBURG
Reichenfels due about 30th May, Agent L Edward Co.
Neidenfels due about 27th May, Agent L Edward & Co.
FROM HULL.
Othello due about 19th May, Agent J F C
FROM ROTTERDAM.
Ridderkirk due about 23rd May, Agent E D Sassoon Co.
Konderkirk due about 20th June, Agent E D Sassoon & Co.
FROM TRIESTE.
Pilena due about 18th May, Agent L T Co.
Tevere due about 18th June, Agent L T Co.
FROM GENOA.
Nazareno due about 22nd May, Agent M Italiana.
Gange due about 15th May, Agent M Italiana.
FROM NEW YORK.
City of Lincoln due about 17th May Agent F F Campbell Co.
City of Benares due [illegible]
F F Campbell Co.
Egremant due about [illegible]
Volkert Bros.
Kumeric due about 19th June, Agent Campbell & Co.
Kosino due about 23rd June, Agent Campbell & Co.
City of Adelside due about 18th July, Agent F F Campbell & Co.
Kasenga due about 31st July, Agent F F Campbell & Co.
City of Auckland due about 17th August, Agent F F Campbell & Co.
FROM KOBE.
Tamba Maru due about 19th May, Agent N Y Kaisha.
Bingo Maru due about 24th May, Agent O S Kaisha.
Indus Maru due about 26th May, Agent O S Kaisha.
Tokushima Maru due about 29th May, Agent N Y Kaisha.
Koyei Maru due about 30th May, Agent O S Kaisha.
Rangoon Maru due about 5th June, Agent N Y Kaisha.
Ceylon Maru due about 19th June, Agent N Y Kaisha.
FROM CHINA.
Sardinia due about 21st May, Agent P & O S N Co.
Alipore due about 1st June Agent P & O S N Co.
FROM DURBAN.
Karagola due about 16th May, Agent M M and Co.

EXPORTS.

May 15.

S S Shakristan for Dunkirk:—672 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 385 bales cotton, T M Kaish Ltd; 770 bales cotton, Vardhaman Bros. Ltd; 4000 cwt ground nuts, Volkart Bros.

S S Chulnleigh for Dunkirk:—220 bales cotton, The Bombay Co, Ltd; 110 bales cotton, Arjun Khimji and Co; 220 bales cotton, W Latham and Co, Ltd; 320 bales cotton, Louis Dreyfus and Co; 1100 bales cotton, F F Campbell and Co; 4000 cwt ground nuts, Volkart Bros.

S S Clan Ross for Dunkirk:—110 bales cotton, Vardhaman Bros Ltd.

For Allansworth:—10000 cwt linseed, Ralli Bros.

S S Treverbyn for London:—7 casks wet salted cow hides H R Rehman bhai and Co.

S S China for London:—3 cases bristles, The Laxmi Bristle Works; 6 cases sausage casings, Grindlay and Co, Ltd; 82 cwt linseed, Cox and Kings Shipping Agency Ltd; 200 bales hemp, J N Kapadia and Co; 102 cwt tarmeric, E Verges and Co; 140 cwt chutney, Framji Nowroji; 7 bundles lamb skins (for furs), Grindlay and Co, Ltd.

S S Registan for Havre:—1890 cwt myrabollams, F F Campbell; 224 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

S S Lauterfels for Hamburg:—2000 cwt myrabollams, Mathuradas Bros; 36 bales hemp, Bell Russ and Co.

For Rotterdam:—1000 cwt linseed, Ralli Brothers.

S S Tarentia for Liverpool:—60 bales cotton, Lyon Lord and Co, Ltd; 5 bales silk waste, Killick Nixon and Co; 2 bales cotton carpets, Meghaji Gurudina and Co; 5 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 5 bales cotton, W Latham and Co, Ltd; 1 bales cotton, Weld and Co; 3 bales cotton, E D Sasoon and Co, Ltd; 34 bales wool, G Arbuthnot and Co; 23 bales cotton, F F Campbell and Co; 1000 cwt linseed oil cake, Breul and Co; 1001 cwt myrabollams, Mathusada Bros; 75 bales oil sediments, N V Velmahomed; 28 bales wool, A Koondonmal.

For Masscellis:—2 pots palma rosa oil, E Vergee and Co.

For New York:—204 cwt gum karaya, Amin and Sons.

For Philadelphia:—8 bales dry salted goat skins, Briskey Co.

S S Angora for Genoa:—110 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

S S Sumatra Maru for Kobe:—500 bales cotton, Japan Cotton T Co, Ltd; 550 bales cotton, T M Kaisha Ltd; 100 bales cotton, G Dossa and Co.

For Osaka:—450 bales cotton, T M Kaisha Ltd.

For Yokaichi:—1000 bales cotton, G K Kaish Ltd.

S S Nagpore for Shanghai:—60 bales cotton, H A A Karmanji.

IMPORTS.

May 15.

S S Masula from London, Agents:—Mackinnan Mackinzie and Co.

From London:—47 cases castor oil, 10 cases salt, 12 cases oat meal, 23 cases biscuits, 600 cases gin, 5 cases lubricating oil, 150 barrels greese, 85 cases colour, 71 cases medicine, 1097 jars, 30 cases whisky, 23 cases sausages, 23 cases scrue, 116 cases cigarettes, 52 cases milk food, 24 cases wine, 537 cases empty acid jars, 45 cases vinegar, 514 cases soap, 85 cases mellins food, 17 cases tallow, 40 cases beer, 23 bales cloth, 100 drums disinfecting fluid, 100 Hhds ale, 19 cases paper, 68 bales paper, 208 bales old news paper, 16 bundles tubes, 150 bundles yellow metal sheets, 200 packages yellow metal sheets, 120 kegs lead, 10 kegs ink, 139 cases ink, 25 cases tobacco.

For London:—21 bundles angles, 98 cases boot polish, 40 cases cyder, 28 cases port, 20 cases champaigne, 291 cases varnish, 131 cases oatman's stois, 28 casks glass bottles, 1402 kegs paint, 20 drums paint, 19 cases paint 50 bags cement, 810 casks cement, 82 crets cement, 200 packages copper sheets.

S S Middlesron:—184 bundles steel sheets, 5151 bundles galvd sheets, 50 bundles channels, 28 bundles sted brass, 753 bundles Angles flats, Rounds etc., 75 loose Angles, flats, Rounds etc, 24 cages old files, 40 packages stag wool.

S S Bordeoux:—165 cases brandy, 33 cases wine.

NEWSPAPERS AND CONTEMPT PROCEEDINGS.

Mr. Justice Crump, who is trying the Bawla Murder case, has declined to issue a rule against "the Times of India," though he has taken strong exception to the comment which appeared in that journal. He stated during the hearing that it was all "a storm in a tea-cup" and that "the modern doctrine about contempt proceedings is that the courts are very slow to take action" We have no doubt that these observations of the judge would be much appreciated by newspapers in the country. In cases of this kind a warning to the offending journal would generally be considered sufficent, but we cannot resist the temptation to refer to the very different attitude taken in the case of "the Bombay Chronicle". On two different occasions the paper was hauled up before the Bombay High Court on a charge of contempt and though the editor expressed his regret and pointed out how the paragraph got into the paper by an accidental mistake during his absence, he was visited with a thumping fine of Rs. 5,000 in each case. We are glad that the Bombay Court has now at least learnt to take a more liberal view of things.—"Swarajya."

MBAY COTTON MARKET.

COTTON.

Bombay, May 15.

To-day Reuter reported 26 points higher in old crop and 10 to 22 points up in new crop in New York futures. The market advanced on short covering. Liverpool has been reported 10 to 8 points higher.

Messrs. Umrigar and Vesugars' New York friends Messrs. A. Norden and Co., cable under date 14th inst as under:—

"Large April consumption influenced extensive short covering. Bears more cautious."

Messrs. The Cotton Agent Ld. have received the following cable D/. 14th inst. from their Liverpool friends Messrs. Coney and Co.:—

"American consumption for April is 597,000 Bales as compared with the last year 480,000 bales, which may cause prices to advance."

The consumption of the American Mills for the month of April was 597,000 bales against 585,000 bales in March, 480,000 bales last year and 577,000 bales in the year 1923.

The American market improved on Commission Houses and Continent buying and on short covering.

After the recent heavy decline, a moderate advance being reported in New York futures the Marwari Bazar opened this morning at Rs. 434 that is only a rupee higher than previous days closing rate for fully good M. G. Broach July/August. At the opening the prices eased to Rs. 432 on selling by Commission Houses and Bazar operators. Around this level Commission Houses and prominent Shroffs were buyers which raised the values to Rs. 436½ and the market closed at 3 p.m. at Rs. 436. Fully Good M. G. Broach April/May opened at Rs. 434½ and steadily improved to Rs. 438½ on general buying and closed at Rs. 438½. Fully Good M G. Bengal May and July were nominally quoted at Rs. 362 and Rs. 365 respectively.

Our market for ready cotton was quiet but steady yesterday and the demand was moderate. To-day 200 bales Bengal, 100 bales Punjab/Americans, 400 bales Dholleras, 100 bales Kalagin and 100 bales Kadi/Viramgaon were tendered against Bengal and Broach Contracts.

Up-to-date total tenders are 2,600 bales Bengal, 6,800 bales Punjab/Americans, 2,400 bales Dholleras, 400 bales Kadi/Viramgam and 100 bales. Kalagin in all 12,300 bales.

At Cotton Green the market is kept closed to-day for ready and forward business.

MARWARI BAZAR—CLOSING QUOTATIONS. 3 P.M

Bombay, May 15.

Fully Good Broach	April/May	..	438 1/2
„ „ „	July/Aug.	..	436
„ „ Bengal	May	..	362
„ „ „	July	..	365

READY APPROXIMATE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, May 15.

		Ready average quality.	Ready Fine.
Bengal	Superfine M.G.	..	.. ..
„	Fine M.G.	..	375 ..
„	F.G.M.G.	345/50	.. ..
Sindh Punjab	Fine M.G.	..	375 ..
„	F.G.M.G.	345/50	.. ..
Punjab Americans	MG.	440/50	.. ..
Wardha-Hingt.	Fine M.G.	390/400	420 ..
Nagpur	..	390/400	420 ..
Yeotmal ..	Fine M.G.	390/400	410 ..
Pulgaon .. „	„	390/400	410 ..
Dhamangaon „	„	390/400	400 ..
Anaroti .. „		360/75	400 ..
Khamgaon-Akola	„	360/70	390 ..
Mulkapur	„	340/50	365 ..
Khandesh	„	325/35	360 ..
„	F.G.M.G.	..	.. ..
Broach	Fine M.G.	..	457/60 ..
„ Fully Good	„	..	445/47 ..
Muthia	Fine „	..	.. ..
„	F.G.M.G.	..	.. ..
Dharwar	S.G.	..	.. ..
Coompta	M.G.	..	440/45 ..
Westerns	„	..	390/400 ..
„	H.G.	..	.. ..
Miraj	M.G.	..	435/40 ..
Cambodia	„	..	470 ..

RECEIPTS

Bombay, May 15.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce etc., for the 24 hours ending 6 p.m on 14th May 1925.

Cotton	.. ..	14681 Bales
Wheat	.. ..	38531 Cwts
Linseed	.. ..	38335 „
Rape etc.	.. ..	4060 „
Gingellyseed	.. ..	2845 „
Poppyseed	.. ..	178 „
Groundnuts	.. ..	1586 „
Castorseed	.. ..	13373 „
Rice	.. ..	880 „
Myrabollams	.. ..	4556 „
Cottonseed	.. ..	14562 „
Mowraseed	.. ..	Nil „
Gram	.. ..	2254 „
Juwar	.. ..	535 „
Masur	.. ..	Nil „
Barley	.. ..	1949 „
Bajri	.. ..	488 „
Coal	— — — —	3421 Tons

NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL QUOTATIONS.

MESSRS. PATEL BROTHERS' REPORT.

Bombay, May 15.

New York Market 14th May 1925:—

Previous Close.	Delivery.	Last known prices in Liverpool.	Closing Prices.	Since previous close.
21.91	July	22.07+16	22.17	+26
21.77	Oct.		21.99	+22
21.70	Jan.	21.78+08	21.80	+10
21.83	Mar.		22.01	+18

New York Spot on 13th May, 22-20—35. New Orleans 22.40—30. Telegraphic market advices:—

July highest 22.35 (11.04 a.m.), lowest 21.95 (1.27 p.m.) range .40 points Market steadier on short covering and commission houses buying.

Liverpool Market, 14th May 1925:—

Previous Close.	Delivery.	Opening Prices.	Prices at 12 noon.	Closing Prices.	Since previous close.
11.74	May			11.84	+10
11.82	Jul.	11.88+06	11.92+10	11.92	+10
11.63	Oct.	11.70+07		11.72	+09
11.54	Jan.			11.62	+08
	Egyptian				
21.90	Nov.			22.30	+40
21.00	Jan.			21.45	+45

Telegraphic market advices:—

(1) Cabled 10.05 a.m.:—Light rains Eastern belt.

(2) Cabled 12.05 p.m.: Continent buying new crops, a little trade fixing call sales.

(3) Cabled 4.55 p.m.: Quiet steady market. Spot sales 9,000 bales. American Cross Rate 4.85 1/4. April consumption U. S. A. 597,000 bales (against 583,000 bales in March).

Comparison with previous years:—

April Consumption U. S. A. Mills 597,000 on 1925; 480,000 on 1924; 577,000 on 1923. 447,000 on 1922.

P. CHRYSTAL & CO.

DAILY COTTON REPORT.

Bombay, May 15.

Bombay Quotations at 2-30 p. m.

Description.	Ready	May	J/Aug.
1924/1925 Crop			
Broach M. G. F. G.	..445/50	438	435
Oomra M. G. Fine	..380/85		
„ M. G. Black leaf.	..365/70		
Bengal M. G. Fine	..370/75		
„ M. G. F. G.	..355/60	360	363
Khandesh Black leaf*	..320/40		
Khandwa/Sanavad	..330/50		
Jalna/Aurangabad	..320/40		
Harda	..335/400		
Ujjain	..325/375		
Parbhani*	..350/370		
Purna*	..355/65		
Nander*	..360/65		
Barsi/Kurdoowadi	..320/60		
Wardha/Warora	..430/35		
Nagpur	..435/40		
Katol	..440/45		
Adoni*	..400/10		
Sindh/American	..455/60		
Sangli/Miraj	..420/25		
Bagalkot*	..400/05		
Coompta	..430/35		
Tirupur	..465, 70		
Kadi Viramgam M.G.F.G.	420/25		
Dhollera* M.G.F.G.	..405/10		

Ready market closed to-day.

*No demand.

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F. P. Bales	1924-25	1923-24
Receipts to-date 14-5-25 —	9079000	6484000
„ Yesterday do —	10000	11000
Exports to date do —	7536000	5187000
Stock at Ports 8-5-25 —	683000	438900
„ Interior Towns. do —	466000	410000
„ Liverpool do —	1009000	565000
Visible Supply 2-5-25 —	2789000	1741000
Quantity in Sight do ..	1403 000	10720000

Receipts at Bombay.

Yesterday.	1924-25	1923-24	1922-23
14681	3092666	3004203	3141607

Exports by rail from 1st Sept. to 7th May

1924-25	1923-24
11517	18604

Total Stock in Bombay on 7-5-25 9,17,894 B/s Last year—9,26,053 B/s.

Total Shipments from 1st Sept. to 11th May

	1924-1925	1923-1924	1922-1923
Europe —	519134	929863	651783
China —	241490	168893	136536
Japan —	1221553	1097289	1384202
Coast-Ports	25785	47070	43147
Total ..	2007962	2243085	2395673
Afloat in harbour			
Europe ..	6159	4362	8327
China Japan & Coast ports	26574	34612	28310
Silver	Gold	Govt. Paper.	
71-0-0	21-7-6	67-12-0	

Remarks:—12-30 p.m. There was a small re-action in New York yesterday which market closed 26 to 10 points higher. Liverpool closed 10 to 8 points higher.

The local market opened with Broach at Rs. 434 and is now half a Rupee steadier on short covering. We still depend very largely on weather in America, but after the recent heavy decline we think a re-action is due.

Yesterday afternoon Sampin closed May 268.90, August 277.00 and November 278.70.

Rather more ready cotton changed hands yesterday but mostly at distress rates.

To-day the Sewree market is closed on account of a Parsee Holiday and trading will stop at 3 o'clock.

Marwadi Bazaar Fri. 3-0 p.m. Market:—Steady.

Broach May Rs. 439 July/August. Rs. 436½. Bengal May Rs 361 July Rs. 364.

COTTON

Liverpool, May 14.

Total Day's Sales at Liverpool 9,000.

Total Day's Sales on Spec. & for Exp 500.

Total Day's Sales of East Indian 250.

Mid. Americans Spot.

Universal Standard 12.26 fair inquiry 30.25.

New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time.)

July	22.03
Oct.	21.97
Jan	21.82
New York Noon Call	
July	22.18
Oct.	22.03
Jan	21.92
New Orleans 9 a.m.	
July	22.23
Oct	21.58

COTTON OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, May 14.

May	11.86+.12
Jul	11.94+.12
Aug	11.90+.10
Sep	11.82+.12
Oct	11.74+.11
Nov	11.64+08
Dec	11.63+.09
Jan	11.65+.11
March and Feb	11.67+.11
Egyptians	
July	26.30+.10

CLOSING PRICES

Liverpool, May 14.

May	11.84+.10
June	11.86+.10
Jul	11.92+.10
Aug	11.89+.09
Sep	11.79+.09
Oct	11.72+.09
Nov	11.65+.09
Dec	11.63+.09
Jan	11.62+.08
Feb.	11.62+.07
Mar	11.63+.07
Apl	11.62+.08
May	11.61+.08

Tone:—Steady.

EGYPTIAN COTTON. CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, May 14.

May	28.30+.40
June	27.40+.40
July	26.60+.40
August	25.55+.40
September	24.60+.40
October	23.90+.40
November	22.30+.40
December	22.00+.40
January	21.45+.45
February	21.35+.45
March	21.20+.45

INDIAN COTTON

Scinde Good 8.85.
Scinde Fully Good 9.25
Scinde Fine 9.65
Bengal Good 8.95
Bengal Fully Good 9.35
Bengal Fine 9.75.
Oomra Good 9.65.
Oomra Fully Good 10.05.
Oomra Fine 10.45
Broach Good 10.25
Broach Fully Good 10.75.
Broach Fine 11.05

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, May 14.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports 10,000.
Day's Exports to Great Britain 5.000.
Day's Exports to Continent 7,000.
Futures at New York.

July	22.17+.26
October	21.99+.22
January	21.80+.10
March	22.01+.18
Spot Cotton at New York	22.40+.20
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	22.75+.35

Futures at New Orleans.

July	22.30+.27
October	21.66+.22

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 16 3/4.
Demand Bills 4.85.12.
Silver Commercial Bars Foreign mined 67 1/2.

AMERICAN COTTON MARKET. CLOSING PRICES.

New York, May 14.

Futures at New York.

July	22.17+.26
October	21.99+.22
January	21.80+.10
March	22.01+.18

Liverpool, May 14.

Cotton Delivery Mid. Uplands G. O. C. Liverpool.

May	11.84+.10
July	11.92+.10
October	11.72+.09
January	11.62+.08

WIRE FROM MESSRS. A. NORDEN & CO.

Messrs. Ratilal and Co., Cotton Cabin, Mambadevi have received to-day the following cable from their Friends Messrs. A. Norden and Co., of New York:—

"Large April consumption influenced extensive covering; bears more cautious."

QUOTATIONS OF LOCAL MILL CLOTHS.

(Issued by the Hindustani Native Merchants Association.)

Bombay, May 15.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Khadi:—			
Textile —	1	1	0
Century	1	0	0
E. D. Sasson	0	15	6
Elphinstone	0	5	6
Long Cloth (Full weight) 34-40 inches:—			
Standard per lb.	1	5	6
Century per lb.	1	5	6
Hindustan per lb.	1	6	3
Fazalbhai per lb.	1	5	9
Textile per lb.	1	6	0
Phoenix per lb.	1	5	6
Pearl per lb.	1	5	6
Manekji (Gau Mukh) per lb.	1	3	6
Swan per lb.	1	5	0
Finlay per lb.	1	5	0
Jacob (Four Minar) per lb.	1	5	0
Long Cloth (Light weight) No. 5202-5203—			
Rachael per lb.	1	6	0
Pearl per lb.	1	5	6
E. D. Sassoon per lb.	1	5	0
Long Cloth 3 Quality:—			
Rachael per lb.	1	6	0
Kohinoor per lb.	1	6	6
Swan Finlay per lb.	1	6	3
Long Cloth Satin Calender, 34-40—			
Textile (Hand) per lb.	1	5	3
Spring (Merchant) per lb.	1	5	3
Century (Bugle) per lb.	1	4	6
David per lb.	1	4	0
Tata per lb.	1	4	0
Edward Mohur per lb.	1	3	9
Sundari Brand per lb.	1	4	0
Dhooties 7, 8 and 9 yards:—			
Spring (Balance) per lb.	1	7	3
Jacob E. D. per lb.	1	5	3
Textile (Bicycle) per lb.	1	6	9
Dhooties 10 yards:—			
Spring (Balance) per lb.	1	6	3
Textiles (Bicycle) per lb.	1	5	9
Check Grey Drill:—			
Standard per piece	5	12	0
Phoenix per piece	5	12	0
Swan Finlay per piece	5	12	0
Pearl Pebaney per piece £5	6	0	0
Hindustan No. 902 per piece	6	4	0
Bleached Check:—			
Kasturchand per piece	7	3	0
Bombay United per piece	6	10	0
Black Check:—			
Textile per piece	7	8	0
E. D. Rachael per piece	6	4	0
Gabrun No. 5124:—			
Pearl Pebaney —	11	0	0
Hindustan —	11	4	0
Salita:—			
Century per lb.	1	4	0
Textile per lb.	1	4	3
Spring (Merchant) per lb.	1	4	6

RUBBER

London, May 14.

Para Up River Fine, Spot 22 June July sellers.

Plantation First Latex Crepe, Spot 29 3/4 May sellers.

Tone:—Firm and active.

Rubbed smoked sheets 31 1/4 May paid.

BARLEY.

London, May 14.

Karachi Barley 43-May/June sellers.

BREUL AND CO.'S MARKET REPORT.

EAST INDIA COTTON.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Bombay, May 15.

In full-pressed Bales.	Yesterday	Since 1st September. This year	Last year
Khandesh	340	283,335	335,945
Central India	373	314,535	295,671
Barsi and Nagar	360	189,922	190,989
Hyderabad-Gaorani	..	93,325	99,595
Berar	133	550,364	621,995
Central Provinces	102	249,508	252,163
Total Oomras ..	1,308	1,680,989	1,796,722
Dholera	5,108	201,637	154,041
N. W. Provinces	..	129,720	120,796
Rajputana	383	66,360	78,298
Sind-Punjab	352	350,824	301,578
Broach	3,628	438,256	299,612
Coompta & Dharwar	2 067	88,403	131,142
Westerns-Northerns	550	57,650	60,175
Coconada	..	1,249	180
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	1,280	20,746	20,890
Persian	..	3,956	7,043
American	..	9,649	..
Egyptian and African	77	39,740	32,907
Comilla, Burma & other sorts	..	3,487	819
Total ..	14,681	30,92,066	30,04,203

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

In full-pressed Bales.	Yesterday	1st Sept. to 7th May. This year	Last Year.
Europe	4,890	493,274	921,205
Japan & China	10,760	1,399,001	1,257,452
Coast Ports	—	25,785	47,019
Upcountry by Rail	..	11,517	18,258
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan ..	..	90,796	18,788
Total ..	15,650	2,020,373	2,262,722

HEDGE CONTRACTS.	Delivery.	12 Noon	1 p.m.	3 p.m.	Bales Tendered 15-5-25	Total
F.G.M.G. Bengal	May.	356	..	..	200	2,600
„ „ „	July	361	..	..	..	..
„ „ Broach	A.-M.	434½/35	436	438½	700	9,700
„ „ „	Jy.-Ag.	434	434	436½	..	..

GOLD & SILVER.	Rs.	a.	p.		Rs.	a.	p.
Mint Gold, Ready	21	6	6	Silver, Ready	71	2	0
Mint Gold, 1st Settlement	21	7	0	Silver, 1st Settlement	70	13	0
Mint Gold, 2nd	21	9	6	Silver, 2nd „	71	4	6

LATEST LIVERPOOL AND AMERICAN QUOTATIONS.

LIVERPOOL.

Delivery	Spot	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan	Feb.	Mar.	April	May
14th May	12.26	11.84	.. 11.92	..	..	11.72½	..	..	11.62	..	11.63	..	11.61	
Close	+15	+10	+10			+9			+8		+7		+8	

EGYPTIAN (Fully Good Sakellaridis.)

Spot		May	July	Oct.	Jan.	Mar
30.25	14th May Close ..	28.30	26.60	23.90	21.45	21.20
+25		+40	+40	+40	+45	+45

NEW YORK.	SPOT	July	Oct.	Jan.	Mar,	NEW ORLEANS.	SPOT	July	Oct,
14th May Close	22.40	22.17	21.99	21.80	22.01	14th May close	22.75	22.30	21.66
	+20	+26	+22	+10	+18		+35	+27	+22

MONEY MARKET.

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, May 15.

B C. RATE—
Bank's selling T T 1/5 15/16.
Bank's selling D D 1/5 31/32.
LONDON—
Bank's selling T T 1/5 31/32.
Bank's selling D D 1/6.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A 1/6 5/16.
Bank's buying T T 1/6 1/32.
Bank's buying D D 1/6 1/16.
PARIS—
Bank's selling D D Frcs. 670.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A Frcs. 735.
Bank's buying D D Frcs. 720.
JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T Rs. 115½.
Bank's buying 60 D/st D P Rs. 111½.
HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 152½.
SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 206.
SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 158.
NEW YORK—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 276½.
CROSS RATES—
London—New York Dol. 4.85 1/2.
London—Paris Frcs. 93.03.
London—Switzerland Frcs. 25.10
London—Brussels Frcs. 95 90
London—Rome Liras 118.0.
TONE OF EXCHANGE—
Exchange market was steady.

London, May 14.

Tele. Transfers 1/6 steady
Bar Gold £4-4-11 1/2 steady.
Bar Silver Spot 31 3/16 steady.

London, May 14.

Rentes 3 per cent 45.
Bar Silver (Spot) 31 3/16.
Bar Silver 2 months hence 31 3/16.
Closing Tone of Silver:—
Little Indian and China buying—Steady.
Interest day to day loans 4 1/2.
Interest 7 days market loans 3 3/4.
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 per cent since 5th May 1925.

LOCAL EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, May 15.

Market Rates.	
Bank Telegraphic	1/5 31/32
Bank Demand	1/6
Doc. Acceptance 3 m-s	1/6 5/16
Fcs Demand.	672
American Dollars	276 1/2
Hongkong Dollars	152 1/2
Shanghai	206
Japan	115 3/4
Singapore	158

Market Quiet.

EXCHANGE ON CONTINENTAL CENTRES MIDDLE QUOTATIONS.

London, May 14.

Stockholm	18.15
Christiania	28.81
Amsterdam	12.07
Switzerland	25.08
Belgium yesterday's	96.08
Athens yesterday's	264.50

13th May Cuban Sugar 12/9 June sellers.

London, May 14

Exchange on London in Paris 93.10
Exchange on London in Germany 203.83
Exchange on London in Italy not received.

New York, May 14.

Demand Bills 4.85.12.

DISCOUNTS

LONDON, May 14.

Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st. 4 11/16.
Discount Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st 4 7/8.
Discount Fine Trade Bills 3 m/st 5 3/8.
Discount Fine Trade Bills 6 m/st 5 3/4.
5 per cent Rentes 17 1/4.

DISCOUNT.

Bombay, May 15.

6 Months London Discs. 4 3/4 per cent.
6 Months London Discs 4 7/8 per cent.
Bank of England rate 5 per cent.
Money Call 6 3/4 per cent.
Money 1 Month 6 per cent.
Money 3 months 5-3/4 per cent.
Money 6 Months 5 per cent.
Tone of money market:—Steady.

STOCKS, ETC.

Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90 £87 7/8 +1/8.
Victory Bonds 4 per cent £91 3/4 un
War Loan 5 per cent 1929/47 £99 5/8—1/16.
Conversion Loan £76 1/8.
Indian Loan 5 1/2 per cent £101 3/4—1/8.
Indian Loan 7 per cent £105.
Consols 2 1/2 per cent 56 1/2.
Rupee Papper 3 1/2 per cent 49 1/2.
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent (Sterling Loan) 679 3/8—3/8.
Govt. Securities 3 per cent 58 1/4—½.

BULLION.

Bombay, May 15.

Sovereigns Ready Rs. 13-9-6.
Sovereigns Forward Rs. 13-8-6.
National Bank Stamp Gold Rs. 21-12-0.
English Gold 10 oz. bar Rs. 21-11-3.
Bar gold ready Rs. 21-7-9.
Gar gold forward Rs. 21-9-0.
Bar gold 2nd settlement Rs. 21-10-3.
Bar silver ready Rs. 71-0-0.
Bar silver 1st settlement Rs. 71-0-0.
Bar silver 2nd settlement Rs. 71-4-0.

London, May 14.

Bar gold ready s. 84.11½.
Silver ready d. 31.3.
Silver forward d. 31-3.
TONE OF SILVER—
Quiet and steady. China and America bought. Market has a more steady appearance.

BULLION

LONDON, May 14.

Bars sold £43.000
Sovereigns for Export to Switzerland £9.000—
Business was done to-day in Linseed La Plata argentine afloat for Hull for May June shipment at £20 3/8.

GOLD.

Bombay, May 15

Ready:—21-1 0
Vaida. Opening Highest Lowest At 6 p.m

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Bombay, May 15.

3½ per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 67-12.
4 per cent. Conversion Loan due 1931-38 Rs. 85-12.
5 per cent. War Loan due 1929-47 Rs. 95-2.
5 per cent. Loan (Tax Free) due 1933 Rs. 97-14.
5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1945-55 Rs. 98-13.
5½ per cent. War Bonds (Tax Free) due 1925, Rs. 103.
5½ per cent War Bonds (Tax Free) due 1928, Rs. 104-12.
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1926, Rs. 100-12.
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1927, Rs. 101-2.
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1930, Rs. 103-3.
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1931, Rs. 103-8.
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1932, Rs. 104-4.
6½ per cent. Bombay Development Loan (Tax Free) due 1925, Rs. 107-16.
4 per cent. Port Trust due 1974, Rs. 75.
4 per cent Municipal due 1974, Rs. 74-8.
4 per cent Improvement Trust due 1974, Rs. 74-8.
6 per cent. Port Trust due 1930, Rs. 98.
6 per cent. Municipal due 1929-49. Rs. 97.
Tone of Market—Steady better enquiry.

SHARES.

Bombay, May 15.

The Share Market remained closed to-day on account of a Parsi Holiday.

SHARES

London, May 14.

Hongkong Bank £140.
Chartered Bank £20 3/8.
National Bank £47 1/2.
P. & O. Bank 10 7/8.
Eastern Bank £6 3/16.

LONDON, May 14.

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results.

Total Bullion £153,600,000 Dec £ 1,100,000
Public Deposits £17,400,000 Inc £6,400,000
Other Deposits £102,200,000 Dec. £5,500,000
Govt. Securities £33,300,000 Dec £4,300,000
Other Securities £78,300,000 Inc £5,600,000
Notes & Gold 25,800,000 Dec £300,000.

The Bank Reserve is 21.5 per cent of the liabilities.

METALS

London, May 14.

English best Selected Copper £62 3/4.
Standard Copper G.M.B. £60 1/4.
Copper Braziers £78.
Yellow Metal £7 9/16.
Hard Spelter £30 1/4.
Corrugated Sheets £16 3/8.
Tin Block £245 1/2.

COPPER.

Bombay, May 15.

	per md.	Rs.	a.	p.
Copper, German .. —	3-4	56	0	0
Copper .. — —	1	66	0	0
Copper	1 1-4	64	12	0
Copper, American —	1 1-2	65	0	0
Copper	1 3-4	65	0	0
Copper	2	65	0	0
Japanese Copper Bars		62	0	0
Panchteka joint		27	0	0
Copper, English Bars		61	0	0
Brass Bars		39	4	0
Pat Klat		67	0	0
Lead, Country		25	0	0
Koger Brass, Metal 3-4		56	8	0
„ „ to 1		55	12	0
„ „ 1 1-4 to 1 1-2, 1 3-4 to 2		55	12	0
German Copper 1 1-2		64	12	0
„ „ to 1 3-4 to 2 ..		64	12	0
American Copper 3-4 to 1 ..		66	0	0
„ „ 1 1-4 —		66	0	0

LINSEED

LONDON, May 14.

Linseed Calcutta Pure Basis Bags £22 3/8 sellers for May/June.

Linseed Tone:—Quiet and easier.

Raw Linseed Oil Naked Spot Net, 43 7/8 June/Aug sellers.

43 7/8 Sep/Dec sellers.

Linseed La Plata Argentine was easier and quiet demand. at 3/8 sellers for May/June shipment.

Linseed Bombay £23 1/8 sellers for May/June..

Cottonseed Bombay £9 3/4 sellers for May/June. Castdresso Bombay £23 1/8 sellers for May/June Closed steady and inactive.

RAPSEEDS.

Ferozepore Real Bold £21 5/8 sellers for May/June.

Toria £21 7/8 buyers for May/June

Brown Cawnpore £20 1/2 sellers for May/June.

FREIGHT OF COAL

Cardiff to Bombay 14/3 to 14/6.

Jeth	21-8 0	21-9-0	21-9 0
Asar	21-9-0	21-10 0	21-10 0

Feji Mandi.

Jeth	0—3—0	
Asad	0—5—0	

Tone—Market Quiet.

SILVER.

Bombay, May 15.

Ready:—21-2-0

Vaida.	Opening.	Highest	Lowest	At 6 p. m
Visak	70-15-0	71-1-0		71-0 0
Jeth	71-3-0	71 4-0		71-3-0
Asad	71-3-0	71-4-0		71-3-0

Feji Mandi.

Jeth	0—14—0	
Asad	1—7—0	

Tone—Market Steady.

WOCATTA'S SILVER REPORT

There was more decided weakness during the past few days. Chiefly due to China selling and in absence of support from India and the continent. Lower level of prices brought in some bear covering and there has been a slight recovery to-day extreme quietness gives the market an undecided tone but Mesps Mocatta's do not look for any important movement for the present.

Calcutta Electric Supply Corporation has declared a dividend of 12 per cent for the year.

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TRADE AND FINANCE.

WEEKLY REVIEW.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MONEY.

Conditions in the money market were firm with a keen demand for call money both here and in Calcutta at awout 6 3/4 per cent. The fixed deposit rate for one month is 6 1/4 per cent. two months 6 per cent. and three months 5 1/2 per cent.

While the market conditions continue firm, the statement of affairs o fthe Imperial Bank of India shows only a small reduction of Rs. 33 53 lacs in the cash balance which now stands at Rs 18,78,01 000. The decrease of Rs. 140.05 lacs in Government Deposits is probably due to the usual withdrawals at the beginning of the month. The trade demand has declined as evidenced by the decrease of Rs. 67 43 lacs in Loans, Rs. 39.42 lacs in Cash Credits and Rs. 48 62 lacs in Inland Bills discounted. Other deposits also show a decrease of Rs. 45 26 lacs. The statement as at 8th May shows no change from the Rs. 6 crores borrowed from the Paper Currency by the Bank. The percentage of cash to liabilities is unchanged at 18 60 and the 7 per cent. Bank rate persists but it is anticipated that it will be lowered very shortly.

The gilt-edged maket, after a dull opening, has recovered and closes steady with a fair demand for 6 per cents. 3 1/2 per cent. Paper is quoted at Rs. 67/12. 5 per cent. Loans, 1933 and 1945-55, were put through at Rs. 97/14 and Rs. 98/12. 5 1/2 per cent. Bonds, 1925 and 1928, were placed at Rs. 103 and Rs. 104/12. 6 per cent. Bonds 1926 and 1927 changed hands at Rs. 100/12 and Rs. 101/2. 1930 at Rs. 103/3 and 1932 at Rs. 104/3. 6 1/2 per cent. Bombay Development loan is quoted at Rs. 107/10.

The currency figures as at 7th May 1925 show a decrease of Rs. 110.67 lacs in the total number of notes in circulation which now stands at Rs. 178,50 crores. Silver coins have declined by Rs. 110.67 lacs, while gold bullion and silver under coinage remain unchanged at Rs. 22.31 crores and Rs. 6.77 crores respectively. The percentage of metallic reserve to circulation (excluding notes under section 26 of the Indian Paper Currency Act) is 55.29.

EXCHANGE.

Firm conditions prevailed in the sterling exchange market, the rate having improved from 1s-5 29/32 to 1s-6 d. This rise is more due to the cash position of the market than to any large showing of export bills either here or in Calcutta. At the higer levels reached the market has hesitated; it is reported that Imperial Bank bought about £2 1/2 lacs for Government account at 1s-6d and their presented buying rate is reported to be 1s-6 1/32d. There was some enquiry for bullion, T. T. during the early part of the week. In the forward market rates were steadier with sellers of May at 1s-5 31/32d, June at 1s-5 15/16d, July to October 1s-5 7/8d, and November/December is quoted at 1s-5 29/32d.

The dollar sterling quotation after declining from dollar 485 1/4 to dollar 4.84 15/16 improved and closes at dollar 4.85 1/2. French francs close at 93 Belgian at 95.90 and the Italian Lira at 118.

A Press Communique issued by the Controller of Currency reports that there were no remittances to the Home Treasury during the month of April 1925.

GOLD.

In the gold market prices were steady at the opening of the week, but subsequently, on improved sterling exchange coupled with heavy deliveries for the current settlement, the rate declined by about 3 annas per tola. At the lower level bear covering developed and with the continued good off-take of some 40,000 tolas a day the market has somewhat recovered. The tone of the market is uncertain and depends largely on the movements in sterling exchange. This being the settlement week a large volume of "budla" business was transacted. The stock of gold is estimated at about 15 lacs tolas after allowing for the import of about Rs. 21 1/2 lacs worth of gold during this week. The official price per fine ounce in London is 84s-11 1/2d. In our market the highest and lowest rates during the week were Rs. 21/9 and Rs. 21/4/6 for ready and 9th May settlement, Rs. 21/10/6 and Rs. 21/7 for 7th June settlement and Rs. 21/10 and Rs. 21/8/6 for 7th July settlement. There was good demand for ready sovereigns during the week under report resulting in a premium of 1 1/2 annas for ready the present quotation being Rs. 13/9/6 and Rs. 13/8/6 for ready and forward. The incoming mail is expected bring in about £. 15,000 gold. Inclusive of these arrivals and exclusive of the present week's shipment the total visible supply from London to India is about £. 5,11 000. The total import of gold during the week amounted to Rs. 61,48,498. This week's shipment is expected to be £. 435,000, mostly sovereigns.

SILVER.

The week in the silver market has been marked by sharp fluctuations. After opening at Rs. 71/7 for ready the rate declined to Rs. 70/4 due to the approach of May settlement, but subsequently improved to Rs. 70/11 and close at Rs. 70/14 for ready. China bought in the London market during the early part of the week but subsequently sales by both America and China in that market resulted in a net decline of about 5/16d. in the London quotation. In this market also a fair amount of budla business was done at a difference of about 5 to 7 annas per 100 tolas. The rate for T. T. on London in Shanghai declined from 3s.-1d to 3s.-0 5/8d. but improved and closes at 3s.-3/4d per teel. In London the highest and lowest rates during the week were 31 1/2d and 31 1/16d for ready and 31 1/2d. and 31 1/8d. for forward. In our market the highest and lowest rates during the week were Rs. 71-7-0 and Rs. 70-4-0 for ready, 71-7-0 and 70-4-0 for 13th May settlement and Rs. 71-12-0 and Rs. 70-10-0 for 11th June settlement. The daily off-take averages about 250 bars and the stocks is estimted at about 7500 bars. Inclusive of this week's arrival of about £. 1,40,000 silver, and exclusive of the present week's shipment the total visible supply from London to India is about £. 197,000. The total import of silver during the week amounted to 119 bars and Rs. 86 060 in coin. This week's shipment frim London is nil.

SHARES.

There were three working days on the Stock Exchanie during the period under report. Sharp fluctuations in cotton mill shares characterised the market during the early part of the week the attention of the market being focussed on the movements in the prices of Bombay Dyeing and Century Mill shares. The former from the closing price of Rs. 1122/8 declined to as low as Rs. 990 on heavy bear selling but subsequently improved on large purchases by bull speculator's and close at Rs. 1045. The movements in the prices of other mill shares have been of compartively less importance. The following are the fluctuations in some of the Cotton Mill Shares:—Bombay Dyeing Rs. 1017/8-990-1045; Century Rs. 493/12 490-495. Central India Rs. 475-480. Crescent Rs. 220-225; Fazulbhoy Rs. 900-912/8; Kohinoor Rs. 1150; New Great Rs. 325-307/8; Pearls Rs 512/8-518/12; Simplex Rs. 157-165 and Swadeshi Rs. 570xd.—550.

In the miscellaneous section conditions were generally unchanged. Andhra Valleys being quoted at Rs. 470. Tata Hydros improved from Rs. 950 to Rs. 962/8 the level of the previous week. Bombay Trams have improved from Rs. 96/4d. to Rs. 99/6. Tata Iron shares show some improvement. Ordvs. having recovered from Rs. 14 to Rs. 15 and defds. from Rs. 47 1/2 to Rs 54/6. Cement shares continue unchanged, Bundis quoting at Rs. 8. Katni Ordvs. at Rs. 51/4 and Defds. at Rs. 140. There is no change to report in the prices of railway shares.

Among Bank shares, Imperial Bank shares continue in demand at about Rs. 14 0 with cotributories at Rs. 355. Bank of India shares are quoted at Rs. 74 and those of the Central Bank at Rs. 22/14.

SWEEPERS PRESENT AN ADDRESS.

MAHATMA'S ADVICE TO UNITE.

NOAKHALI, May 14.

Mr. Gandhi before his departure from Chittagong received three interesting addressses, two from the fisherman and one from the sweepers. The addresses related their sorrows and the absence of any status for them in the Hindu society.

Mr. Gandhi made a lengthy reply and said that they should unite and try to protect themselves. So long as untouchability remained there would be no Swaraj.

Mr. Gandhi boarded the train amidst complete silence and arrived at Noakhali this morning. At a ladies' meeting attended by over five hundred women he inspected a charkha demonstration. In the evening before starting for Comilla he will receive four addresses from the municipality the district board, the reception committee and the Hindu Sabha.—A. P.

AVIATOR REACHES RANGOON.

RANGOON, May 14.

Accompanied by his mechanic the Italian aviator Colonel De Pinedo who left Akyab at 6-30 this morning arrived at Rangoon and got down at Monkey Point creek at 10-30 a.m., the descent being perfect. He was received by Mr. J. Meikle, Italian Consul, Lt. Collumb commading Rangoon Brigade Area and Mr. Kemp, Aeronautical Engineer. Interviewed, he said the weather was perfect during his flight to Akyab but at Akyab he had a very rough sea and had to take the plane three miles up the creek. During his flight from Akyab to Rangoon this morning the weather was very bad with heavy clouds and rains. While crossing Yomahs he flew at a height of nine thousand feet, then came down to six thousand feet and near Rangoon to one thousand feet. He had hardly any rest at Akyab. He will change floats here and leave to-morrow for Puket.—A. P.

RESEARCH TANNERY IN CALCUTTA.

CALCUTTA, May 14.

The Government of Bengal has approved of the establishment of a Government research tannery in Calcutta and has appointed a committee consisting of five members known as the Board of Directors of the Calcutta Research Tannery for the purpose of advising and assisting the director of industries in the management of the tannery. The following are the members of the board:—The Director of Industries in Bengal, Chairman, Dr. Sir. Nilratan Sirkar, Mr. L. Sutcliffe of Messrs. Bird and Co., Calcutta, Mr. Dost Mohammad Mr. N. C. Hatton of the Bengal Tanneries Ltd. and the Director of Industries, Bihar and Orrisa.—A. P.

TAGORE NOT WANTED IN ITALY.

FASCISTS OFFENDED AT HIS PACIFICATION.

Fascists offended at his pacification.

"The Nation" publishes the following communication from Mary Blankenhorn, dated February 5 from Milan:—

Rabindranath Tagore, the Indian mystic and poet whose books have been translated into many languages, arrived here last week for a stay in Italy before going on to his home in India. Tagore left Italy yesterday without seeing either Rome or Florence or any other of the many towns which had sent him enthusiastic greetings and which he had planned to visit.

All Italy is asking: "Why did he go?"

In these days of the rule of Mussolini Italy's newspapers print only what the Government tells them to—or they print chapters from the Bible. The Fascist press publishes what it pleases, of course, and by reprinting some of the Fascist comments on a brief speech made by Tagore at a great public reception four days ago in Milan the muzzled papers of the Opposition have been able to show why the aged author, after a four days' stay, decided suddenly that even India might be a more healthy and peaceable place for him just now. Here are some of the comments taken from the government press. I quote in a pretty rough translation:

Tagore knows Gandhi, the ineffable Mahatma Gandhi knows Roman Rolland, who pours into Europe the rivers of his great Indian wisdom. It is probable that they told him that Italy was held by a black army in the service of a sinister tyrant. . . . Tagore has left Italy without understanding the profound love of the people for Fascismo. His "propaganda of non-resistance" leads to sedition and evil, to hate, to destructive ambition and civil war.

Gandhi, Rolland and the Clartists of Italy certainly should have told this to Tagore chance to learn something about Italy. Instead he came here and tried to teach us.

The celebrated poet has lost his one

Another editorial told Tagore to go and get his beard cut and then people would see that, like Samson, he had no power and no ability.

What was it that Tagore said which affronted them so? No one quite knows, as his speech could not be reprinted; but one quotation given by the government papers as peculiarly insulting runs like this: "The sky of Italy is full of fog. Her gardens are despoiled of flowers."

Perhaps, after all, a poet's way of putting things may be the most dangerous.

RENT ACT BILL.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE"

Sir,—With reference to the letter addressed by the Secretary to Government, General Department, to Mr. Joseph Baptista who presided at the public meeting held on March 28th, at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, under the auspices of the Bombay Rent Act Committee, in which objection has been raised by Government to the statement made in one of the Resolutions passed at the said meeting to the effect that the Government of Bombay had excluded non-residential premises from the provisions of the Bombay Rent Act Amendment Bill No. 1 of 1925 in violation of the pledge given by the Hon. the General Member, I crave permission to say a few words on the subject, as one who was responsible for the drafting of the Resolution in question and who was also the mover of the same at the said public meeting.

The Hon. the General Member seems to be under the impression that there was no violation of a solemn pledge on his part because (1) Mr. K. F. Nariman's Bill, for the introduction of which leave was demanded in the October session of the Council, referred only to residential premises and (2) Mr. Joe Addyman's motion for leave to introduce his Bill in the July session of the Council, referring to non-residential premises, was rejected by a majority of two votes.

The Hon. the General Member seems unable to understand that when he made a promise in the Council that he would bring in a Bill satisfactory to both the landlords and the tenants, he virtually promised that he would bring in a Bill for the extension of the operation of the Bombay Rent Acts relating to non-residential as well as residential premises, for, the tenants of Bombay had, long before the Hon. Mr. Cowasjee Jehangir made his said promise given expression to their feelings on the subject in no uncertain voice at a representative public meeting of theirs held on the 24th August 1924, at Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, under the presidency of Mr. Vithalbhai J. Patel, convened by the following thirteen leading associations and public bodies of Bombay:—The Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, Khilafat Committee Mazdayasni Mandal Swaraj Sabha, Bombay Swaraj Party Bombay Municipal Nationalist Party Parsi Rajkia Sabha, Pimplewadi Tenants' Association, Bombay Municipal Reforms Association, Young Men's Zorostrian Association, National Home Rule League, Bombay National Union and Social Service League.

Looking to the representative character of the said public meeting, it may be said without the slightest fear of contradiction that it voiced the general feeling of the public of Bombay so far as the tenants were concerned and that the Hon. the General Member was bound to respect the Resolutions passed at the said meeting. The said public meeting had been held months before Mr. Cowasji Jehangir made his said promise. He could not, therefore, plead ignorance of the popular feelings and wishes on the subject. He was bound to respect those feelings and wishes and frame his Bill in consonance with them, if he really meant to bring forward a Bill satisfactory to the tenants, as he had promised to do. He failed to carry out his promise, and the Government have no right to complain about the charge of breach of faith rightly and justly levelled against them by all impartial and fair minded men.

Government have no right to shelter themselves behind the plea that Mr. Nariman's Bill referred only to residential premises and Mr. Addyman's Bill referring to non-residential premises was rejected. Government do not legislate only for Messrs. Nariman and Addyman. They legislate for the entire public and tre public had expressed their views in the clearest and tre most emphatic manner in favour of a Bill for non-residential as well as residential premises. Moreover, the scope of Mr. Nariman's Bill was limited to non-residential premises simply because there was a technical difficulty in his way which no one could be expected to understand better than Mr. Cowasji Jehangir himself. To take advantage of this technical difficulty in Mr. Nariman's way and frame a bill liable to inflict untold hardships upon the managers and conductors of numerous schools, colleges, hospitals, nursing homes, and hundreds of thousands of petty merchants, traders and shop keepers is to show utter lack of statesmanship.

It will thus be seen that the laboured apologia of Government put forward so late in the day does little credit to them. He who runs may see that the Government's explanation is not only evasive and unsatisfactory but even childish and ridiculous. It simply amounts to this that the Government think themselves justified in sacrificing the interests of hundreds of thousands of tenants of Bombay, because a member of the Council felt compelled to act according to the rules governing the procedure of the Council and to omit all mention of non-residential premises from his private Bill and because another member of the Council had the misfortune to see his Bill referring to non-residential premises, rejected by a majority of two votes owing to the then unsettled policy of the Swarajists in the Council. This is not statesmanship but legislative quackery, and the plausible explanation that is given in justification thereof does not and cannot save the Government from the charge of breach of faith.—Yours etc.,

MANECKJI KAVASJI PATEL.
Jt. Hon Secretary Rent Act Committee.

It is understood that the M.S.M. Railway Company have received the sanction of the Government of India for the appointment of a staff required for the re-investigation of several branch line projects which the Railway Company has under consideration. The staff will shortly be appointed.—A. P.

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In the event of one hundred additional coupon books being sold, it is intended to run a special train every week end between Bombay and Poona during the Poona Season for the benefit of Poona visitors. This will be an additional service; the outward train will leave Bombay at about 18-30 every FRIDAY evening and the return train will leave Poona about 19-30 every SUNDAY evening. Dinner and refreshments will be served on the train. The coupon books will be available by these special trains (if run) and by all other trains between Bombay and Poona except the Race Specials.

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MBAY MARKETS

WEEKLY REVIEW.

COTTON.

WEEKLY REVIEW.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

During the week under review Home markets have been fluctuating but on the whole have displayed a continuance of downward tendency and last quotations to hand register a sharp decline both in Liverpool and New York as compared with a week ago. Early the market was steady but later the prices dropped on considerable long liquidation and speculative and Wall St. selling on reports of good rains in Texas and Oklahoma.

The American markets after fluctuating within a narrow range in the early days under review have shown a serious break and values to-day are in a very uncertain and nervous state. The reason for such a smart fall has principally been due to wide-spread and fairly general rains over the entire cotton belt, coupled with dullness in the textile industry which factors have encouraged not only liquidation by disappointed "Bulls" but also considerable fresh selling by professional operators and speculators.

There has apparently been a generally bearish feeling prevalent at the moment all round as a result of improved crop prospects, and should the present Texas weather be maintained we may see prices on a materially lower level before before long. On the other hand any adverse news regarding the crop will create a better basis for a "Bull" campaign and we shall no doubt sooner or later be faced with scares and alarms as the crop naturally has still to pass through many vicissitudes before a full sized crop is assured.

The National Ginner's Association estimate the April consumption as 531,000 bales.

The takings by the world continue on a heavy scale but this may be more bullish on the surface than in actual fact, as it signifies that consumers having supplied themselves freely for their wants are now not in a position to enter freely into fresh contracts for raw cotton.

Trade reports from Manchester are far from encouraging and whilst latterly the course of the market should help spinners to regain confidence, it must be confessed that so far cotton does not as yet reveal any decided trade move and the manufacturing section are distinctly adverse to entering into commitments. Nevertheless, the volume of enquiry keeps up and provided that further serious break takes place in the immediate future, we should not be surprised to find trade rapidly developing again.

The turnover in American spot cotton has been of a retail description and actual sales have been disappointing.

On the whole we gully realise that at the moment there is an absence of buying power due to the sudden relief in the way of plentiful rains throughout Texas and should this favourable weather still continue it would not surprise us in the least it prices in New York may further drop to somewhere in the neighbourhood of 21 cents and even below. Should this devel be reached, we would recommend taking advantage of the same in order to make purchases.

As regards the condition of the local market we think that prices may now be somewhere near the bottom and look at any rate for a temporary reaction after the drastic and persistent decline for the past several days. Japanese buyers who had heavy purchases of Broach cotton have recently availed themselves of the opportunity of transferring the same into other descriptions such as Dholleras, Viramgams and even the best stapled Mattrias at very favourable differences, and the natural outcome of a continuance of this policy by them would bring Broach prices down to a more reasonable level compared with other descriptions. Round about Rs 420 for Broach July/August we would be tempted to make purchases.

Regarding the ready market the demand at the moment is at a standstill. Stocks are day by day increasing with holders anxious sellers, and cotton is now saleable much cheaper than a week ago. In the present weak markets mills are following their usual policy of keeping out and hoping for still lower prices.

The following were the changes in the Home markets as compared with last week:—

	Last week.	This week.
New York July	23.04	22.17—87
New York October	22.75	21.99—76
New York January	22.52	21.80—72
New York March	22.80	22.01—79
Liverpool May	12.26	11.84—42
Liverpool July	12.35	11.92—43
Liverpool October	12.14	11.72—42
Liverpool January	12.06	11.62—44

LOCAL FORWARD MARKET.

Fully Good M. G. Broach July/August opened on the 8th inst. at Rs. 456½ and improved to Rs. 458 on Commission Houses buying. On selling by Exporters the market receded to Rs. 456½. On the 9th inst. the Bazar opened at Rs. 456 and gradually gave way to Rs. 452½ on Commission Houses and Exporters selling. On the 11th inst. the market opened at Rs. 452 and gradually declined to Rs. 446½ on Bazar operators and one Japanese House selling. In sympathy with a sharp fall in America on the 12th inst. the market opened easier at Rs. 440 and gradually eased to Rs. 435½ on Offices selling. Around this level prominent shroffs were buyers which caused on improvement and the market recovered to Rs. 439. On the 13th inst. the Bazar opened easier at Rs. 433 owing to a further drop in New York futures and gradually declined to Rs. 425 on selling by Commission Houses, Bazar operators and one Japanese Firm. At about this level prominent shroffs were buyers and the values recovered to Rs. 430. In accordance with a further fall in New York futures the market opened at Rs. 426 on the 14th inst. and going down to Rs. 424½ improved to Rs. 434 on Commission Houses and Bazar operators buying and closed at Rs. 435.

Whilst Broach April/May opened on the 8th inst. at Rs. 460 and gave way to Rs. 452 on selling by Commission Houses. Again improving to Rs 453½ the prices gradually dropped to Rs. 428 on general selling and in sympathy with the fall in July/August, and after some fluctuations closed at Rs. 454½ on the 14th instant

F. G. Bengal May opened on the 8th inst. at Rs. 381½ and closed on the 14th inst. at Rs. 356 the highest being Rs 382 and the lowest Rs. 351. Whilst Bengal July opened at Rs. 386½ and closed at Rs. 360 on the 14th inst the highest being Rs. 387 and the lowest Rs. 356.

PIECE-GOODS.

A depression has been noticeable in the Cloth Market during the past week, owing to the demand having failed to mature. Rupees rates in most cases have been nominal, and the tendency seems to be for easier prices in the near future. Already some well-known cloths have registered a decline, and if the same state of affairs continue, others will follow suit. The financial stringency, the reduction in the buying capacity, the fear of lower prices later on, the increase in the stocks, the approach of the monsoon season, the competition with Japanese cloths, the decline in cotton, the uncertainty regarding the future course of exchange, the washing out of capital due to heavy losses suffered, have been the factors which have brought about the present situation. Notices have been appearing in the newspapers of sales by public auction on account of defaulting purchasers, which clearly shows which way the wind is blowing. Merchants are very anxious to get rid of their stocks, and are therefore willing to grant concessions in favour of buyers, who are however reluctant to purchase. The stocks in Calcutta and Karachi have also accumulated to a great extent.

In Grey Shirtings of Manchester make, values have further declined, especially in the 39 and 45 inches Red End styles. Although stocks of Pepperell Drills are scarce, the price has declined by eight annas per piece. Grey Jaconets have remained steady, but with very little inquiry. White Shirtings have not attracted any attention. In White Mills the 58 inches by 20 yards Red End styles have declined in values by two annas per piece. 27 inches by 18 yards Nainsooks worth from Rs. 3-11 to Rs. 4-1 have been easier by an anna.

Now-a-days Prints of higher and lower qualities fetch the same price in the bazaar. Original chocolate Prints have been quoted at 8 as. 4½ pies per yard, Okell's White Ground Prints are selling at 5 annas 3 pies per yard and "*Khamis Vatana*" Prints fetch 6 annas 6 pies per yard.

Japanese cloths have registered a substantial decline all round. The Japanese manufacturers have been offering their stocks at much lower rates, owing to the depression in Japan and in sympathy with the decline in the raw material. Although the price of No. 5544 Grey Shirtings in 44 inches by 38 yards is nominally Rs. 12-8-0. it is reported that an inter-merchant transaction has resulted in the bazaar at Rs. 11-8-0 for a lot of 100 Bales. No. 3800 Shirtings which were selling at Rs. 20-4-0 have declined to Rs. 19-8, and forward goods could be had at even Rs. 2 per piece less, Sheetings have declined by 13 annas per piece—Large shipments are due to arrive here in the near future. Several consuming markets have been purchasing direct from Japanese Firms, which has been a great disadvantage to dealers here. The decline in the quotations from Japan will entail heavy losses on merchants here, and not only the profits so far made will be wiped off but losses will have to be suffered in the bargain. This depression in Japanese Clothes has been seriously reflected in Manchester Grey Shirtings, which are unsaleable in competition. Firms holding stocks of Dhooties are unable to dispose off the same even at lower rates, as buyers have been scarce.

The Manchester Market has been very irregular. Manufacturers of sized Shirtings are in need of business, as their order lists are running down. Shippers have not been inclined to buy speculatively, in anticipation of future wants and offers for large lots have therefore been few and far between. The business coming round is not satisfying the needs of the manufacturers as well as the spinners. The Federation of Master Cotton Spinners' Association has issued a circular to members asking for a pledge of loyalty to the 35 hour working week, owing to the seriousness of the position of the American spinning section of the cotton industry. Blackburn and Preston manufacturers are reported to have lost some ground, but Burnley makers have been doing fairly well. The wages of the operatives in the dyeing and finishing trades in England have been reduced, from the beginning of this month, by 6d. per week for boys of 14 years and 1s. 3d. per week for adults of twenty one years. According to the preliminary final report of the Census Bureau of the United States Government, 13,63,000 bales of American cotton had been ginner to 28th February last, compared with 10,170,694 bales at the corresponding date in 1924, 9,929,306 bales in 1923 and 7,977,778 bales in 1922.

In Local Mill Clothes, the position is very discouraging, owing to the absence of demand, the decline in cotton and the increase in the stocks. The Gold Mohur Mills are reported to have sold 300 Bales Calcutta Dhoties at Rs. 1-4, which price shows a decline of two annas on the last sale price. Khadder cloth seems to have attracted the attention of one dealer, owing to the quotations being temptingly low, and the following purchases are reported to have been made by him, in anticipation of realising profits:—1400 B/s. Khadder of Gold Mohur Mills at Rs. 0-14-0 per lb. 700 B/s. Khadder of Birla Mills at Rs. 0-13-6 per lb. 300 B/s Khadder of Jacob Sassoon Mills at Rs. 0-15-0 per lb. These transactions indicate a decline of one to one and a half anna for lb. on last sale prices.

The quotations for the leading chops of Greys and Whites are as under:—

GREY SHIRTINGS—

	Ins.	Yds.	Rs.	a.	p.
Ralli's Fari No. 200039 × 37½/38			12	6	0
„ 100,000	..45×	„ ..	15	0	0
„ No. 33,000	..45×	„ ..	13	12	0
„ No. 2800	..37×	„ ..	11	0	0
„ No. 4545	..38×38	..	12	0	0
„ No. 15000	..44×38	..	12	8	0
„ No. 16000	..	„ ..	13	0	0
„ No. 17000	..	„ ..	13	8	0
Graham's No. 2730	39×	„ ..	12	0	0
„ No. 2750	..45×	„ ..	15	0	0
„ Yellow Horse	43×39	..	..		
„ No. 2310	..44×38	1-2..	..		
Dewhursts BBB	..38×38	1-2..	19	8	0
„ BB ..	..38×38	1-2..	17	0	0
„ Rupee No. 5	38×38	1-2..	16	0	0
Ritchie's No. 510	..39×37	1/2/38	12	0	0
„ No. 4462	..41×	„ ..	..		
Lyon's Shunker	..39×	„ ..	12	0	0
Fleming's 1904-1906	45,48,51 × 38		18	0	0

GREY DRILLS—

Pepperell's Dragon	29×40 Net	20	8	0
Ralli's Musjid No. 425,26×40		15	0	0

GREY JACONETS—

Ralli's No. 18	..45×22 ..	7	15	0
„ No. 18	..40×22 ..	..		
„ No. 158	..40×22 ..	6	11	0
„ No. 636	..44×22 ..	7	0	0

WHITE SHIRTINGS—

Liepman's No.1500	32×42 ..	24	0	0
H. B. T. C. 40000	..36×40 ..	28	8	0
Ralli's No. 9889	..33×40 ..	18	8	0

WHITE MULLS—

Ralli's No. 6	..41×19 ..	7	15	0
„ No. 60	..46×19 ..	8	11	0
„ No. 600	..51×19 ..	9	7	0
„ No. 6000	..56×19 ..	10	15	0
„ No. 88	..58×20 ..	8	6	0
„ No. 1270	..27×18 ..	3	10	0
„ No. 166	..39×20 ..	8	4	0
„ No. 818	..39×20 ..	8	6	0
„ No. 1440	..36×20 ..	5	8	0
„ No. 5352	..42×20 Net	..		
„ No. 2755	..42×20 Net	..		
„ No. 1703	..52×20 Net	15	4	0
„ No. 224	..44×20 ..	7	2	0
Ritchie's No. 1260	27×18 ..	3	10	0
„ No. 119	..37×18 ..	4	12	0
„ No. 229	..42×18 ..	5	4	0
„ No. 339	..47×18 ..	5	12	0
„ 1K-4K38",43"48"53×18Avg.		5	14	0
„ No. 95	..58×20 ..	8	5	0
„ No. 66999	..40×18 ..	5	8	0
„ No. 86999	..40×18 ..	6	0	0
„ No. 775	..40×18 ..	6	0	0
„ No. 875	..45×18 ..	6	8	0
„ No. 975	..50×18 ..	7	0	0
„ No. 615	..50×18 ..	7	0	0
Graham's Balloon	..58×20 ..	8	5	0
Greaves' No. 5060	27×18 ..	..		
Flemings No. 8080	..26×18 ..	3	5	0

WHITE NAINSOOKS—

Ralli's No. 7070-9090	27×18 ..	4	8	0
„ No. 61-81	.. .. ..	4	4	0
„ No. 1850	.. „ ..	3	10	0
„ No. 1900	.. „ ..	3	12	0
„ No. 2600	.. „ ..	3	14	0
„ No. 21021	.. „ ..	4	0	0
„ No. 39620 T. B.	38×22 ..	6	13	0
Graham's Nos. 88-8888	28×18 ..	5	4	0
„ No. 95950-97970				
Saraswati	..38×18 ..	8	8	0
„ Tipoo W/WWW	34×18 ..	6	2	0
„ No. 50000	.. „ ..	6	10	0
„ No. 33340/33350/33360		7	2	0
Lyon's No.4545-5656 6767	..26×18 ..	4	4	0
Greaves' No. 30000-50000	„ ..	..		
„ No. 8000 T. B.	38×22 ..	..		
Ritchie's Nos. 3500-4510 5520 ..	..26×18 ..	4	4	0
S. W. and Co's. Nos. 5800-5820 "Motor Car" ..	..	4	3	0

The above quotations are on Bazaar terms with discount of three and a half per cent on Grey and four per cent on White Goods.

JAPANESE GREY CLOTHS—

No. 666 Shirtings	..38×38	..Net	12	0	0
„ AAA 17 lbs.	..36×40	.. „	..		
„ 2500 Shirtings	36×40	.. „	17	8	0
„ 5151 „	..44×38	.. „	16	4	0
„ 4141 „	..44×38	.. „	12	6	0
„ 5544 „	..44×38	.. „	12	0	0
„ 3800 „	..44×38	.. „	19	8	0
"C." Sheetings	..30×36	Ex. Bond	9	6	0
"9" Dragons	..30×36	Ex. Bond	9	6	0
"Elephant" Drills	..29×40	.. „	18	0	0
"Duck" Drills	..26×40	.. „	16	4	0

YARN MARKET.

Bombay, May 14.

Since our last prices have become easier all around owing to steady decline in American Cotton and consequent decline in Local cotton as well as absence of buying due to lost of confidence in the present level of prices. In fact in many cases rates declined all of a sudden and nervousness amongst the dealers has been in evidence from all sides. They are inclined to dispose of their holdings at any rate and it seems as though the buyers are able to command the market at the moment. The general position is very unsatisfactory and reports all consuming centres are discouraging.

ENGLISH YARNS.—Prices have been easier to some extent in Manenhester but there being very large difference businss has not been possible. Some special yarns have been selling from stock at a heavy loss due to Japanese competition.

JAPANESE YARNS.—Prives have been regularly falling and the limits reached at present are much too low. The Import Houses are inclined to sell even at lower rates, but bueyrs are awa yand do not wish to buy at any rates. As their commitment have been very heavy. Business therefore is small and negligible. Goods from stock and near deliveries have been offered at very attractive prices but in the absence of large buying prices have been declining owing to heavy arrivals.

INDIAN YARNS.—Dealers have been selling at buyer's rates and this has naturally caused a very sharp decline in prices which in some cases have gone down at about one anna or more per pound during the week. Mills are also inclined to sell some of their stocks at rates which appear very rediculous but even there buyers are difficult to find. Th emarket is very nervous and business is stagnant.

Offtake is somewhat improved at lower levels and this is the only way of hope. Is offtake improves stocks with the dealers may be exhausted within the course of next few days and they will have to go to the mills for fresh purchases. It is also expected that the consuming centres are bare of goods and they might come to buy at such a low level.

The tone is distinctly easier at the moment and more depends upon the course which Cotton takes in the near future. But we believe the prices have been fast coming to a level which should induce large buying in the long run.

BOMBAY-CHINA YARN MARKETS. DAILY QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, May 15.

	per lb.	Rs.	a.	p.
Kilachand	.. No. 14 1-2	0	13	0
Kilachand	.. No. 20 1-2	0	15	0
Currimbhai	.. No. 12 1-2	0	12	3
Elphinstone	.. No. 12 1-2	0	12	0
David ..	.. No. 10 1-2	0	12	3
Shapurji ..	.. No. 10 1-2	0	12	0
Trikamdas ..	.. No. 10 1-2	0	12	6
Sattara ..	.. No. 10 1-4	0	12	6
Shapurji ..	.. No. 6 1-2	0	11	0
Light-house	.. No. 6 1-2	0	10	9
Japan ..	.. No. 40—1	1	6	0
„ ..	.. No. 42—2	2	4	0
„ ..	.. No. 20	1	0	0
„ ..	.. No. 32	1	4	0

WEEKLY COTTON MARKET REPORT.

Bombay, May 15.

The decline in the home markets continued until yesterday when there was a small reaction. The nett change in prices has been as under:—

		July.	Oct.	Jan.
New York	7/5/25.	23.04	22.75	22.52
Do.	14/5/25	22.17	21.99	21.80
		—.87	—.76	—.72
		July.	Oct.	Jan.
Liverpool	7/5/25.	12.35	12.14	12.06
Do.	14/5/25.	11.92	11.72	11.62
		—.43	—.42	—.44

During the week the Bears have continued to have matters very much their own way and daily cables have reported aggressive selling on continued good weather and acreage estimates increased upto 7 per cent. At a time like the present it is very easy to go with the current but we begin to feel that the short side of the market is becoming dangerous. At the present moment many Liverpool opinions are as bearish as those people were bullish when the market was in the vicinity of 14 pence.

This morning we have received the figures of the American Mill consumption for April. These were 597,000 bales as compared with last month's figures of 583,000 and 1923 577,000 and 1924 480,000.

These figures are larger than was generally expected and are the heaviest recorded since May 1923. In our opinion they give one more warning against the policy of going short at current rates. There must now be a large short interest in New York largely of a speculative nature, and at any moment we may receive unsatisfactory account of the crop condition in some parts of the belt, which would result in a rush of short covering.

The local market has been depressed by the American decline and it has resulted in an absence of buying followed by the selling of a good deal of cotton by Jethawallas at distress rates and selling of hedge contracts against stocks. At any sign of a real recovery in American prices these shorts will have to be covered and we advise our friends not to wait too long before covering.

There is no improvement in the Mill Industry in India, but we think that at present rates those Mills who are short of actual cotton will be well advised to begin buying.

WHEAT.

London, May 14.

Barletta Russo—63 1/2lbs, 62-May/June sellers.

Rasario Santa Fe-64lgs. 62/6 May/June sellers.

Tone:—Quiet.

Australian 59/3 May/June sellers.

Choice White Karachi 61/5 May/June value.

Soft Red Karachi 60/9 May/June value.

Tone—Quiet.

Club No. 2 Calcutta 62/6 May/June value cargo. New South Wales 58/10 1/2 paid for March shipment to France and 59/3 paid for April shipment to Ireland.

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Bombay, May 15. (6-30 p. m.)

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by The Bombay Marwari Chamber of Commerce:—

Ready	Bazaar Terms. Rs.	a.	p.	Rail Delivery. Rs.	a.	p.
Wheat, White Delhi 70-30	58	0	0	58	11	0
Wheat, White Cawnpore 70-30	..			..		
Wheat, Karachi Bangla	..			..		
Rapesed Brown Delhi	..			..		
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore	12	0	0	12	6	0
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore	13	3	0	13	11	0
Linseed, Brown Bold	12	15	0	13	7	0
Linseed, Brown Thin	12	12	0	13	4	0
Teelseed, White 85-15	75	0	0	15	4	0
Teelseed, Gajar 75-25	..			..		
Teelseed, Gajar 50-50	..			..		
Teelseed, Black ..	..			..		
Poppyseed, White ..	..			..		
Groundnuts	70	0	0	14	4	0
Mowraseed	..			..		
Barley	45	0	0	6	12	0
Castorseed	67	0	0	13	5	0
Cotton Seeds, Ready Delivery	..			..		
Jira .. .. —	13	0	0	..		
Forward	Rs.	a.	p.			
Wheat, May .. —	8	11	6			
Wheat, Sept	8	9	6			
Linseed, May .. —	13	7	9			
Linseed, Sept. ..	13	12	0			

COLOUR MARKET.

May 15.

The market is dull and business passing is in limited Dyes. Dyeing Factories are buying their immediate requirements. Alizarines small packing had fair demand. Big packing is in poor demand. Magenta Crystals got some active demand at Rs. 5/8/0 per lb. Small Crystals are in poor demand even at Rs. 4/8/0 per lb. Indenthrines are in some demand. Sulphur Black is dull. Miscellaneous section is quiet.

Quotations are:—

Alizerine 20 per cent. paste Lunger Rs. 66.
Alizarine 20 per cent paste Cow Rs. 66.
Alizarine 20 per cent paste I. P Rs. 66.
Congo Red Rs. 1-5-6.
Nigrosene Xls Rs. 1-4-0.
Methyl Violet Rs. 2-4-0.
Victoria Blue Rs. 2-8-0.
Sulphuric Black Rs. 0-13-0.
Perpurine Benzo Rs. 2.
Perpurine-Delta Rs. 2-8-0.
Melachite Green Rs. 3-8-0.
Magenta Xls Rs. 5-8-0.
Remetine Xls Rs. 0-13-0.
Indenthrene Blue Rs. 3-12-0.
Soluble Blue Rs. 8.
Fast Red Rs. 5-8-0.

STOP ENCOURAGING ADULTERATION USE COCOGEM FOR ALL COOKING PURPOSES.

WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

("Specially written for "The Chronicle.")

Under the strong influence of a prolonged spell of favourable weather, and the continued apathy of trade the bears have successfully carried their campaign of aggressive sales without even giving breathing time to the bulls. This has resulted in a perpendicular decline of over a cent in the price of cotton. Right from the commencement of the week the selling pressure has been very intense. Wall Street leading the way; the sentiment has become so persistently bearish that with each succeeding decline the patience of the bulls has been heavily taxed with the result that they have all been compelled to unload their holdings on the market bringing further depression in values. It was only on the last day of the week that a recovery of about 25 points was reported, presumably because the Continent has evinced some interest in the buying of New Crop positions.

LOCAL MARKET.

The resisting capacity of our market having exhausted the prices could not remain firm against continued weakness in the American cotton. It was on the 9th inst. that our market showed signs of weakness, when owing to selling by commission houses the quotation for Broach was forced down to Rs. 451. The decline that set in was further carried on the 11th inst, and Broach dropped to Rs. 446 owing to selling by commission houses which ensued on reports of much lower Liverpool opening rates of the day. On the following day however the market was little erratic. Opening at Rs. 439/8 in sympathy with the decline in New York futures Broach July/Aug. dropped to Rs. 435 on liquidation by tired bulls, but steadied in the evening and closed at Rs. 438/8 on scatter ed short covering. On the 13th instant a big drop occurred in the price of Broach owing to heavy unloading by a prominent bull. Opening at Rs. 433 in the morning the rate for Broach July/Aug collapsed to Rs 425, a further decline being arrested by the bazaar operators who were moderate buyers The close was therefore slightly better at Rs. 429. On the following day the market recovered much of its lost ground, and this despite a further drop in the New York market, Broach July/Aug opened at Rs. 426 and after an initial decline to Rs. 424½ on selling by commission houses gradually recovered and closed strong at Rs. 433 on buying by exporters and bazaar dealers, as on the day the Liverpool opening quotations were reported much higher that expected. On the 15th the market opened with Broach M G July/Aug. at Rs. 434. Japanese houses were moderate buyers, as the Japanese yarn market was reported slightly better.

SPOT MARKET.

The spot market continues dull there being practically no demand from the Continent and Japan. The local mills have been very poor buyers, and the prices have declined all round. The arrivals in Bombay are still on the increase, and whereas on the 13th inst. 30,77,985 bales as compared with 29,94,965 bales for the same period last season.

Our opinion on the future course of the price of cotton remains unchanged and we still look for a lower level of prices. We are of opinion that the reaction that has come in will prove to be temporary, for it must be remembered that even the extensive short covering that was reported on the 14th inst, did not bring with it any solid recovery in the market on the day and the sentiment ruling all over the world is still for sales on all rallies. The weather conditions continue to be very favourable, and the offtake from trade is still very poor. Under these conditions we are still inclined to believe that should there be a further advance in the market, the opportunity should be utilised for making sales.

So far as the local market is concerned the position is still worse. The stocks are increasing, and the mills continue a hand to mouth policy of buying. The demand from the outside world is very disappointing, and our prices are in parity still higher than those ruling in America. To add to this the Exchange has again become firm owing to the pressure of export bills from Calcutta. There is therefore very little hope of any important inquiry coming in from the Continent. The weak holders are getting nervous and are offering lower prices for their stock. If there is no support from America they will have to part with some of their stock at reduced rates lest they should be called up by the banks to pay larger margins. Taking all these factors into consideration we have very little faith in the maintenance of a higher price level; and would still advise sales on any further rallies.

SUGAR MARKET REPORT.

Bombay, May 15.

Further to our last there have been no special developments in the local Market; yet the Market on the whole has ruled steadier specially during the second half of the week under review in sympathy with the tone of foreign Market, both in respect of ready and Forward Prices. The close of the week however evidences a slight reaction in a drop of about a Pence i nForward prices. Ready prices accordingly has shown an improvement of 3 to 4 As. per cwt. in the last week-end price-levels with fair purchase enquiries daily clearance including local requirements averaging 3750 bags a day as against 4,300 bags a day during the past preceding week. The highest and the lowest rates this week were Rs. 18/6 and Rs. 18/2 for Java Ready Sugar Rs. 18/1 and Rs. 17-14 for Mauritius Ready Sugar: Sh. 16/9 and Sh. 16/7 for June Sh. 16/7 and Sh. 16/6 for July. Sh. 16/7 and Sh. 16/5 for July-Aug-Sept. and Sh. 16/7 and Sh. 16/5 for Oct-Nov-Dec. Shipment for New Crop Java Sugar.

The Total Stocks inclusive of fresh arrivals of 11,111 bags of Beet Sugar per s.s. Venierio are estimated at 90,000 bags of Mauritius 4,000 bags of Java and 15,000 bags of Beet Sugar.

The following are the closing quotations ruling the Bazar to-day:—

Fine White Java Sugar:—
Ready Rs. 18/4 Per Cwt.
New Crop Java Sugar:—
Shipment June Sh. 16/7 Per Cwt F.B.H.
Shipment July Sh. 16/5 per cwt F.B.H.
Shipment July-Aug-Sept Sh. 16/5 per cwt. F.B.H.
Shipment Oct-Nov-Dec Sh. 16/5 per cwt. F.B.H. z
Mauritius Crystal Sugar:—
Ready Rs. 17/12 per cwt.

SUGAR MARKET.

Bombay, May 15.

As the monsoon is approaching the demand from Coast Ports and interior was brisk and prices for ready sugars were raised by two to four annas per cent all round, and clearances from Bazar were very satisfactory. In sympathy with good demand and small stocks of ready sugars there was good enquiry for Near position and a good business was done. In White Javas June shipmtnt C16/8 to 16/6 Free Bombay Harbour. A small quantity was done for August/December C16/5s. to 16/6 F.B.H. Karachi and Calcutta reported quiet but steady markets without anyimportant business. Java ruled steadier with fair business doing. America and London ruled firm with good business. The following are the Bazar rates and stocks:—

T M O Rs. 18-4s. 19/1s. F B Harbour stocks 2000 Bags.
T M O June 16/7s. F B Harbour stocks.
T M O July/December 16/6 F B Harbour stocks.
B R B R.s 18 19s. F B Harbour stocks 6000 Bags.
Mauritius Rs. 17-12 to 18 F B Harbour stocks 1,10,000 Bags.
About 15000 bags of B R B arived by various steamers.

JAVA SUGAR

London May 14.

Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta 16/4 1/2 June/Jul sellers.
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta 16/3 Jul/Sep sellers.
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta 16/3 Oct/Dec sellers.
Fine White Java C. & F. Bombay 16/5 1/2 Oct/Dec sellers.
Fine White Java C. & F. Karachi 16/6 1/4 Oct/Dec sellers.

CHEMICALS.

May 15.

Litharge, White sugar lead, Dextrine and caustic soda kept firm. Demand was fair for Dextrine, while the supply is limited, which has resulted in bringing up the price to Rs 24/8/0. Brown sugar lead, Hydrosulphide of soda, Bichromate of soda and Sodium sulphide have been very dull.

Farina is quoed a Rs. 17/2/0 and Sago flour at Rs. 12/12/0 per cwt. Other starches have had little interest.

Chlorides of Zinc and Magnesium have no fluctuations in the course of the week. The former is quoted at Rs. 20, while the later at Rs. 3/8/0 per cwt.

The market in general is dull,
Quotations are:—
Epsom salt Rs. 4-0-0.
Antimony Salt Rs. 0-8-3.
Acetate lead-white Rs. 42.
Bleaching powder Rs. 12.
Potassium Chlorate Rs 0-4-0.
Caustic Soda Rs. 20.
Magnesium Chloride Rs 3-10-0.
Dextrine Rs. 24
Maize starch Rs. 16.
Copperas green Rs. 4-8-0
Sodium Sulphide Rs. 9-4-0.
Acetic acid Rs. 0-8-6.
Aniline Salt Rs. 0-9-3.
Glauber salt Rs. 4-8-0.
Acetate lead Brown 34-0-0.
Bichromate potash Rs. 33-8-0.
Hydrosulphide soda Rs. 0-12-0.
Zinc Chloride Rs. 20-4-0.
Litharge flake Rs. 43.
Farina Rs. 17-2-0

MILL STORES.

May 15.

The market continued quiet. Prices evidenced little changes worth noticing. Cotton Healds and Steel reeds have had practically limited demand and the local inquiry was also insignificant. Home price kept firm at 20½ for 15/40s. Healds. Reeds are quoted at Rs. 0-2-4.

Woollen goods including Mannels and Roller cloths have had no further interesting features, only 18 oz. Roller cloth was scarce, and was quoted at Rs. 10/4/0 per yd. Clearer cloth was quiet.

Spring Buffers and Pickers and Roller skins are quite conspicuous by an absence of demand. Other leather sundries have nothing interesting.

Bobbins had slightly increased demand in Ring Rabbeths: Slubbings and Roving are steady. Deft and Conical pirns have an abundant supply which has overtaken the demand. English Bobbins continued with the usual demand.

The quotations are:—
Healds 15/40s. Rs. 1-4-6.
Reeds Rs. 0-2-4.
Roller Cloth 16-oz Ken Rs. 8-14-0.
Roller Cloth 18 oz Ken Rs. 10-4-0.
Scroll Bandings Rs. 1-5-0.
Tubular Bandings Rs. 1-14-6.
Ropes. Rs. 1-15-0.
Slubbing Tubes Jap Rs. 24.
Roving tubes Rs. 22-8-0.
Pirns Conical-5" Rs. 7-8-0
Pirns Universal Rs. 7.
Pirns Weft Rs. 7.
Ring Rabbeth 5" Enamel Rs. 7.
Warper Bobbins Rs. 65.
Dobby Harness Rs. 19.

UNION BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

The Sixth Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above Bank will be held on Wednesday the 20th instant at 3 p.m. (S. T.) at the Head Office of the Bank, 62-68 Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

The Directors of the above bank will submit to the Shareholders the following report for the year ending 31st March 1925 at the 6th Ordinary General Meeting to be held on 20th May:—

The Net Profit for the year including the sum of Rs. 75,343-9-1 brought forward from last year's account amounts to Rs. 2,53,272-14-8. This amount the Directors propose to dispose of as follows:—

To writing down the Premises Account by, Rs. 1,00,000; To set aside for Income Tax and Super Tax for the year Rs. 25,250; To carry forward the balance to next year's account, Rs. 1,28,022-14-8, total rupees 2,53,272-14-8.

The profits might have been larger were it not for the fact that our Premises Account hardly realised 2 per cent. on its Book value and further as pointed out in the Balance Sheet a sum of Rs. 89,506-10-0 has not been credited to the Profit and Loss Account for the reason stated therein.

The Directors regret they are unable to recommend any dividend pending the result of a suit which the Bank has had to file to recover the large amount due to it. It may be stated that this Loan was not made under the present management but before.

In the present depressed state of trade generally the Bank has not been able to show progress, nor will it be able to do so for some time to come.

During the period under review Mr. Shivnarain B. Nemani tendered resignation of his seat on the Board.

Two of the Directors Sir Hormusji Cowasji Dinshaw, Kt., M.V.O., O.B.E., and Mr. M. S. Captain retire under Artitcle 99 of the articles of Association. They offer themselves for re-election.

The Shareholders are requested to appoint Auditors for the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.

THE WEATHER.

SIMLA, May 15.

The storm in the bay has moved in west north-westerly direction and its centre this morning is about one hundred and fifty miles north-east of Madras.

The rainfall has been nearly general in lower Burma, Assam and local in Malabar. A few falls have occurred in Upper Burma, North West Frontier Province and south-east Madras.

The chief amounts are: Moulmein three inches, Rangoon, Mandalay and Silchar one and a half, Cochin six and Trivandrum one.

Forecast:—Furtuer increase in the Madras Presidency.

Earthquake report:—An earthquake shock of slight intensity at origin about three hundred miles away was recorded on the Simla seismograph at about twelve hours and forty-three minutes yesterday.—A. P.

WEATHER AND CROP REPORT.

CALCUTTA, May 14.

Bihar and Orissa 12th May 1925:—Light to moderate rain fell all over the province except in Gaya and Shahabad districts. Standing crops are doing well, particularly sugarcane. Harvesting of rabi crops is finished but threshing has seriously delayed in many places by the unseasonable rains. Sowing of jute and khadai crops continues in Purnea. Preparation of fields for jute and paddy continues in Orissa and for paddy in Chota Nagpur. The price of common rice has risen in three districts, fallen in three and is stationary in the remainder. The average price of local common rice at headquarters excluding angul and that of maize are practically stationary at 6.88 seers and 8.85 seers a rupee respectively. The supply of fodder and water is reported to be sufficient except in Singhbum where fodder is reported to be scanty. Cattle disease is reported from eight districts. The condition of the standing crops in the feudatory states of Orissa and Chota Nagpur is reported to be good.—A. P.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 Lous on Friday, the 15th May 1925, giving cats for the preceding 24 hours.

Th Punjab.—Skies are clear. Humidity is in excess at Rawalpindi and locally in defect elsewere. Temperature did not differ much from the normal. The thermometer rose yesterday to 107 deg. at Hissar and Ambala.

The United Provinces.—Skies are mostly clear and the air is generally drier than usual. Temperature was almost normal except at Jhansi, where the minimum alone was lower han usual. Both Mainpuri and Allahabad recorded a maximum temperature of 108deg. yesterday.

Sind ad Rajputana.—Skies are mostly clear and mosture in the air is generally in defect. Maximum and minimum temperatures were both hirher than usual at Mount Abu and the minimum lower at Ketch. The highest temperature recorded yesterday in the divi sion was 114deg. at Jacobabad.

Gujara, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are in general clear or lightly clouded and humidity is generally in defect. Maximum temperature was higher than usual in Cutch and Gujarat and the minimum at Bhavnagar Para only. Deesa recorded a maximum temperature of 113 deg. yesterday.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded in Berar and in general clear or lightly clouded elsewhere. Vapour in air is generally in defect in the west of the province. Temperature was almost normal except at Amraoti, where the minimum alone was higher than usual. The thermometer rose yesterday to 111 deg. at Khandwa. Akola Amraoti and Chanda.

The Konkan.—Skies are heavily clouded in the neigtbourhood of Marmagao and lightly clouded elsewhere. The air is locally dampen than usual. Temperature did not differ much from the normal. The highest temperature recorded yesterday at Bombay was 93.1deg (2 deg. above normal) and the lowest 82.6 degs. (4degs above normal).

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are moderately to heavily clouded in Hyderabad and in general lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in excess at Belgaum and Hyderabad and generally in defect elsewhere. Day temperature was almost normal; night temperature was either than usual in the northwest of the division and at Belgaum. A maximum temperature of 109 deg. was recorded yesterday at Malegaon.

General Remarks.—A telegram received from Simla this morning indicated that the storm in the Bay appears to have weakened into a depression with its centre lying about 150 miles off Madras and is moving in a westerly direction. Rainfall has been nearly general in south Malabar, while a few falls have occurred in Madras. The chief amounts are Cochin 5.99", Trivandrum 0.99" and Madras 0.17"

Forecast.—An extension of rainfall is expected to occur in the Peninsula.

Daily Weather Telegram for the 14th May 1925 issued from Simla.

The storm in the Bay has moved westwards since yesterday and lies this morning near 13 degs. N. and 84 deg. E. It is either of a small diameter or weakening. Rainfall has been nearly general in Mysore, and local in Lower Burma with a few falls in Assam, Bengal, Kashmir and Malabar.

The chief amounts were:—Bassein one inch; Rangoon, Diamond Island, Mymensingh, a half; Jalpaiguri three-quarters. Bangalore, Mysore a half.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA

Bombay, May 14

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.		
Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr.		29.711 inches.
Temperature of Air	.. ..	86 9 degrees
Wet Bulb Thermometer	..	80.4 "
Dew Point		77.6 "
Relative humidity of Air	..	74% "
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy equal to 10)	..	3 4 "
Maximum temperature of Air		93 1 "
Minimum do. do.	..	82 0 "
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight		NNW,NNE,WNW,NW
Movement of Wind from midnight to midnight		225 miles

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER Bombay Mean Time. h.	m.	Depth on Still. ft.	in	Day of Month.	LOW WATER Bombay Mean Time. h.	m.	Depth on Still. in ft
	May					May			
Fri.	15	4	25	25	1	15	10	33	18 0
		17	24	27	2		..	..	
Sat.	16	3	4	28	1	16	18	2	17 2
		15	39	26	1		21	11	19 1
Sun.	17	7	6	25	3	17	1	15	18 4
		19	41	26	8		13	16	19 0
M.	18	8	29	26	0	18	2	8	17 7
		20	35	26	9		14	17	19 1
Tu.	19	9	24	26	8	19	2	54	17 0
		21	23	26	9		15	11	19 1
W	20	10	12	27	5	20	3	35	16 5
		22	4	26	9		15	58	19 1
Th.	21	10	55	28	0	21	4	9	16 1
		22	43	26	8		16	39	19 1

BOMBAY POLICE COURTS.

"AUNK FARAK BETTING."

The story of how the lure of increasing money launched a lad of 15 years into trouble and criminal proceedings was narrated at the Esplanade Police Court, on Friday. Goculchand Jivji was going along Mumbadevi after collecting the master's outstandings when he fell in the hands of a Bhaya badmash. The Bhaya induced the lad to stake his money on **'Aunk and Farak'** betting, on the plea of making a fortune. The boy took in the bait easily but to his regret had a bitter experience, having lost about Rs. 95. The boy was afraid to show his face to the master and absconded. Khudabux Hormusji an Irani, in whose service the boy was informed the police of the disappearance of the boy. Subsequently the boy surrendered himself to his master and admitted his guilt and related his experiences to the master.

Charged with criminal breach of trust in respect of Rs. 110 before Mr. N. D. N. Khandallawalla Acting Third Presidency Magistrate, the accused pleaded guilty and prayed for mercy. Taking into consideration the request of the accused's master that the accused be dealt with leniently and that he was willing to employ him again, the Magistrate ordered the accused to be bound over in a sum of Rs. 40 for a year.

QUEEN'S ROAD MOTOR SMASH.

A FATAL COLLISION.

A motor smash occurred at about 11 p.m. on Thursday night on Queen's Road, resulting in severe injuries to six persons, who are now in the G. T. Hospital under treatment.

Two taxis, both containing passengers, were proceeding along Queen's Road in opposite directions at a terrific pace. Both occupied the centre of the road and neither would give way. The result was a fearful collision in front of 11, Queen's Road.

So great was the impact that one car, a Velie, was completely thrown off the road on to the pavement near the railway lines facing the opposite direction. The other car was completely overthrown and came to rest on its side.

ALLEGED CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST.

ACCUSED ACQUITTED.

At the Esplanade Police Court Mr. N. D. N. Khandallawalla, Acting Third Presidency Magistrate disposed of the case in which D. C. Battiwalla an auctioneer trading under the name and style of Messrs. MacKenzie and Co. was charged with criminal breach of trust in respect of a Persian carpet valued at Rs. 245 at the instance of J. J. Ghadiali.

Mr. Madan, pleader appeared for the complainant while the accused was defended by Mr. Bamanshaw Daruwalla pleader.

The facts of the case were that the complainant was a dealer in curior. He gave a Persian carpet to the accused in May last along with other articles for auction sale at a specified price. Subsequently though the complainant repeatedly demanded the money, for his articles, the accused put him off from time to time. Five or six months ago the complainant was informed that those articles were sold off.

The accused's defence was that he had a partner who financed the auctioneering firm. He had no connection or hand in the transaction of the firm. The account books of the firm showed that the complainant was paid off.

The Magistrate acquitted the accused and remarked that no case of criminal breach of trust was made out against the accused.

WATCH REMOVED FROM POCKET.

Sub-Inspector Kadirshah put up Easak Babumia before Mr. N. D. N. Khandalawalla with the theft of a silver watch and chain.

Lalchand Narayan a cloth merchant of Tasgaon had come to Bombay for making purchases. On Thursday he was watching the fire at Abdul Rehman Street when the accused rifled his pockets and walked off with the watch and chain. The accused was arrested on suspicion by a policeman on patrol duty.

The case was adjourned to inquire into antecedents of the accused.

ALLEGED CHEATING.

ACCUSED DISCHARGED.

Mr. S. S. Rangnekar, Chief Presidency Magistrate, disposed of the case in which Ardeshir Hormusji Bhathena, was charged with criminal breach of trust as an agent and forgery of a valuable security, at the instance of Jehangir Nowroji Kaka The Magistrate after going through the case discharged the accused.

Mr. Balubhai T. Desai, pleader, appeared for the complainant while Mr. Frank Oliveira, Advocate, defended the accused.

The complainant alleged that he was a rent farmer and knew the accused for the last five years. In 1921, the complainant obtained on lease certain premises from Mr. N. M. S. Roghe. He deposited Rs. 1,500 including a Municipal Bond of Rs. 1,000 with Mr. Roghe. The Bond became redeemable in July 1923 and was obtained from Mr. Roghe for being realised. The Bond was shown to the accused who represented to the complainant that he was conversant with Bank matters and undertook to recover money due on the Bond with interest. The accused gave the complainant to understand that he had requested the Bank to apply to Calcutta office to pay up the money as cash was needed and that the money would be sent to the complainant's address directly. Subsequently whenever the accused was asked for payment he would put the complainant off from time to time on one excuse or the other for the delay in payment. Later on the complainant grew suspicion and was informed that the Municipal Bonds were paid off directly from the Imperial Bank. The accused coming to know that the complainant was making enquiries, the accused admitted having misrepresented the money recovered from the Bond and assured the complainant to make good the money. But the accused never kept his word. The complainant came to know from the Imperial Bank that the Bond and Debenture had been repaid to the holder. As the complainant never signed the Bond he suspected that accused must have forged the signature. On the above facts a complaint was filed in June 1924. Mr. Oliveira, the Acting Chief Presidency Magistrate issued a notice and when the case came up for hearing, the accused represented to the complainant that he was writing to one Mr. Kaka for paying the money of the Bond. At the intercession of certain gentlemen, the complainant agreed to the consent notice being discharged. After this the accused paid him Rs. 650 and a havala for Rs. 350 was taken by Mr. K. A. Vakil. Mr. K. A Vakil denied having taken the 'havala' and never paid Rs. 350. The complainant therefore charged the accused with criminal breach of trust and forgery.

Mr. Oliveira for the accused denied the allegations and said that the complainant had authorised the accused to sell the bond.

The Magistrate in discharging the accused observed that documentary evidence was in favour of the accused and the evidence of the complainant did not impress him favourably.

ALLEGED ASSAULT

AN UNDER-TRIAL PRISONER'S ATTEMPT TO ESCAPE.

At the Mazagaon Police Court before Mr. G. R. Khairaz, Second Presidency Magistrate, Anandrao Damodar, an under-trial prisoner at Dongri Jail was charged with assaulting a police constable and trying to escape from police custody.

The facts of the case were that on April 9 there was a sentry placed to guard the batch of undertrial prisoners being taken from one part of the jail to the other. As the prisoners were being marched past the accused suddenly fell upon the sentry, snatched his rifle and threatened to attack him. The sentry took to his heels and sounded the alarm. Warders ran to the rescue of the sentry but the accused also rose to the occasion. The accused instead of following the sentry turned his attention to one of his pursuers and rushed at him with the pointed bayonet. Fortunately for the warder, the bayonet stuck in the warder's coat. Eventually the rifle was snatched and accused secured.

The accused pleaded guilty and stated that he did it under grave provocation and in self-defence. The prisoners were asked to march in file and as he was out of line the sentry assaulted him with the result that he was dazed. He therefore stopped in the march. The sentry again assaulted him and accused losing his patience, snatched the rifle and rushed on the sentry. He prayed for mercy.

The case stands postponed.

INGENUOUS FRAUD.

MARWARI FIRM CHEATED.

Mr. R. P. Thanawalla, police prosecutor, charged Norbert Dias, Joseph Andrews and Manuel Henriques before Mr. S. S. Rangnekar, Chief Presidency Magistrate on a charge of cheating Messrs. Nowla, Dongra and Co. in respect of Rs. 1,000.

The prosecution story was that Manuel who was a clerk in the complainant's firm planned with the assistance of the two other accused to cheat the complainanant. The first went to Bhusaval and wrote to the complainant firm in the name of one Mr. Donald S. Fraser, I.C.S., Collector and Joint Magistrate, Rampur, asking for a loan of Rs. 1,000. The complainant sent the amount by registered post on the second accused signing as a witness. Subsequently the fraud was detected and the police communicated with. Accused No. 1 was traced to Calcutta while the third accused was arrested at Miraj. The second accused surrendered to the police.

His Worship sentenced the first two accused to a day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 300 or in default two months' hard labour and the third was sentenced to 3 months' hard labour and a fine of Rs. 200 or in default 2 months' more.

A PATIL'S DIGNITY.

CASTEMEN EXPRESS REGRET FOR DISCOURTESY.

At the Dadar Police Court before Mr. N. J. Jungalwalla Sixta Presidency Magistrate, Namdeo Ganooji, Savalram Rakhmaji, Gangaram Ramji and Ganpat Umaji were charged with insult, assault and theft of Rs. 26-4-0 at the instance of Bhikaji Kondaji Mhatre.

Mr. S. B. Banaji, Bar-at-Law with Mr. Kotasthane, pleader, appeared for the complainant while the accused were defended by Mr. Gadkari, pleader.

The prosecution story was that the complainant is a Patil of Pelawa Telangu caste. He attended a marriage ceremony at Lalwadi, Parel. All the accused also belong to the same caste and were present at the marriage ceremony. As the head Patil of the caste it was the hereditary and time honoured right of the complainant to receive 'mana' (respect) at the hands of the caste people. In accordance with the usual custom Rs. 26-4-0 were placed along with 'pansupari' and flowers in the hands of the complainant by Rama Nathoo whose nephew was to be married. When the money and the articles were placed in the complainant's hands, accused No. 1 and No. 2 were alleged to have snatched away the money and the articles from his hands. Accused No. 2 gave complainant two blows with his fists while accused No. 4 threw down the turban worn by the complainant.

Mr. Gadkari for the defence stated that the complainant was not their Patil and he had no right to receive 'mana' from the accused. The money was rightly to go to one Ramchandra Genoo Shinde. Mr. Gadkari further submitted that there were different Patils in different localities.

After hearing the evidence and on the suggestion of the Court all the accused expressed regret for the insult offered to the complainant. The accused further undertook not molest the complainant in future and withdraw the cross case they had brought against the complainant.

ATTEMPT TO ROB.

At the Esplanade Police Court before Mr. S. S. Rangnekar, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Sub-Inspector Vanjara put up Sitaram Bihari on a charge of attempting to rob Hormusji Dosabhoy.

The prosecution alleged that the complainant was going along Kalbadevi Road on Wednesday when the accused came from a side lane and attempted to pick a purse from the complainant's pocket. The complainant, however, caught hold of the accused red-handed but the accused managed to give the complainant the slip. An excited chase ensued and in the end the accused was secured and handed over to the police.

The accused pleaded not guilty and said that the complainant had assaulted him on the 4th instant. When he saw him again at Kalbadevi, he thought to pay him in his own coin. The story of theft was a concoction.

The Magistrate sentenced the accused to pay a fine of Rs. 75 in view of his one previous conviction.

ALLEGED CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST.

Sub-Inspector Vanjara charged Matabhkia Singh Gajdarsingh before Mr. S. S. Rangnekar Chief Presidency Magistrate with criminal breach of trust in respect of Rs. 2,800.

The facts of the case were that the complainant Dhamraj Surajmal gave the amount to the accused on March 14 to pay different 'hundies.' The accused instead of paying the 'hundies' absconded and was traced to Bhaisana on the 7th instant.

As inquiries were incomplete the accused was remanded to police custody.

CAUGHT RED HANDED.

Chunilal Anupchand, a Marwari Shroff, having his shop at Bellasis Road reports to the police that he locked up his shop at 10 p.m. on Tuesday. At about 2 a.m. on Wednesday, he was awakened by a noise and found his shop door open. On his raising an alarm three persons rushed out of the shop and one of them was arrested with the aid of a Pathan. The accused was handed over to the police and some booty was found on his person.

FRIENDS IN PROFESSION.

Sergeant Hyde charged Habib Ahmed with the theft of a wooden box containing a small amount of money and a vest coat, studs and silver chain before Mr. N. D. N. Khandalawalla, Acting Third Presidency Magistrate.

The facts of the case were that the accused was one of the batch of **mavalies** that the police rounded up some days back. Further inquiries showed that an acquaintance of the accused had given him the key of his room and asked the accused to fetch clean clothes for him from his room as the friend was in police lock-up on suspicion. When the accused's friend was discharged from police custody he found the articles missing. The studs and silver chain were recovered from a Marwari with whom they were pledged for Rs. 2-12.

The accused admitted the theft of the wooden box but pleaded not guilty to the second charge of theft.

The case was adjourned as the accused's antecedents were not known to the police.

A RUSE THAT FAILED.

Manuel Henriques was further put up on a charge of attempting to cheat Nowla Donga and Co. in respect of Rs. 600.

The accused wrote a letter in the name of Mr. L. A. Oliver for a loan of Rs. 600. As the other two cases were pending, the suspecions of the complainant were aroused and after making arrangements with postal authorities a letter was sent to Miraj and the accused was arrested and brought down to Bombay.

As the accused had helped the police in tracing the other accused the Magistrate sentenced him to one day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 10.

THEFT OF JEWELLERY AND CASH.

Jehangir Rustomji Engineer, an Accountant residing on the first floor of a house in Powalla Stree, reports to the police that on Wednesday evening his room was broken open and jewellery and cash valued at Rs. 2,000 stolen. It appeared the complainant went to the Allbless Baug at about 4-45 p.m. and a couple of hours later was informed by a neighbour that his room had been broken into. He went home and found the lock on the door, and contents of two cupboards scattered about. He made an examination and discovered his loss. The police are making enquiries.

A SERVANT ABSCONDS.

Bhimji Ramdas, a partner in the firm of Messrs. Bhimji Ramdas and Co. reports to the police that their servant Ranchordas Narayen absconded after committing criminal breach of trust of Rs. 24,230. On the 11th instant, Ranchordas was given a cheque for Rs. 24,230 in the name of Dwarkadas Jamnadas to be paid into the Bank of India to Dwarkadas' account. The servant opened an account in his own name and gave the cheque of Rs. 24,230 to credit to his account. He then sent the counterfoil slip to Dwarkadas Jamnadas. On the following day viz:—12th of May, Ranchordas drew the whole amount from his account except Rs. 500 and disappeared. The complainant's cheque being dishonoured subsequently he was taken by surprise and reported the matter to the police. The accused is a native of Bilchpore and the police are making enquiries.

CORONER'S COURT.

LAW STUDENT'S DEATH.

JURY'S VERDICT.

Rao Bahadur B. N. Athavle, concluded the inquest on Friday on the body of Gopinath Atmaram, a law student who was found dead in the sea at Chowpatti. The brothers of the deceased deposed that they had no knowledge of his friends, nor did they know that Gopinath was in the habit of going to Chowpatti. According to them Gopinath went out after taking his meals at about 10-30 p.m. on the 6th instant and did not return.

The jury recorded a verdict of death due to the injury on the head hastened by shock, but there was no evidence to show whether death was accidental or suicidal.

A BIG THEFT.

NEIGHBOUR SUSPECTED.

On Thursday at 3 p.m. Motiram Ghanashyamdas a cloth broker residing on the first floor of a house in 2nd Fanaswadi lane went out with his family to see Tulsi Talao with a female neighbour. At about 4 p.m. he was informed at the Mulji Jetha Market that his room had been broken into. He went home at once and discovered that the front door lock was broken. The safe in the room and a wall cupboard were lying open. They key of the safe was kept in the wall cup-board but the thief evidently found it out and used it with advantage. On examining the safe and cupboard the owner found gold ornaments jewellery and cash valued at Rs. 23,845 missing.

His neighbour, Bisamber has been arrested on suspicion as the latter persuaded Motiram's family to go out with his wife to see Tulsi Talao and followed them.

DERBY BETTING.

LONDON, May 14.

The following is the betting on the Derby:—

100 to 15 against Cross Bow, 7 to 1 Ptelemy and Conquistador, 9 to 1 Manna (taken and offered), 100 to 7 Zionist (offered), 100 to 6 Solario (taken and ocered), 100 to 6 St. Becan (offered), 18 to 1 Runnymede, 25 to 1 Mucellas, 33 to 1 Dignity and Vicot (taken and offered), 40 to 1 Oojah (offered, and 50/1 taken).—Reuter.

COUNTY CRICKET MATCHES.

LONDON, May 14.

The following are the results or the matches that began on Wednesday:—

Middlesex vs. Somerset.—Middlesex won by 9 wickets. Somerset 123 and 119 (Hearne 5 for 17). Middlesex 135 and 106 for 1 (Dales forty-three not out).

Surrey vs. Gloucestershire.—Surrey won by an innings and 75 runs. Surrey 416 for 8, and declared. Gloucester 187 and followed on 154 (Green 64 not out. Fender 6 for 51).

Worcestershire vs. Yorkshire.—Yorkshire won by an innings and 17 runs. Worcestershire 218 and 65 (Malcoulay 7 for 20). Yorkshire 295 (Holmes 71, Sutcliffe 55, Oldroyd 55, Rogers 8 for 85).

Northamptonshire vs. Hampshire.—Northamptonshire won by an innings and 52 runs. Hampshire 76 and 83. Northamptonshire 211 (Jupp 64).

Lancashire vs. Scotland.—Lancashire won by an innings and 74 runs. Lancasbire 321. Scotland 52 (Dick Tyldesley 4 for 3, Parkin 4 for 28) and followed on, 195 (Groves 64, Parkin 5 for 40).

The following are the closing scores in other matches:—

Sussex vs. Essex.—Sussex 202 and 88 (Louden 4 for 41, Douglas 4 for 29). Essex 109 (Freeman 52, Tate 5 for 43, Cox 4 for 18) and 87 for 5.

Oxford University vs. Leicestershire.—Oxford 212 and 191. Leicester 175 and 8 for no wickets.—Reuter.

DAVIS CUP.

LONDON, May 14.

At Roshampton in the first round of the Davis Cup Denmark beat Rumania by 4 events to 1.—Reuter.

"DAILY MAIL" GOLF TOURNAMENT

LONDON, May 14.

At Hollinwell, Notts, the "Daily Mail" twelve hundred sterling golf tournament between the hundred best professionals in the British Isles was won by Charles Johns Purely Downs, with an aggregate of 293 for 4 rounds. Mitchell and Ray returned in 295 and Duncan in 300.—Reuter.

DAIVADNYA CRICKET CLUB.

The Twenty-Eighth Annual General Gathering of the "Daivadnya Cricket Club" will be held to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m., at Mangal Harischandralaya, Sandhurst Road.

LATEST AMERICAN FUTURES REPORT.

TONE BRIGHT.

A cable received this morning says the tone of the American Futures market is bright.

BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS.

PATHE.

GIRLS! YOUR FUTURE?

What would happen if I took that job—or, what would happen if I married this man? No, girl, no matter what her station in life, but has asked herself one or both questions, one time or many times. What has life in store for the young woman who faces it, puzzled in her eagerness for happiness? Is there a Greek fate that has one inevitable result in store for her no matter what she does, whom she marries, which way she turns? Or can she fashion her own course, straight and true to the goal she desires by thoughtful choosing? How can a girl tell? What should a girl do In boudoirs, dressing rooms, kitchens, factories, class rooms—wherever there are girls—these questions are asked, these problems are pondered. Would she be happy if she married a rancher, a scientist, or if she became a society reporter, no one knows exactly. See this week's picture at the Pathe Cinema for a solution of the problem.

GLOBE.

The new William Fox serial "Fantomas" will be shown from to-day at the Globe Cinema, Sandhurst Road. Fantomas is one of the most amazing criminals of the age. The police of the world know his record. They have studied his crimes, studied his daredevil and ingenious methods. The police are anxious for his arrest above all other criminals, because he has cast on their records of achievements a blot that has overshadowed all the good they have done. But while they long for his apprehension, there are few men who care to engage in a battle of wits with this man Fantomas. His spies and his agents are everywhere, and they do his bidding without regard—and one might say without fear—for the consequences.

It is a serial in 20 episodes from the well-known detective novels by Marcel Allain and Pierre Souvestre. It has a big Broadway cast, Edna Murphy, Johnnie Walker, Eve Palfour, and Edward Roseman in the role of Fantomas. The programme includes two reels comedy featuring Charlie Chaplin.

WELLINGTON.

William Desmond is the star of "The Measure of a Man" Universal picture to be screened at the Wellington Cinema (Dhobi Talao) to-night and this week. The screen story tells of these adventures of the man who became known as "The Parson." The main story begins with the approach of "The Parson" to a logging camp and a short time after his arrival a man is killed by a falling tree. "The Parson" is delegated to break the news to the man's daughter, with whom "The Parson" falls in love.

The evil interests that dominate Swamps End oppose the energies of "The Parson" and not until he has soundly thrashed some of the ruffians is he permitted to carry on towards his own purposes. One day he finds a gambler attempting to force attentions on the girl orphaned by the falling tree and the fight that ensues discloses the mystery of a woman's disappearance and the identity of an infant. The majority of the scenes were taken in the Big Bear Lake region a picturesque, heavily forested region in the Sierra Nevada Mountains, and some extraordinary photographic effects were obtained by the way of background.

WEST END.

The management of the West-End Cinema (New Churney Road) present to-night and this week a Universal Attraction Drama in 5 Reels, "Kissed," featuring the pretty popular star Marie Prevost. It is a comedy-drama of a young damsel who had pictured to herself what sort of her Prince Charming should be, and who at the time of selecting a husband, had a very merry time to find out her ideal. At a fashionable masque ball, a man kissed her and she resolved to marry the man who had kissed her—whoever he may be. After various manipulations, she believed that the local doctor had kissed her. So she eloped with him with a marriage license in his pocket. But during the train journey, she found out that she was running away with the wrong person. Meanwhile a single highway man stopped the whole train, and what funny incidents then happened, you will see on the screen. The programme includes the International News and an 8 Reel Century comedy "Broadway Beauties."

EXCELSIOR AND EMPRESS.

That magic story of Arabian Nights, "The Thief of Baghdad" promises to carry on its record breaking tradition in Bombay, for to-night it enters upon the second week's exhibition at the Empress and Excelsior Theatres. The glamour of old Bagdad and the subtle fascination of this fantastic story in its glittering setting has made an irresistible appeal to the Bombay public. In all its fourteen parts there is not a dull moment.

Those who have not already done so should take this opportunity of seeing Douglas Fairbanks in his latest and greatest film. See how he meets magic with magic and wins the hand of the Princess in the face of three great Princes of the East, though he is but a poor outlawed thief of Bagdad. It is a charming fantasy that should not be missed.

The timings are:—

Excelsior, Saturday and Sunday 3, 6 and 9-30 Other days 6 and 9-30.

Empress, Saturdays and Sundays 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30. Other days 6-30 and 9-30.

Also on Sunday morning at Empress 10 a.m. show.

EMPIRE.

A stirring sea story of the type that makes a universal appeal is at the Empire this week in "Fury" featuring Dorothy Gish. It is the story of a woman hater whose sole aim in life is to avenge himself on the man who ruined him by eloping with his wife. He dies at sea, but his son pledges himself to kill the man.

Then he discovers that the scoundrel is none other than a rival for the hand of the girl he loves. How he wreaks an awful vengeance is unfolded in the course of the film, and there is a thrilling climax when the son meets the traitor in a life and death struggle and finally hurls him into the sea to follow in the path of his dead father.

BOMB... S...

Engagements.

TO-DAY.

The s.s. "Razmak" with the English mails leaves at 1 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, May 20.

Sixth Ordinary General Meeting of Union Bank of India, 3 p.m.

Domestic Occurrence.

DEATH.

GORDHANDAS, son of Mr. Moolraj G. Nensey, aged 5 years, died yesterday morning. His Uthamana (ceremony) will take place to-morrow (Sunday) at 3 p.m. (Bombay Time) at Matunga.

VILE PARLE CATHOLIC ASSOCIATION.

The annual general meeting is to be followed by a social gathering will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 6 p.m. at Vile Parle when Mr. Joseph Alex. Dias, Solicitor, will preside.

PRARTHANA SAMAJ.

Prof. S. V. Phadnis will conduct the weekly Divine Service in the Bombay Prarthana Mandir, Girgaon to-morrow (Sunday) at 5-30 p.m.

The morning Divine Service will be conducted by Mr. S. V. Jaseri at 7-30 a.m.

CHICAGO RADIO RECEIVERS.

We have received from the Chicago Telephone Supply Co., Hornby Road, Bombay, a copy of their current catalogue of Chicago Radio Receivers. We are asked to state that the catalogue will be sent free to any of our readers writing for it.

COMMONWEALTH OF INDIA BILL.

Under the auspices of the Bombay National Convention Samiti Dr. Annie Besant will deliver a public lecture at the Congress House, Girgaum, on Monday, the 18th instant, on the Commonwealth of India Bill at 6-45 p.m.

RELIGIOUS DISCOURSES.

Swami Yatiswarananda of Shri Ramakrishna Mission will conduct a public class in English on the "Gospel of Sri Ramakrishna" at the Sri Ramakrishna Ashrama, Khar, Bandra, at 8-30 a.m. (S.T.) on Sunday (tomorrow), and will also give a public discourse on the "Raja Yoga" at the Bombay Students' Brotherhood, "Arya Bhavan," Sandhurst Road, Bombay at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) the same day.

Swami Viswananda will deliver a public discourse on the Gita at Kirtikar's Wadi, Lady Jamshedji Road, Dadar, at 9 a.m. tomorrow (Sunday). The Gita Class at the Saraswat Hall, Alexandra Road, Gamdevi, will be conducted by the Swami at 6 p.m. to-day.

FAREWELL TO MR. J. S. MILNE.

On Friday a farewell address was presented by the staff of the Accountant-General's Office, Bombay, to Mr. J. S. Milne, Accountant-General, who is proceeding on long leave preparatory to retirement. Amongst the large gathering who attended the function were Mr. W. R. Tennant, I.C.S., Mr. S. M. L. Bean, Mr A S B Bayley, Mr. P K Wattal, Mr. C M Correa, Mr. R. Ramaswamy Iyer, Mr. T S Pillai, Rao Saheb R V Rege, Mr F. S J Deda, Mr. S K Mehta and others. The address was read by Mr. M V Dalvi wherein the staff expressed their gratitude and appreciation of his services and sympathetic treatment on all occasions. The address was followed by the usual garlanding. Mr. Milne in reply thanked the staff in suitable words and shook hands with the officers and Superintendents who had assembled there, and thus the function terminated successfully.

ROBBING A POLICE CONSTABLE.

Mr. S. S. Rangnekar, Chief Presidency Magistrate, sentenced Sundersingh and Bowra Umra to three months and six months' hard labour respectively for attempting to rob a police constable on the Queen's Road on April 29 at 5-30 a.m.

The facts of the case have been reported previously.

PAREL PARSEE MANDAL.

The first gathering of the Parel Parsee Mandal will be held at the Damodar Hall, Parel to-morrow (Sunday) 5 p.m. (S. T.) under the presidentship of Dasturjee Saheb R. E. Sanjana when a programme of lectures, songs, skit, etc. will be performed. All Parsees are Cordially invited.

CHESS MATCH.

A Chess Match of 10 games was recently played between Prof. V. D. Alurkar of Bombay and Mr. V. K. Khadilkar of Sangli, in Bombay and resulted in the favour of Mr. Khadilkar. The score is as follows:—Mr. Khadilkar 6.

Prof. Alurkar. 1 and 3 draws.

BIG CITY BLAZE.

DAMAGE ESTIMATED AT RS. 3 LAKHS.

On Thursday evening at about 5 p.m. a big fire broke out in a building situated at the corner of Janpiker Street and Abdul Rehman Street.

Fire engines from Bhuleshwar, Babula Tank, Byculla, Mandvi, Fort and Gowalia Tank arrived promptly and found the two buildings enveloped in a big blaze.

The police from Pydhonie and Princess Street also arrived immediately and controlled the crowd of spectators. The fire was brought under control after two hours and finally extinguished.

The building belonged to Ranchodas Vallabhdas Shroff. The ground floor of the building was used as shops by various cutlery merchants and the upper floor was used as godowns for storing their goods.

It appears that some men were engaged by the landlord for tarring the roof. They were boiling tar in the passage between the two buildings when suddenly it blazed up and set the first floor on fire. The first floor and the godowns were completely gutted, and the shops on the ground floor were damaged by water.

A fire again broke out at 7-30 p.m. but was easily extinguished by the Bhuleshwar Fire Brigade who were summoned for the purpose.

Damage to goods is estimated at about three lakhs of rupees while the damage to the buildings is estimated at about Rs. 20,000. It appears that none of the shops were insured.

OOTACAMUND, May 15.—The Race Fancy Dress ball held last night at the Assembly rooms, Ootacamund was the ball of the season and was very largely attended by sportsmen residing at the station, both European and Indian.—A. P.

& POWER

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with which is affiliated the Turkish Baths is invaluable to the Clergyman, Harassed Lawyer, Jaded Journalist, sedentary workers of every kind and weary workmen, because it equalises the circulation, relieves the brain, and tones up the whole system, it mitigates the ill-effect of late hours and unequal use of brain and body, Cleanses the system, frees the blood. Insurance policy of health and beauty, cures diseases, open as usual, Sundays and holidays 283, Hornby Road, Fort, opposite Whiteaway. Turko-bath oldest and original 9 a.m. to 9 p.m.

MYSORE PIG IRON.

Pig Iron made at Bhadravati (Mysore State) is the purest and strongest iron yet made in India, because charcoal is used as fuel. Apply SALES OFFICER, MYSORE IRON WORKS, 1st Floor, Rustom Building, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

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RECTIFIERS, METERS, TESTING INSTRUMENTS,

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5

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that no more applications should be sent for posts of Librarians advertised in the "Chronicle" issues of 25th and 27th April, 1925, as the Library plan is dropped. LOKMANYA LIBRARY, Baroda.

BIJOYA MALAM

(Registered).

The sample of our wonderful Specific BIJOYA MALAM was submitted to one of the renowned British Firms of Analytical Chemists of India for chemical examination and the certificate obtained from them as the result of analysis as under will speak for itself as to the purity of our preparation:—

NO. 539.

"The sample of your preparation (BIJOYA MALAM) gives no indication of any impure matter and appears free from injurious deleterious and poisonous Metallic Salts."

(Sd.) J. & R. HUTCHISON.

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The Bombay Chronicle

SATURDAY, MAY 16, 1925.

MR. MONTAGU.

In judging the work of Mr. Montagu, whose statue was unveiled on Thursday evening by Mr. Sastri, we have to look less at the actual results of his policy and the scheme of reform which bears his name than at the brilliant enlightenment and immense moral courage which distinguished his fight for India. Though we do not think that his constructive work for India was of absolutely no help to him in his political life in England, it is nevertheless undeniable that no British statesman ever identified himself with the Indian cause of self-government with the liberalism and the tenacity of purpose of Montagu. And the widespread feeling which found expression at Thursday meeting that he incurred considerable opprobrium and risked political extinction for the sake of India is, we believe, not unfounded. For he viewed India not as a possession meant for the exclusive civilising mission of British Imperialism but as a problem of transition from a bureaucratic despotism to an indigeneous democracy; and what is more, he attempted, tardily no doubt, to translate his belief into terms of an active policy. In the preoccupations and moral fervour of the war, the Montagu policy was launched but the Die-Hards never forgave him. At the first possible opportunity Mr Lloyd George sacrificed him to the clamours of reaction and it was not so much the publication of Lord Reading's cable as the progressive inclination of Mr Montagu that was ultimately responsible for his dismissal. The wild and unprecedented enthusiasm with which the House of Commons greeted the news of his resignation as well as the ill-concealed joy of the Civil Service at his fall emphatically betray the forces of opposition aroused by his sympathy for the Indian national movement.

Of Clamenceau it has been said that he had one illusion, France. The illusion of Mr. Montagu was his Reform scheme which absorbed him completely and eclipsed his political insight and foresight. Like the woman in Browning's Ivan Ivanovitch, he threw almost everything to the wolves of Die-Hardism to save his pet child, the reforms. We wish Mr. Sastri had not mentioned the Punjab affair to show the responsive nature of Mr. Montagu because his failure in handling the Punjab situation was the greatest blot of his administration as was, indeed, acknowledged even by Britishers of Mr. Montagu's own party. That failure was due partly to Mr. Montagu's infatuation with the reforms which prevented him from realising how profoundly the miscarriage of justice would jeopardise his scheme and partly because with all his sympathy even he could not *feel* the racial humiliation involved in the Punjab episode. Nor was his fiscal policy less detrimental to the interests of India. Under him occurred the abortive experiment of artificially raising the exchange, the disastrous swindle of Reverse Councils and the anti-national sterling loans causing serious economic dislocation and enormous losses; though it was a sop to pacify the City of London suspicious of the new constitution, through the financial stringency it brought about it dried the springs of ministerial creativeness. Equally opportunistic and short-sighted was his conduct in agreeing to perpetual increases in the extravagant emoluments of the Services by which he meant to buy off their opposition. That, at any-rate, is the most charitable construction one can put upon his series of weak surrenders to the truculent agitation of the Services. From one of his letters to Mr. Sastri published recently in the "Servant of India," it appears that he misunderstood the attitude of Indians regarding the Services. He was, it seems, distressed at the Assembly's opposition to the Lee Commission and pleaded for a reorganisation of the Services in consonance with the altered conditions and principles of the new order of things. It was a preposterous apology. For, it was an important drawback of his scheme that it left the powers of the bureaucracy intact and did not enforce the wholesome constitutional principle that the Services should be responsible to Ministers. Moreover, in the Assembly debate on the Lee Report it was not the Government but Pandit Motilal Nehru who urged a fundamental reconstruction of the Services to suit the demands of popular responsibility. In fact, however, the Lee Report viewed the Services not as an instrument of popular will whose machinery had to be modified to make it an efficient vehicle of the legislature's decisions but as a sacred Estate of the Realm to be sedulously protected from the ignorant and reckless aspirations of the people. The Civil Services Bill has shown that the Assembly, whose action Mr. Montagu disapproved, was right in distrusting the trick of a Commission which, in the guise of reorganisation, has enhanced the salaries of the Services, lessened the pace of indianisation, robbed the Assembly of its meagre powers and strengthened the position of the Services *pace* the reforms.

Mr. Montagu, in the course of one of those letters, deplored the rejection of his advice by Indians. Mr. Sastri, charmed by the personality and accessibility of the late Secretary of State, echoes this complaint in a rather sentimental vein. We have always held that a calm trial of the Montagu scheme, hybrid and inadequate as it was, was effectively hampered by the Punjab atrocities and the Turkish iniquity. The rejection of the reforms, the boycott of the Prince and the declaration of non-co-operation which Mr. Sastri condemns as "suicidal plans" were the outcome of those incidents; Mr. Sastri thinks them to be suicidal because, foresooth, they weakened the position of Mr. Montagu and he holds out the precious hope that, but for these incidents, he would have continued in office and given another instalment before 1929! We are amazed at the credulity of politicians who build their plans not upon the strength of their people and the justice of their cause but upon the accidental presence of a Secretary of State for ever and ever; it is a bankrupt statesmanship which suffers a movement to collapse and thinks that the world has come to an end because of the resignation of one official or another. The Muddiman Committee Report has recorded the epitaph of the Montagu scheme which has been wrecked through the sabotage of the Services and the inherent absurdities of dyarchy, not the "suicidal plans" of boycott or obstruction; that is why reactionaries and bureaucrats now swear by it. For is Mr. Sastri unaware of the wise French saying that small reforms are often the worst enemies of great ones? Surely there is no "suicide" in developing national self-reliance and effective force which, after all, win freedom and mould institutions. And long after mechanical inventions like dyarchy and certification are forgotten, the name of the man who sought to create the moral equivalent of force will endure. Mr. Sastri pathetically asked, when comes another such as Montagu? What we want, however, is not another Montagu, enlightened as he was, but a power which regardless of Montagus or Oliviers or Birkenheads can compel the British people to recognise India's natural right.

THE BAN IN BURMA.

Burma is at present in the throes of repression not equalled in intensity by any other Indian province except, perhaps, Bengal. The mass awakening of which this coercive policy is the sequel was the result of the impact of the Non-co-operation movement; the doctrine of non-violence had a natural appeal to the Buddhist mind while racial homogeneity and the influence of religion helped the vigorous prosecution of the national programme. The present period of decline, therefore, is an opportune moment for the bureaucracy to arm itself with powers for the expulsion of inconvenient politically-minded non-Burmans; incidentally such a policy being represented as bringing nearer the ideal of "Burma for the Burmans" successfully buys off the nationalist opposition and divides the forces arrayed against it. On another occasion we propose to deal with the Sea Passengers' Bill levying imposts on those who enter Burma by sea, that has been enacted by the Burma legislature. In the last legislative session the Burma Government also introduced a Bill authorising expulsion from Burma of non-Burmans, convicted of criminal offence or ordered to furnish security for good behaviour. The Bill has naturally aroused widespread suspicion and alarm among the Indian community which regards it as a menace aimed at itself. It has been referred to a Select Committee despite the opposition of five Indian and one or two European members who spoke against it and will come up before the Council in August next. Hence it is essential to realise the implications of this measure in introducing which the Home Member used sinister terms like "repatriation" and "reciprocity" as though Burma and India were two independent and sovereign powers.

The case against the Bill has at least two obvious lines of attack and both of them were developed in the debate on the measure. In the first place it is objectionable because of its comprehensive scope which allows deportations even for trivial offences like defamation or insults. Even the recommendation of the Crime Enquiry Committee which was the Home Member's sole justification for the Bill restricted itself to habitual offenders; the Home Member in his reply had to admit this fact by naively pleading that the Bill went further and included cases of "serious crime"—as though the possession of wireless telegraphy without license could be considered an adequate ground for deportation in any country. But the Bill is obnoxious not merely because of the nature of the offences it includes but also because of the wide powers it gives to the judiciary which will have to pry into the secrets of every individual instead of deciding things on evidence Moreover, there is to be no right of appeal and Burma, like Bengal, is going to ignore the rights of *habeas corpus*. The other and no less formidable ground of opposition arises from the vagueness characterising the applicability of the Bill. The term "Non-Burman" used in this connection is being defined as a person born outside Burma or born in Burma of parents neither domiciled nor habitually resident in Burma. It depends entirely on the magistrate to intrepret the words "domicile" and "habitual residence" since their real meaning is left ambiguous; for the Home Member also admitted that the question of domicile depends upon the merits of a particular case. But such a definition, even if clarified, leaves no room for the acquisition of citizenship through naturalisation. Why should citizenship be made to depend upon the arbitrary and accidental basis of birth instead of on the quality of common nationhood? For Burma, an Indian Province, can have no right to erect such barriers against Indians. Habitual criminals do not become less dangerous by being sent to India. If those who commit crimes in Burma repeat their offence, the law in Burma, we presume, is sufficient to deal with them again. A Bill of this kind is a reflection on the legal administration of Burma even much more than on the non-Burman population in Burma. But the nebulous character of the definition and the extensive powers assigned to magistrates are particularly detrimental to the political activities of Indians. Indeed, it is possible, as one Indian member hinted during the debate, that one of the chief objects of the Bill is to exclude Indians from participating in the political life of Burma on pain of being deported. That Indians would come "under the ban of the measure" in many cases was confessed by the Home Member. The Bill is, indeed, a clever instrument through which the bureaucracy seeks to obtain autocratic powers while driving a thin end of the wedge of the separation of Burma from India which some Anglo-Burman nationalists are prone to welcome. In a word, the Bill consolidates the position of the bureaucracy and facilitates its work by dividing the people it rules. We only wish the Burman Nationalists saw through these mischievous tactics and refrained from supporting them.

Notes of the Day.

Ill-Advised,

The action taken by His Exalted Highness the Nizam in prohibiting the entry of Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya into his territory is as ill-advised as it is unfortunate. Even assuming that some of the activities of Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya regarding the Hindu Sangathan movement have retarded rather than helped the growth of Hindu-Muslim unity, the ban on his entry into Hyderabad will not check those activities. On the other hand, the Nizam's inexcusable and arbitrary interference with the rights of his Hindu subjects will create a sense of genuine grievance the reaction of which on Hindu-Muslim relations not only in the Hyderabad State but also throughout the country will be most deplorable. Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya is one of the most respected of India's leaders and the high-handed and unceremonious manner in which his entry into Hyderabad territory as the guest of the Hindu subjects of the Nizam is sought to be prevented, will be regarded as an affront to the country. We trust the Nizam will reconsider his singularly unwise decision.

Rider Haggard.

Sir Rider Haggard, whose death is announced, was a successful novelist, but he does not rank with the immortals. Hall Caine wrote stories of human passion and Thomas Hardy rested on tales of domestic complexity; Rider Haggard dwelt upon novels of adventure without any formal pretence of psychological penetration. "King Solomon's Mines" was an idle adaptation of the Arabian Nights, gorgeous, mysterious, primitive. Rider Haggard's genius was fired by his love of Africa. The covetous enthusiasm of Cecil Rhodes made him attempt the same epic in terms of depraved conquest. Rider Haggard found fascination in it and interpreted the spirit as an episode of historic marvel. His stories consisted of silken narrative and all through his life he was interested in Empire-emigration. It was a pity that a man of his capacity could not rise above the jargon of imperial drivel. He wrote of the days of Pharoah and described the reign of Cetewayo. He revelled in exhausted events with the passion of the fable-writer. Allan Quatermain was his hero, just as Sherlock Holmes was the recurring ideal of Conan Doyle, masterful, brilliant. Rider Haggard was an imperialist and his reputation is dead to the charm of posterity. Nevertheless we feel a tinge of sorrow at the departure of the author of "She" and the "Moon of Israel."

The Bureaucratic Spirit.

There have been complaints recently on the part of the travelling pulic in Bombay about the rude behaviour of many train conductors. In this connection it is interesting to notice that a writer in the "Frankfurter Zeitung" of 19th April observes that on the Franfurt tramways a notice has been recently put up on the car windows saying "passenges are permitted to get in or get out also by the front-platform." The writer observes ironically: "This is the first time that a German public authority permits anything. So there is some hope for us. Until now everything was prohibited (verboten) in Germany, particularly on the railways, not to say anything of what peple must not do, on roads and bypaths, in official ante-chambers and in forest glades, on approaches to bridges, and in churchyards, in parks and waiting rooms and museums. Now something is allowed. We have come of age. This is progress. Penaps the bureaucracy will now lessen the rigour of its shackles and care to endear itself to the people." He proceeds to narrate some bitter experiences of his about grotesque bureaucratic regulations: One when he wanted to send a telegraphic money-order, this German citizen in a self-governing country took an hour over it, he had so many forms to fill; on another occasion having to change at a railway station into another train which was leaving within two minutes, he got into a higher class carriage by mistake, not having the time to tell the conductor or the guard that he could only just chance to get in, and was willing to pay the difference in fare. He was charged ten times more what was due, and after a lengthy correspondence with the chief railway official got a refund minus the postage expenses the railway had borne. Thus he is delighted to note that at last something is "permitted" to the German people. "St. Burokratius and we can now get along somewhat better" is his concluding hope. It is a hope which people in this country, particularly railway travellers, who seem to have only duties towards the railway administration to perform, will echo. With what result one cannot, however, say!

The Montagu Statue.

The Montagu statue by a "reputed London sculptor" is decidedly different in surface and general treatment, from the majority of statues in the city whose pretty, wooden, inanity heightens the glaring chaos on our streets. The simplified planes, the angular exaggerations and the peculiar accentuations in pose one perceives in the statue have been familiar to students of the artistic tendencies current in the West. The treatment has been, for long, in the fashion there. The natural attitude has not wholly emerged from the pose. The rendering is effective as a fact, if it is a fact. The arrangement of the "sprawling legs," the weight in the almost flat hand on the right, the limp hold on the scroll in the left hand, the stiff folds in the dress, the inclining angle of the figure and the emphasised expression in the features reveal the determination, the tenacity of the intellectual fighter. That is one aspect that has been rendered with success. But is that the only fact in Mr. Montagu's personality? If that is so the sculptor has, no doubt, interpreted the commonplace. But the "martyred English statesman" with "bold plans," vision and the "first authentic gesture of abdication" required from the sculptor interpretation of qualities which he appears to have subordinated to the one commonplace dominant fact. The "over-bony" treatment of the right and the broad paw like effect of the left hand are unnecessary or rather an indiscrimante employment of the sculptor's skill which thus appears to degenerate into a recipe. The rugged cast of the body in contrast with the toned down intellectuality of the features is evidently a compromise, an unconquered indecision of the sculptor's mind or an uncertain control of his hand. The base of the statue needs something better than the pedestal locally supplied. It is neither a lamp-stand nor a decorative centre-piece drawing room shelf. But the designer has evidently obtained his inspiration from these pieces of furniture. He keeps company with the designers of similar wares sprinkled along our highways. Did he measure the figure above? Did he understand the lines of the base? What is the mystic significance of the decorative band on the top? And the area around and the stumbling blocks which mark the square? How were they inspired?

HAND OF FELLOWSHIP.

LIBERALS' OFFER TO SWARAJISTS

TAMMANY HALL METHODS TO GO.

ALLAHABAD, May 15.

Sir Surendranath Banerji in the course of a lengthy article in the "Leader" on the "Swaraj Party. How far will they go?" after asserting that the Swarajya Party have begun the process of climbing down in obedience to the pressure of public opinion and that "with his followers Mr Das's power is on the wane" concludes: "In the meantime the Liberal Party are prepared to stretch out to him the hand of fellowship and friendship provided he and his party give up the tactics of obstruction and Tammany Hall methods which they have adopted in public life These have spread demoralisation, have degraded our public spirit, have sapped all sense of reverence and have infected the youth of the country with the dangerous virus of indiscipline.—A. P.

SIR RIDER HAGGARD.

WELL-KNOWN AUTHOR DEAD.

LONDON, May 14.

Sir Rider Haggard, the well-known author, is dead.—Reuter.

[Sir Henry Rider Haggard was born in June 1856. He was Secretary to Sir Henry Bulwer, Governor of Natal, 1875, on the staff of Sir Theophilus Shepstone; Special Commissioner to the Transvaal, 1877; with the late Gen. Brooke formally hoisted the British flag over the South African Republic at Pretoria on Queen Victoria's birthday in 1877. He was the Master of the High Court of the Transvaal in 1878. He joined the Lincoln's Inn and became a Barrister in 1884. He was the Chairman of the Committee of the Society of Authors from 1896 to 1898. He journeyed through England to investigate the condition of agriculture and of the rural people and became an authority on matters Agricultural. He travelled round the world as a member of the Dominions Royal Commission from 1912 to 1917. He visited all the Oversea Dominions as Honorary Representative of the Royal Colonial Institute in connection with the After-War-Settlement of Ex-service Men in 1916. He was thanked by the Institute for "conspicuous service to the British Empire" and elected vice-President of the Institute in 1917. He was a much travelled man. He married at the age of 24 and had three daughters. He was knighted in 1912. He was a famous author and wrote about sixty novels of which the following were very popular; King Solomon's Mines, 1885; She, 1887. Cleopatra, 1889; Beatrice, 1890; Montezuma's Daughter, 1894; Heart of the World, 1895. Black Heart and White Heart, 1900; Rural England; 1902; The Return of She, 1905; The Ghost King, 1908; Queen Sheba's Ring, 1910; The Mahatma and the Hare, 1911; Finished, 1917; Moon of Israel, 1918; Wisdom's Daughter, 1923.]

PRINCE IN ZULULAND.

WARNING IN REPLY TO WELCOME.

LONDON, May 14.

Reuter's special correspondent with the Prince of Wales cables from Uitenhage that the deep-toned and thunderous "bayete" of the Zulus and a Royal salute greeted the Prince on his arrival here after which the native choir chanted salutations of welcome.

His Royal Highness in a message to the great native assemblage warned them against the tendencies to distrust those in authority which met with murmurs of assent.—Reuter.

SOVIET'S WORLD POLICY.

M. CHICHERIN'S REVIEW OF FOREIGN SITUATION.

MOSCOW, May 15.

Reviewing the foreign situation at the Soviet Congress yesterday M. Chicherin foreshadowed no new development, but stated that they had no use for the Arms Conference at Geneva, which aimed at strengthening the means whereby the powerful nations dominated the feeble. They were, however, willing to participate in the League Commissions dealing with technical and humanitarian subjects as also the limitation of armaments. He asserted that the creation of solid relations with Poland occupied the principal place in the Soviet's world policy.—Reuter.

BIG PAPER AMALGAMATION.

NEW YORK, May 15.

Mr. Cyrus Curtis, Publisher of the "Public Ledger" is reported to have purchased the Philadelphia "North American" and the two papers are expected shortly to be amalgamated.—Reuter.

REFRIGERATOR VESSELS FOR BLUE STAR LINE.

LONDON, May 14.

As a result of prolonged negotiations, a contract worth two million sterling to construct eight refrigerator vessels for the Blue Star Line has been awarded to British yards, some of the most influential Government personalities having reputedly worked behind the scenes to save the contract which last week seemed certain to go abroad owing to a disparity in the British and foreign prices. It is understood that the difference was adjusted through the Blue Star Line granting a slight preference to the British builders who quoted sacrificial price.—Reuter

SOP TO SWARAJISTS?

LAW MEMBERSHIP TO PANDIT MOTILAL.

MINISTERSHIP TO MR. DAS.

MADRAS, May 14.

The "Madras Mail" understands that Pandit Motilal Nehru has been offered the Law Membership of the Government of India and that Mr. C. R. Das will again be offered Ministerial office in Bengal. The offer, it is understood, is made as official response to the moderated tone of the Swarajist leaders.—A. P.

TRIBESMEN DISLODGED FROM BIAN.

EASY TARGET TO AEROPLANES.

PARIS, May 14.

A communique from Rabat states that French losses during the dislodging of tribesmen from the Biban range yesterday were small. General Colombats column continues cleaning up of the Biban region, while General Freydenburg's column which is advancing westward had a sharp encounter in which the French captured prisoners and war material.

The newspapers are rejoicing at the successes in Morocco and mention that French aeroplanes played havoc with the tribesmen with the large new type of bombs made in wartime which the armistice however, prevented from being utilised. Tribesmen while retreating from the heights of Biban being threatened with envelopment were obliged to march through the ravings where they became an easy target to the aeroplanes.

The newspapers state that reinforcements drawn from all garrisons in France will shortly proceed to Morocco as also a number of ambulance cars and aeroplanes.—Reuter.

NO BARGAIN WITH GERMANS.

PARIS ASTONISHED AT LONDON REPORT.

PARIS, May 14.

Diplomatic circles and newspapers are astonished at the authoritative suggestion which emanated from London yesterday, that the allied conference to which Germany will be invited should be held before the questions of disarmament, security pact and evacuation of the Cologne zone can be settled. Too French notes containing suggestions on these subjects have been despatched to London. French official opinion thinks it unnecessary to hold an inter-Allied conference, much less a conference with the Germans, as the French refuse to bargain with the Germans.—Reuter.

GERMAN FIRM'S PRE-WAR CLAIM.

CALCUTTA, May 14.

Before the Chief Presidency Magistrate to-day the notice issued on N. P. Dutt, a merchant of Calcutta came up for disposal. This notice was issued on the application made by Mr. W. Stather H. Hall, custodian of enemy property in respect of claim for monies due to a German firm of Hamburg for goods supplied before the outbreak of the war. The notice required N. P. Dutt to appear before the Magistrate to answer certain questions in regard to the claim of the the German firm in accordance with Act I of the Indian Treaty of Peace Amendment Order of 1921. As N. P. Dutt did not appear a warrant was applied for when it was pointed out that N. P. Dutt was a member of a limited company N. P. Dutt and Sons which had dealings with the German firm and that the notice was not properly issued. The Magistrate ordered the issue of a fresh notice and adjourned hearing.—A. P.

WILL HOWRAH BE ABOLISHED?

CALCUTTA, May 14.

Mr. F. C. Legge, C.B.E., Officer on Special duty with the Railway Board has invited the opinion of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce as regards to the question of the proposed transfer of the terminus of the East Indian Railway from Howrah to Sealdah. In his letter he writes that if Sealdah were utilised as terminus instead of Howrah it would obviate the difficulty experienced in getting to and from Howrah due to the congested state of the Strand Road and the Howrah bridge, as also the risk of the Howrah bridge being open for river traffic and in consequence closed to road traffic. He further says that in order to deal with the E. I. Railway mail and passenger trains at Sealdah instead of at Howrah to any extent it will probably be necessary to enlarge and remodel Sealdah station. The Bengal Chamber of Commerce has now asked its members to express their opinion on the subject. It is suggested that the members should consider the matter from two points of view namely (1) on the assumption that the new Howrah bridge has an opening span and (2) that the bridge has no opening span.—A. P.

There was glorious weather at Wembly on Thursday and the attendance numbered 51,500.—Reuter.

London, May 14.—It is understood that Sir Herbert and Lady Samuel accompanied by their daughters will pay a private visit to India in the second week of October and will stay for three months.

N. W. RLY. STRIKE.

OVER A MONTH AND HALF NOW.

WILL GOVT. INTERFERE?

LAHORE, May 14.

There is so change in the North Western Railway Strike situation. The men at Lahore and outside are still holding out and there are no signs of an immediate settlement of the dispute although a month and a half has elapsed since the strike commenced. The public press and labour organisations which so long adopted a more or less neutral attitude are now beginning to interest themselves in the matter and are urging Government and railway administrations to adopt conciliatory methods to recall the men and bring the strike to the end.

"The Tribune" suggests the appointment of an impartial board of enquiry into the workmen's grievances while "The Muslim Outlook" has suggested a proposal of arbitration.

The Provincial Secretary to the All-India Trade Union Congress has sent a telegram to the Agent N. W. Railway, and the Government of the Punjab, calling for immediate Government interference as intense economic depression and acute restlessness are prevailing among the strikers. It is not yet known what immediate effect these representations and suggestions will have on the railway administration but it is understood that the latter are not likely to yield to such presures unless the men return to work unconditionally and represent their grievances through the proper channel and in a constitutional manner. The Railway administration, though put to some inconvenience and difficulty, are managing the traffic well and all mail, passenger and goods services are being maintained. "Besides the maintenance of all the public train services during the unrest the North Western Railway" says the Agent in a communique issued this evening, "has run between April 16th and May 8th thirtyfour special trains for the Government the Military and the public.

AGENT'S STATEMENT

The following communique has been issued by the Agent, N. W. Railway:—

"It is a matter of general knowledge that the North-Western Railway has succeeded in maintaining fully all the mail, passenger and goods train services and avoiding any restriction to booking. The slight recrudescence of unrest reported a few days ago has been confined to a negligible proportion of illiterate staff at stations of no great importance and the absentees have in every case been promptly replaced. Relief staff are available to take the places of any who may absent themselves as recruiting has been thoroughly organised. Over 3300 have been recruited many of them with previous railway experience. As regards repairs of engines and rolling stock in workshops there are over 7000 men working in the workshops of the North-Western Railway. In the shops alone recruits now number 2800 and there have been over re-engagements of absentees.

Th position is steadily improving. Meanwhile 80 engines which have been thoroughly repaired are standing in the shops apart from the surplus engines. Repairs of all coaching and goods stock are well up to date.—A.P.

CRUSADE AGAINST POPPY GROWING.

AMERICAN'S PRIZE OF 1,00,000 DOLLARS.

LONDON, May 14.

Mr. Herman Metz, a chemical manufacturer of America is offering a prize of 100,000 dollars for the invention of a process for producing synthetic opium at a price low enough to wipe out poppy-growing in India and China.—Reuter.

STRIKE IN DENMARK.

COPENHAGEN, May 15.

The strikes in the textile, boot-making, paper and other industries have now extended to transport.—Reuter.

A cable dated Copenhagen April 18 stated:—A dispute in the textile, boot-making, paper and other smaller industries which hitherto rendered 50,000 idle will henceforth involve 115,000 in consequence of employers extending the lock-out owing to the workers' Union rejecting the proposals of mediators.

MAHATMA REACHES COMILLA.

COMILLA, May 15.

On the eve of his departure from Noakhali Mahatma Gandhi was presented with four addresses to all of which he made a joint reply.

A rousing reception was accorded to Mahatma Gandhi at Commilla station by a big crowd.

Replying to several addresses presented him Mahama Gandhi appeared to Hindus and Mahomedans to live in amity and friendship. Mahatma Gandhi will leave this place for Dacca tomorrow.—A.P.

EQUAL PARTNERS.

FUTURE OF EUROPEANS IN INDIA.

QUESTION OF SECURITY AND WELFARE.

KARACHI, May 14.

In the course of a speech at the European Association meeting at Karachi Mr. C. S. Wentworth Stanely, Chairman of the meeting said that the reforms would come up for consideration in 1929 and it was durisg the intervening period that the attitude as regards the future of the reforms would have to be decided.

We are in principle committed to the gradual realisation of self-government in this country. And I venture to believe that it would really clear the air if our diehards would recognise this fact and instead of maligning those who have created this situation would assist in shaping the European public opinion as to how this principle is to be carried out in practice. Apart from the virtual pledge which the British people have given of their intention to grant progressive self-government to this country there is the all important political situation here to consider. Practically every educated Indian wants to take a more prominent part in Government of his hearth and home and no one can deny that this is a very legitimate aspiration. If this desire did not exist it would amount to a condemnation of the British Rule which had fostered no desire of indigenous development. This desire does exist and is very strong.

Speaking of the part of the Europeans he said: "We must in future be prepared to see the British Official replaced by Indian. There will however still remain the British commercial community. On them will fall the burden of maintaining in co-operation and partnership with the Indians the good Government we have enjoyed in the past and in maintaining law and order, justice and equity in which all are mutually interested and which is essential to the stability of the commercial community. We have in the past been senior partners in the firm of British India. In the future we will be equal partners with Indians. We have every justification for retaining the partnership. The The major portion of the capital in the country is British capital whilst British brains and British energy have developed the country and made it and are still making it one of the great commercial countries of the world. It will be a new form of partnership not unpalatable to the average Indians. He is only too keen to retain the British connection. He harbours no illusions as to the necessity for capital, probably British capital, to enable him to develop further the resources of the country."

On the subject of security and welfare Mr. C. S. Wortworth Stanely said: "Certain precausions, such as the retention of the army in our hands, are obvious but I believe to a certain extent that our misgivings are usfounded. In regard to the European and public affairs he said that it was essential that a non-official European should take his part in public affairs and shows that he is as keen as the Indians non-official for the betterment of the masses amongst whom he lives. "The Indian looks to us" he said "to help him to solve the appaling problems of the welfare of both as partners in the Indian Empire and as humanitarinians and the part we take in parochial matters just as the part we take in All-India matters."—A.P.

THREATENED STORM IN MADRAS.

MADRAS, May 14.

Enquiries made by the Associated Press at 9-30 p.m. with regard to the storm situation in the Bay show that Madras port is threatened with a storm. The danger signal (number six) is now hoisted on the Madras harbour mast. All vessels in Madras harbour have been shifted to moorings and all boats have been ordered to the boat basin.—A. P.

UNIVERSAL COTTON STANDARDS.

WASHINGTON, May 14.

It is understood that an agreement for the use of universal cotton standards by the Liverpool Cotton Association is practically assured as a result of recent negotiations between the Liverpool Association and the United States Department of Agriculture.—Reuter.

(Continued from Column 6.)

sion to cross-examine the witness on the statement he had made to the Police on the point of the pistol.

Mr. Velinker said there was no precedent for asking for permission to cross-examine a witness in a reexamination, after he had already been cross-examined by the defence.

His Lordship said he was not going to allow the cross-examination asked for.

The Advocate-General asked for a note of his objection being made in the records.

The Advocate-General then wanted to put in the birth certificate of Mumtaz Begum, but the Court deferred its decision on this point until the Advocate-General had looked up authorities in support of his contention.

HANDWRITING EXPERT.

The Advocate-General said he had three things to do before the prosecution case was completed. He had to bring an expert in handwriting, Prof. Shah, to prove Ponde's writing; the second was a witness; and the third was the proving of the birth certificate of Mumtaz Begum.

The gentlemen of the jury were then asked to go out and the Court went on discussing the law points raised.

The case was then adjourned till 11 a.m. to-day.

BAWLA'S CHAU... STORY.

PONDE'S TELEGRAMS TO PHANSE.

"IMMEDIATELY SEND PUPPIES."

At the Special Criminal Sessions yesteday at 11-30 a.m. Mr. Justice L. C. Crump continued hearing of what is called the Bawla Murder Case.

The accused in the case were:—

(1) Shafi Ahmad Nabi Ahmad (26 years), Risaldar, Mounted Police, Indore.

(2) Pushpasheel Balwantrao Ponde (23 years), Mankari, Indore.

(3) Bahadurshaw Mahomedshaw (20 years), motor driver, Indore.

(4) Akbar Shaha Mahomed Shaha (23 years), Indore.

(5) Shamrao Rawaji Dighe (28 years) Captain, Air Forces, Indore.

(6) Mumtaz Mahomed Syed Mahomed 25 years), Sub-Inspector, C. I. D., Indore.

(7) Abdul Latif Moyuddin (25 years) motor driver, Indore.

(8) Karamat Khan Nizam Khan (28 years) Pay Sergeant, Imperial Lancers, Indore.

(9) Anandrao Gangaram Phanse (32 years), Adjutant-General, Indore State Forces.

THE CHARGE SHEET.

The charges read out to the accused by the Clerk of the Crown were as under:—

(1) That accused Nos. 1 to 9, between the middle of October, 1924 and the middle of January 1925 at Bombay, Poona and other places, were parties to a criminal conspiracy to commit the offence of kidnapping Mumtaz Begum from British India;

(2) That accused Nos 1 to 9 between the middle of October 1924 and January 1925, were parties to a criminal conspiracy to kidnap Mumtaz in order that she might be forced or knowing that she was likely to be forced to illicit intercourse;

(3) That accused Nos. 1 to 8 on or about January 12, 1925, at Bombay did attempt to kidnap the said Mumtaz Begum;

(4) That accused Nos. 1 to 8 on the same date did attempt to kidnap Mumtaz that she might be forced to illicit intercourse;

(5) That accused Nos. 1 to 8 did commit the murder by intentionally causing the death of A. K. Bawla by shooting him with a pistol and did aid and abet each other in the commission of the said murder which was committed in pursuance of the said conspiracy and as a probable consequence thereof;

(6) That accused Nos 1 to 8 on or about 12th January did attempt to commit the murder of Lt. Saegert and did aid and abet each other in the commission of the said offence;

(7) That accused Nos. 1 to 8 did cause grievous hurt to Mumtaz by a dangerous weapon namely a jack knife and did aid and abet each other in the commission of the offence which was committed in pursuance of the said offence;

(8) That accused Nos. 1 to 8 did cause hurt to Lt. Saegert by means of a pistol and knife and did aid and abet each other;

(9) That accused Nos. 1 to 8 did cause hurt to K. E. Mathew by means of a pistol and did aid and abet each other;

(10) That accused Nos. 1 to 8 were members of an unlawful assembly whose common object was to kidnap from British India Mumtaz and at the time the murder was committed in prosecution of the said common object, the members thereof knew that it was likely to be committed in prosecution of the said common object;

(11) That accused No. 9 did abet the commission of the murder of A. K. Bawla in pursuance of the said conspiracy to which he was a party;

(12) That accused No. 9 abetted the commission of the attempt to murder Lt. Saegert.

The Advocate-General, Mr. J. B. Kanga, with Mr. M. K. M. Kemp appeared for the Crown; Mr. K. F. Nariman watched the case on behalf of Mumtaz Begum. Mr. J. M. Sen Gupta with Mr. Nadkarni appeared for accused No. 1, Mr. S. G. Velinker for accused Nos. 2 to 8 Mr. M. A. Jinnah with Mr. G. M. Gupte appeared for accused No. 9.

The following gentlemen made up the special jury: Messrs. R. P. Jiwanji, D. R. D. Sethna, D. B. Karani, R. D. Morarii, A. Ezra, G. S. Nicholl, G. C. Pocock, P. P. Mistry and D. M. Mirza. Mr. Ruttonsey D. Morarji was foreman of the jury.

PONDE'S TELEGRAM.

The judge at the outset decided the point about the admissibility of certain written documents which the Prosecution wanted to submit to the Court to prove the handwriting of Ponde, accused No. 2. The documents consisted of applications, telegrams and letters which witness Tasker had to file in the course of his duties as a filing clerk to the Household Officer, Indore. The Court held that the documents were relevant in the case and allowed them to be put in and read out to the jury. The applications were dated 10th September and 17th December 1924, asking for leave. Then there was the telegram from Ponde dated 1st January 1925 to Phanse at 20h.-10m. from Lonavla. It read as follows: "I am joining College course: delay will stop admission. May I expect you."

"SEND PUPPIES."

The next telegram was to Bahadurshah from Poona on the same date, but 2½ hours later. It asked Bahadurshah to come to Poona immediately.

To Phanse from Ponde dated Jan. 7:—"Pupplies must reach here with Larna on Friday at 3 p.m. No moment's delay, etc."

Again to Phanse: "Immediately send puppies with Larna, or reply at once. Finally settled. Climate pleasant; no second's delay. Please reply. Why hesitate."

BAWLA CHAUFFEUR EXAMINED.

Mahomed Shafi, Bawla's chauffeur, said he had been in Bawla's service for 2½ years; on the date of murder, Bawla had been to the Corporation, then to the Apollo Bunder, Colaba and Chowpatty. At about 6-15 p.m. Bawla asked him to bring the motor to the rear gate and went out for a drive with Mumtaz. There was also the cleaner with them; they went to the Apollo Bunder, Chowpatty, Mahaluxmi and again to Chowpatty. They met Mathew near the boarding house and he was taken into the car. Mathew was on the right and Mumtaz on the left; Bawla was in the middle. Then they went to the Hanging Gardens. Near the Post Office one car came from behind and collided with his car; he tried to save his car and turned to the left and pulled up the car to save it from an accident. It was dark and he could not tell them the colour, but it was chocolate; the make of the car he could not tell. Seven or eight persons alighted from that car and witness was struck with a stick. The cleaner ran out and as he was running out witness asked him to call for Police. Witness received another blow and he jumped out and stood on the footpath. One person was standing on the footboard and struck a blow at the witness on the head and witness fell down. He did not get up from that position. He heard shots fired and then the men ran away. Bawla was picked up by some one. Witness shouted for the cleaner. There was a man arrested by the Europeans and he was lying on the ground and that was accused No. 1. One European had taken the witness by the hand and was taking him to accused No. 1, when the Police officer came. Something had fallen on the ground and it was picked up by an officer and given to the Police Sargeant. The pistol was given to the Sergeant by the officer. They then went to the hospital,—excluding the European officers. He could only identify accused No. 1 and none else. He had seen accused No. 3 Bahadurshah three months before the murder at the Chowpatty House, where accused No. 3 was standing near the gate. Accused No. 3 asked witness if there was a chance of his getting a job at Bawla's place or anywhere else as a motor driver. Witness had seen accused No. 3 twice driving a red Maxwell; after that witness saw him near the Tutorial High School, when accused No 3 told him that he had got a job with a Parsi gentleman. Then witness saw accused No. 3 in the Lonavla Bazar and accused No. 3 told him that he had come there with his master. When he met him again at the hotel they had no talk with each other.

STATEMENT TO POLICE "NOT TRUE."

Accused No. 3 told him at Lonavla that he was in the service of a European gentleman. He did not see him again. He made a statement to the Police, but it was not a true statement.

To Mr. Sen Gupta, witness said accused No. 1 was found tied up on the ground. He was being seized by three Europeans, but he did not see accused No. 1 being bound. As soon as witness was struck, he fell down. He could not say who were his assailants. He heard the firing of shots after he was struck down and lying there. Between the first blow and the next there was an interval of about half a minute. The man boarded his car on the left side of the car. He could not say whether there was only one man. But it was not accused No. 1 who boarded the car.

BAWLA'S TWO PISTOLS.

To Mr. Velinker witness said Bawla used to carry a pistol on his person, and sometimes in the pocket of the car which witness had handed over to Bawla. He had seen two pistols with Bawla, one small and another big.

Before the occupants of the car got down did they shout at or abuse Bawla?—No, I did not hear.

Witness knew Allabux, the taxi-driver. When Mumtaz came to live with Bawla, witness' acquaintance with Allabux became closer; before that he knew Allabux.

He had never sent a wire to his Seth from Bombay to Lonavla. He personally had not sent Bawla any telegram, but when he was touring his office might have sent a telgram to him. Witness knew Natanian and she used to come to Tardeo; also Mahomed Ali, who used to come to see Mumtaz daily, at Tardeo. Mumtaz and Bawla went out at night, but there were no fixed hours for their coming and going. They used to go out even at 3 a.m. in the morning. They would go to Ville Parle or Bandra twice or thrice in the same night; sometimes they used to drive to Juhu at night. He had received a wound on his head on the night of 12th January, and the mark was still there on his head. (Witness showed it to the jury). Witness saw Bawla's cloths saturated with blood and lying on the ground four or five paces to the left of the car.

I SAW NO PISTOL WITH BAWLA.

To the Advocate-General witness said Bawla had two pistols, one of the size shown him and another a bigger one. He did not know whether Bawla had a pistol on the night of 12th.

Had you any talk with Bawla, when the *maramari* was going on, about the pistol? No.

Witness said he saw no pistol with Bawla at the time.

CROSS-EXAMINATION DISALLOWED.

The Advocate-General asked for permis-

(Continued in Column 4.)

...N REBATE

...T OF BENGAL COAL

COMMITTEE'S RECOMMENDATION.

CALCUTTA, May 15.

It is understood the Indian Coal Committee has recommended that rebate on export coal should be raised from 25 to 37½ per cent.

It is understood that the report of the Indian Coal Committee is under the consideration of the Government. The Committee considers there is not sufficient justification for a rebate on Bunker coal sent to Bombay by all rail routes or coal sent up-country from Indian ports. Restriction of preferential wagon supplies is recommended. The Committee thinks that the retention of the coal transportation officer will not be necessary and recommends the formation of a grading board.

The Committee was appointed to inquire and report generally on "what measures can be taken by Government, the coal trade, the railways and ports, whether singly or in combination to stimulate the export of suitable coal from Calcutta to Indian and foreign ports and in particular whether effective measures can be taken for the pooling and grading of the Indian coal for export and for bunkering and how the cost of such measures should be met."

The Committee consisted of Mr. Noyce, President, Sir R. N. Mookerjee, Messrs. F. C. Legge, S. C. Stuart Williams, J. W. A. Bell, H. A. F. Bray, C. F. Whitworth, W. C. Bannerjea, and Mr. H. P. V. Townend, Secretary.

COMMITTEE'S RECOMMENDATIONS.

The Committee considered that the best Indian coals could compete from the point of view of quality in any market in the East, but for such competition to be effective only the best coals should be exported and particular care should be taken so as not to allow the overseas purchaser to be misled as to the precise quality of coal to be delivered. Except in Rangoon and Madras the Indian coal could hardly hope to compete in overseas markets if its pithead price was higher than Rs. 2 to Rs. 2½, for Singapore Rs. 5¼, for Colombo Rs. 6 and for Bombay and Karachi Rs. 5 per ton might be taken as the average raising cost for the Jharia field and Rs. 6 per ton for the Raneegunj field.

Prohibition of female labour would have serious effects on the raising costs and under the present conditions there was no possibility of any reductions in wages. The increased use of mechanical appliances for coal cutting would not reduce the raising costs unless it were accompanied by an improvement in raising and railway facilities which would permit of an increased output. Two methods of reducing costs were an increase in the output and avoidance of stacking. If stacking were avoided at least eight annas per ton on the total output of coal could be saved.

Bally bridges should be constructed with the least possible delay and the possibility of their being used by the Bengal-Nagpur Railway should be further examined.

RLY. FACILITIES.

Various suggestions are made for the improvement of railway facilities. In the opinion of the Committee the working expenses on both the East Indian and the Bengal-Nagpur Railways had increased by very much higher percentage than their receipts on the coal. The difference between the present rates charged on export in India and South Africa was favourable to the Indian coal. No statistical case could be made out for reducing the railway charges on coal but such reduction should be made on general grounds. On these grounds the Committee recommended the raising of rebate on export coal from 25 to 37½ per cent. The grant of rebate on export coal was preferable to that of a reduced rate. Preferential wagon supplies should be restricted to loco coal, including coal for inland river navigation companies, to coal for works of public utility and to certified coal for export, balance of wagons available being distributed to collieries on a proportionate basis. This system should be brought into force as soon as possible but at least six months' notice should be given to the coal trade and to consumers. When the post of Coal Transportation Officer was abolished a wholetime railway officer should be appointed to facilitate the movement of export coal. If facilities for movement of coal at docks were improved to the extent recommended by port commissioners it should prove sufficient to deal adequately with any extension of the existing coal traffic which could be regarded as probable in the near future. The question of most suitable type of mechanical loading appliances for Calcutta should be investigated at an early date by an expert committee which should report on the best type of mechanical loading plant adapted to all types of open wagons. The Committee should also investigate the possibility of using shoots for coal loaded by hand. The financial conditions of the port of Calcutta were not such as to justify a drastic reduction of charges on coal. No statistical case for reducing the present level of charges could be established but a reduction should be made on general grounds. This reduction should take the form of reduction of four annas in river dues on certified export. Coal steamer freight for coals could not in the present basis of working steamers be considered excessive. There was no prospect in the near future of a reduction in the rates of freight on coal from Calcutta. It would be very difficult for individual exporters of Indian coal to establish themselves in oversees' markets owing to the bad reputation of the Indian coal. The Grading Board should therefore be immediately established which would grade collieries which produced coal for the export and would arrange the issue of certificates for each consignment of coal exported. The most suitable constitution of the Grading Board would be the Chief Engineer, Mining Board as Chairman, the representatives of the Indian Mining Associations and the Indian Mining Federation, one nomiee each of Bengal Chamber of Commerce and the Bengal National Chambr of Commerce. The last two members would represent the consumer's interest on the Board.

It is understood that Mr. W. C. Bannerjee has submitted a note of dissent in which he contends that the recovery of export market is a problem primarily of price and then of quality and urges more direct assistance.—A. P.

UNIVERSITY DEBATE.

SELF—GOVT FOR INDIA.

A special cable to "Forward" dated London May 11 says:

In a debate this week-end at the Leeds University Sir Michael O'Dwyer opposed a motion moved by Mr. Pulin Seal, declaring that the British Government should take immediate steps to hand over the Government of India to the Indian people.

The motion was carried by fifty-nine votes to twenty-nine.

"THE LAST CHANCE."

To THE "EDITOR OF THE CHRONICLE"

Sir,—Referring to the articles, in which you have pointed out constructive reforms in the textile industry, how can there be any reform through an Association, which until yesterday was mixed up with the English Chamber of Commerce and which even after it is separated has thought fit to employ a highly-paid English Secretary about whom it is not known whether he has got any experience of the textile industry as such. and in general the occasion of the fight for the excise duty ought to have opened the eyes of the Millowners' Association. It is possible that you have refrained from making a direct reference to this, but no improvement can come about until all the facts are placed before the public. What the investors would very much like to know is what the Millowners' Association has done in the last ten years for the advancement of the industry as such and for promoting the common interests on lines on which business and industrial associations are working in Europe. The activities of the Federation of British Industries for a single year, if carefully examined, would indicate what the millowners can and ought to do. But in its present moribund condition it would be perhaps absurd to expect anything from the Millowners' Association. What we are waiting to see is whether they will appoint a small committee to investigate confidentially the present position of the industry. —Yours etc.

INVESTOR.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

CALCUTTA, May 15.

In the share market in jutes a generally lower trend of values characterised the state of the market to-day with sellers dominating the position without response from investors. These state of affairs being further accentuated by a fall in prices of the raw material and hessians. In coals and teas New Manbhooms continue to find support at Rs. 40 with a small number of buyers of New Tetturyas which advanced to Rs. 6/4. In the latter section rates remained unchanged on only a small business offering. In miscellaneous rubber shares have monopolised most of the operations with hardly anything else of interest to record. Government securities were steady with a fair enquiry in evidence. Following were the closing quotations:—

Government securities:—3 per cent Government paper Rs. 58. 3½ per cent Government paper Rs. 67/13, 5 per cent loan 1945-55 99, 5 per cent bonds 1933 97/13, 6 per cent bonds 1930 103/6, do 1932 104/8.

Cottons:—Bowreah 320.

Jutes:—Alliance 530, Auckland 232, Bally pref. 103, Clive 35/14, Dalhousie 355, Howrah 37/14, Hukumchand ord 9/6, do pref 71, Kamarhatty 531/8, Kanknarrah 410/8, Lansdowne 271. Lawrence 540, National 30, Naihati pref 107, Northbrook 48/8, Reliance 56/8.

Coals:—Amalgamated Coalfields 4/4, Bengal 552. Bokaro and Rampur 20/4, New Manbhoom 40, New Tetturya 6/4, Raneegunge 89, Satpukuria and Asansol 1/10, Standard 49/8.

Miscellaneous:—Britannia Building and Iron 4/6, Associated Hotels pref 68, Burma Finance and Mining 396, Calcutta Tramway 6/8, India Wood Products 7/4, Tavoy Tin Corporation 18, Titaghur Paper 3.

Tea Companies:—Bishnauth 29.

Exchange bank telegraphic transfer was one shilling five and thirtyone thirtysecond pence and demand bills were one shilling six pence.—A.P.

STOCK EXCHANGE FOR LAHORE.

LAHORE, May 15.

Lala Harkishen Lal performed the opening ceremony of the Lahore Stock Exchange, this evening at Bharat Buildings.—A.P.

It is understood that the Madras and Sourthern Maharatta Railway Company have received the sanction of the Government of India for the appointment of staff required for reinvestigation of several branch line projects which the Railway company have under consideration. The staff will shortly be appointed.—A P.

Mr. Ross, Principal, Training College, Rajamundry, who was asked by the Minister of Education, Madras Government to visit various high schools in important centres of the United Kingdom and report on the present system of high school education in England, has submitted his report. It emphasises modern tendency to enforce manual training in secondary schools,. He has suggested various crafts for which certain fixed hours of a weeks should be devoted by young-men.—AA,P.

EAST AND WEST.

INDIA STORE DEPARTMENT.

THE UNAPPROACHABLE HIGH COMMISSIONER.

REVOLT IN KURDISTAN.

BY ARTHUR FIELD.

LONDON, April 23.

GOVT. EMPLOYEES.

With reference to the complaints of the staff employed at the India Store Depot, Lambeth, London, as to wages and general working conditions, I have to report two facts. First,—the staff have written me, asking me to convey to the "Bombay Chronicle" their thanks for the publicity accorded to their case. Secondly,—a Memorandum and covering letter have been forwarded by the Staff to the High Commissioner. The Memorandum is in response to a request of that official, that the men shall submit a written statement. The Memorandum reports the main facts. Between the years 1897 and 1914 the rates of pay of these work-people were increased by only 4s per week. The basic rates have remained unaltered from 1914, but certain bonuses have been paid, amounting in 11 years to 23s. 6d. It is claimed that the rates are not equal to those paid for *similar classes of labour* by the Home Government. The High Commissioner has argued that Woolwich Arsenal and Pimlico Army clothing factory, but the staff contend that the low-priced labour of those factories is not analogous to the skilled work performed at the Lambeth Depot. The Home Government is in many instances paying to its packers and porters several shillings per week more than the rates paid by the Indian Government. As to ordinary commercial employment much higher rates are paid for work of the same character The Department alludes to some of the employees as "semi-skilled," although the work is in many cases of a highly-skilled character. The Memorandum shows that these men are paid considerably less than similar hands even at the Royal Arsenal, Woolwich,—for whole low wage-scale the High Commissioner has such a touching regard. The disparity is very marked indeed in the case of the men who form acknowledged "skilled grades."

While the Department, in its conditions of contract, imitates the British Government in insisting on standard wages being paid by its contractors, the India Store Depot does not itself comply with these conditions.

A NEW BUREAUCRACY.

While we in England are fighting, and with increasing success, against the superciious unapproachableness of "elected and appointed persons," the High Commissioner seeks to restore the old customs of the muckamucks and panjandrums. He insists on written statements to his Mightiness, and rejects an application for a personal interview. In the letter accompanying the Memorandum, the trade union of the men say that while submitting the required Memorandum, "it must not be considered that the men have in any way forfeited their legitimate right to have their case stated to the High Commissioner personally, through their trade-union official." The petitioners therefore again request the High Commissioner to receive a trade-union deputation to supplement their statement.

This matter deserves the attention of some member of the Legislative Assembly. I have submitted the entire correspondence and all particulars to one M.L.A., and his reply is I fear typical of one "attitude of mind" or "method of approach" to working-class matters. He refers to "the grievance of the employees of the Indian High Commissioner's office." Of course it is nothing of the sort, as a personal of the documents would have shown; the question relates to employees in the India Store Depot at Lambeth. To proceed: "I do not think I shall be able to do anything just now. But as I am going to Geneva very shortly I shall meet the High Commissioner himself and may speak to him regarding this subject." This is exactly the opposite of what is required, and of what is likely to succeed. Naturally the High Commissioner who does not want to receive a trade-union deputation and discuss the rights or wrongs, can neither have been fully informed on the question nor can be trusted to give a reply to an M.L.A. that is of any service to the cause of underpaid Labour.

"PHILIPS PRICE" LECTURES ON KURDISTAN.

Mr. M. Philips Price, the famous writer on international economics and correspondent of the "Manchester Guardian," lectured to the Anglo-Turkish Society on the origin of the revolt in Kurdistan. He said his personal experiences of the eastern part of Turkey, of Persia and Caucasia were now some ten years old. Nevertheless, his close touch with men and races, military political and economic questions, proved to be applicable to the events of to-day. It will be remembered that Mr. Price recently wrote in an English weekly, hazarding a guess as to the Kurdish rebellion. His opinion was, that apart from the political significance attacking to a rising backed by the reactionary sort of religious persons and by the friends of the old regime, there was an economic cause. The ages and the landed pendal class fear the end of their system is approaching, with the opening up of the country by the Turks. The Republic, by inviting in capital to work the mines, and to prospect for oil all over the place, by voting credits for railway building and so on, is slowly encircling the feudal past with the steel chain of the industrial present.

Mr. Price thinks this not only inevitable, but, in the main, benificial to the country. Nevertheless, he thinks that when the rebellion is suppressed and the inevitable strong measures taken against the feudal class, the enlightened rulers of modern Turkey should (in the interests of humanity and of the entire nation) give heed to problems of the nomad Kurds. The difficulties of the situation apply even to the Kurds settled in towns and villages.

Mr. Price, speaking from his own observations, said he thought a different classification was necessary from that usually found in the guide books and political treatises. Then speak of two races of Kurds, the war-like and mostly nomad, and the pacific and mostly agricultural. Mr Price desired to emphasise the existence of two *classes* of Kurds. The ruling class or upper class and the rayat Kurds, hewers of wood and drawers of water for the former. The upper class orders the lives of the poor class.—planning a raid or foray occasionally, and making the father work for them in all manner of ways.

All that part of Asia is peopled by two kinds of people, the inhabitants of the oases settled folk with an intensive cultivation,—ontside of these cases, a mind of people who live by grazing flocks. In the lands of these latter, the grass is scant. It springs in April and dies in July, so these Kurds depend on what the flocks eat in those few months. Their sheep live on sometime longer, upon the fat stored in their tails. The economic condition of these Kurds is very poor. If a specially dry season should come, their only hope is to drive their flocks down to the plain and let them graze anywhere,—even, perhaps, on orchard trees and vines. As the richer lands and fields belong to Persians on the one side, Turks and Christians on the other, there is a wide unity of feeling against the Kurds.

There have always been raids or forays, and sometimes they have assumed the aspect of a military invasion. This Rebellion is a bigger affair because it is the counter-activity to the capitalist development of Eastern Anatolia, and it has afforded a rallying-point for religious and political reactionaries.

Nevertheless the vast majority of Kurds took no part in the rebellion, and the problems of their lives demand consideration. Even where peaceful and settled, they are the victims of a tail-end of feudalism, from which they should be extricated in some way. As to the survivals of nomadic sheep droving populations, no settlement will be a permanent one, nor a just one, which does not start plans either for such a people feeding its flocks, or for following a new existence. The noble Turks must recognise the natural rights of a population; indeed, we are sure they will.

The Kurds have always shown a tendency to run their sheep over the open pastures of Mesopotamia. But, after the Hindich barrage and irrigation works, and the draining of the great "land between the rivers," will Iraq allow these Kurds to follow their old customs? It is not likely.

Old Turkey could get no uniform control over its own territories. There was always a tendency for a provincial population to become a law unto itself. One phenomenon that gave an evidence of that tendency was brigandage. Brigand cannot arose on the Turkish side of the frontier, and when threatened went over into Persia. Those pre-war habits and customs were not eradicated entirely by the War. What had happened was this:—A system of Government had arisen in Transcaucasia which was against brigandage,—which was based on the rule of peasants, and of the workers of Baku and Tiflis. This rule has tended to develope racial peace, and open up agricultural possibilities of life and livelihood. The lecturer expressed some doubts as to whether Standard Oil is not working to get control of the oil of Turkey. That question is by no means disconnected with any scientific examination of the origins of rebellion.

LEASING DOCK WAREHOUSE.

ADDITIONAL RLY. SIDING IN DOCK.

The Trustees of the Port of Bombay at their meeting held on the 12th instant sanctioned as a temporary measure the acceptance of certain offers from approved firms to lease portions of their Dock warehouse accommodation for the storage of non-hazardous goods on six monthly tenancy agreements at the rate of Rs. 75 per 500 sq. feet per month. This involves a departure from the Trustees' usual policy in regard to the Dock warehouses, but owing to the present depression in the textile trade, less than half the available warehouse accommodation has been taken up for some time past and it is therefore proposed to take advantage of demands for storage accommodation on short tenancy agreements.

Estimates amounting to approximately Rs. 20.000 were sanctioned for the provision of additional railway sidings in the Alexandra Dock Railway Yard, together with a weighbridge, to enable the Port Trust Railway to take over certain full-load traffic which the B.B. & C.I. Railway are transferring owing to the latter having to hand over to the G.I.P. Railway a portion of their Carnac Bunder Goods Yard in connection with the remodelling of Victoria Terminus. The General Traffic Manager, B.B. & C.I. Railway, has notified the public that this traffic diversion will take effect from 1st June 1925.

Certain proposals by the Retrenchment Officer regarding delegation of powers of the Board to Committees were considered. The Board decided that the proposed change would not effect any saving in expenditure or work and would not be advisable.

A three months' option was granted for the lease of a site on Malet Road, immediately north of Prince's Dock, for erection of a Cold Storage Depot by a Company now in process of flotation.

A note by the Chairman (Mr. Cadell) on the revised Municipal proposals for the discharge of sewage effluent was referred to the Marine Committee for early report. the Municipal Commissioner and the Director of Development being co-opted on to the Committee for that purpose.

The report of the Finance and General Committee regarding the application from Mr. J. A. Macdonald, Architect, for Compensation in connection with Provident Fund and the loss sustained on his motor car was considered and the recommendation of the Committee was rejected by a majority of 10 to 2:—

Proceedings at a Meeting of the Finance and General Committee held in the Trustees' Offices on Thursday, the 7th May 1925.

Present:—1. W. H. Neilson, O.B.E., Chairman; 2. Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas, Kt., 3. The Hon'ble Mr. Phiroze C Sethna, 4. H. B. Clayton, Esq.; 5. A. K. Graham, Esq.; 6. N B Saklatvala, Esq.; 7. Sir Ernest Jackson, Kt.; 8. V. A Grantham, Esq.

Application from Mr. J. A. Macdonald, Architect, for compensation in connection with Provident Fund and the loss sustained in the maintenance of motor car for official use.

The report stated:—

"Submitted Trustees' Resolution abolishing the post of Architect and terminating Mr. J. A. Macdonald's agreement with effect from 25th September 1925 on the expiry of 3 months and 20 days' leave.

"Submitted representations from Mr. Macdonald, forwarded by the Chief Engineer for favourable consideration, explaining the reasons that made it impossible for him to subscribe to the Provident Fund, and enquiring whether in view of the special circumstances of his case the Trustees will be good enough to consider the grant of some concession under the Provident Fund Rules; also submitting a statement showing the loss involved by the enforced sale of his car, which was used for official as well as private work.

"Submitted Deputy Chairman's note stating that.—The considerations he (Mr. Macdonald) urges are fully stated in his application and the bearing of the Provident Fund Rules thereon is stated in the Chief Accountant's report. The case is an extremely difficult one to decide. The following are I think the considerations which should guide the Trustees in their decision.

"Provident Fund.—Trustees' Resolution sanctioned the creation of a post of Architect for a period of five years and Mr. Macdonald was given a definite agreement for that period. The agreement contained no reference to a possible extension but in recommending the appointment in 1920 the Chief Engineer expressed the opinion that "there would be plenty of work for a permanent Architect for several years to come."

Had Mr. Macdonald applied to be allowed to join the Provident Fund as an officer on agreement under Rule 2, the Board could have allowed this, but he would not ordinarily have been credited with the Board's contributions until he had completed 15 years' service (Rule 4.)

Under Rule 9 the Board have the power to waive forfeiture of the Board's contribution in case the retirement is necessitated by causes beyond the subscriber's control. The Chief Accountant represents that if Mr. Macdonald's case could be brought within, the provisions of Rule 9 he would be entitled to Board's contributions amounting to about Rs. 7,500 and had he been brought on to the permanent staff he would also have been entitled to a gratuity of about Rs. 3,000.

Although Mr. Macdonald's case is deserving of every consideration it seems to me that on a strict interpretation of the rules referred to. the following reasons debar him from any Provident Fund or gratuity benefits:—

He did not elect to join the Provident Fund. He gives good reasons but they are of a personal nature and cannot well be taken into consideration in applying official rules.

No promise was ever held out to him that his post would be made permanent or even that his agreement would be extended. Had the necessity for Retrenchment not arisen, he would probably have been given a fresh agreement for a further term of years, but I do not think that in any event his post would have been brought on to the permanent staff.

Rule 9 cannot, I think, be applied to his case; forfeiture of Board's contributions could not be waived if those contributions had never been credited.

As he was not on the permanent staff gratuity is clearly inadmissible.

It remains to be seen whether the Provident Fund Rules for temporary employees could be made applicable to his case. These rules were really framed for inferior temporary employees and were never intended to be applied to superior grades. At the same time there is nothing in these rules which would definitely debar their application to a temporary employee of Mr. Macdonald's position. If they had been applied he would have subscribed with effect from the date he completed 3 years' service on agreement. Board's contributions would then have been admissible to him up to the date of his retirement i.e. for a period of about 1 year and 11 months. This would have represented Rs. 2,925. I think, however, there would be technical objections to endeavouring to apply these rules to his case, because his appointment was not classed "temporary" and he was therefore not required to subscribe to the Provident Fund under these rules.

(b) Expenditure on motor car.—Under Trustees' Resolution, Mr. Macdonald was given an advance of Rs. 5,000 for a car for official and private use, and a monthly allowance of Rs. 150 for upkeep and maintenance. He now submits a statement showing his out of pocket expenditure on the car, which he has now sold for Rs. 2,000 out of which he has repaid the outstanding balance of the advance. The net result, after giving a credit of Rs. 100 a month for his own private use of the car, is a loss of Rs. 1,336 spread over a period of approximately 18 months. He is prepared to produce vouchers for most of the expenditure.

When the allowance of Rs. 150 a month was sanctioned in 1923 there was some doubt as to whether this sum would be sufficient to cover the monthly out of pocket expenses or not, and it was inferred in the preamble to the Resolution that the matter would be brought up again for the Trustees' consideration at a later date. It is certain that Mr. Macdonald would not have invested in a car in 1923 had he had the least idea that his appointment would be abolished in 1925. Under these circumstances I think the Trustees would be justified in refunding to him, subject to production of vouchers as far as possible in support of his figures, the sum of Rs. 1,336 which he represents he is out of pocket over this transaction.

The Committee after full consideration decided that no concession under the Provident Fund Rules was admissible, but having regard to the special circumstances of Mr. Macdonald's case and the hardship involved by the abolition of his post they recommended the Board by a majority of 4 to 3 to refund to Mr. Macdonald on production of vouchers to substantiate his figures, the sum of Rs. 1,336 representing the loss sustained through the enforced sale of the car.

BAN ON MALAVIYA.

NOT TO ENTER HYDERABAD.

NIZAM'S FIRMAN.

BOMBAY, May 15.

The anniversary of the Hyderabad Hindi Sabha was to be held at Hyderabad (Deccan) on the 25th May with Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya as the president. Preparations had been going on for a long time to give the Panditji a fitting reception but the Associated Press is reliably informed that His Exalted Highness the Nizam has now issued a Firman prohibiting Pandit Malaviya from entering his territory and directing that his entry within the territory of the state should be prevented.—A.P.

FIRST PILGRIM SHIP.

"JEHANGIR" SAILS ON TUESDAY.

BOMBAY, May 15.

Mr. Shaukat Ali communicates the following to the press:—

"The first pilgrim ship "Jehangir" is sailing from Bombay definitely on Tuesday 19th instant and will pick up 500 pilgrims from Karachi. Subsequent sailings are advised before. Intending pilgrims may now come to Bombay soon. They would be spared much inconvenience and delay if they abide by our advice. Mischief makers are spreading wild and untrue rumours. I wish Muslim Assembly members would also visit Bombay and study the real difficulties of the pilgrims and rectify them. A Hanafoo Hedjazi who left Macca on the 8th of Ramazan reports perfect security in Hedjaz and that there is no danger. Sufficient housing accommodation and food is available at Rabigh. Mecca is four days journey from Rabigh. Camel hire costs from ten to fifteen rupees. May I request the Sindh Khilafat committee to please inform the anxious pilgrims waiting there." —A.P.

FIGHT AMONGST AKALIS.

NO FOUNDATION FOR NEWS.

AMRITSAR, May 13.

Secretary, S. G. P. C. writes:—

There is absolutely no foundation in the news circulated by the Associated Press regarding the alleged fight amongst the Akalis at Bhai Pheru. The enquiries made in this connection show that certain Akalis insisted on the reading of a Shahidi song inspite of the orders of the Jathedar to the contrary. They were suspend by the Jathedar for disobedience of orders and were sent back to the Head Quarters as defaulters. On coming here they expressed regret and apologised for their action.

They were pardoned and sent again to rejoin the Jatha.

THE MESSAGE OF THE CHARKA.

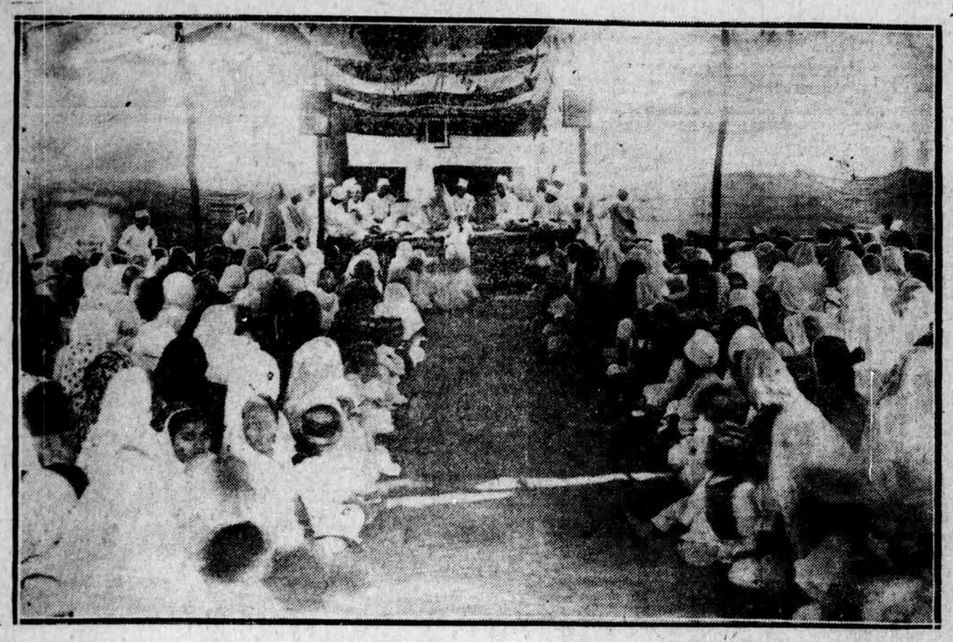


Photo by Kashidas L.
During Mahatma Gandhi's recent visit to Mangrol in Kathiawar, Mrs. Gandhi took the opportunity to address her women of the place on the need of their enthusiastically taking up the Charka.

AMERICAN BILLIARD STARS.

Left to right in the front of the above group are Rep Sol Bloom of New York, Willie Hoppe, former World's Champion Balkline Billiardist, S. Livingston Hoppe, Manager and Jake Schaeffer, who won the world's title at the tournament recently held in Chicago. Schaeffer and Hoppe are seen here in an exhibition match.

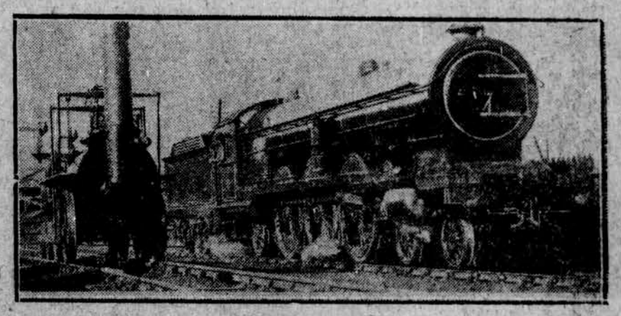
"ATYA-PATYA" TOURNAMENT.

Shivaji Club (Senior).

Shivaji Club (Junior).

Winners of the Challenge Cups in the matches of "Atya-Patya" recently held at Indore under the auspices of the Indore Gymkhana. Teams throughout Central India took part.

THEN AND NOW.



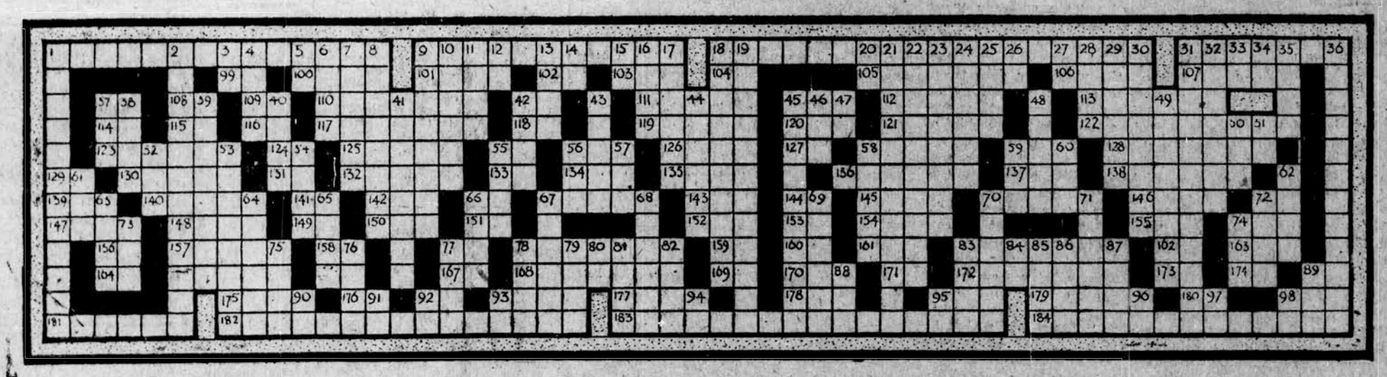
Courtesy:—The Graphic.
It was in 1825 that the first organised railway train was run, and the hundredth anniversary of that momentous event will be celebrated in June. In the picture are shown "Locomative No. 1," of 1825, and one of the monster expresses of to-day.

"CHRONICLE" CROSS---WORD COMPETITION. "SWARAJ"

Rs. 300/-

TO

WIN



1st prize Rs. 150
2nd prize Rs. 75
3 prizes of Rs. 25 each 75
Total .. 300

CLUES

("ab."=abbreviated. "mxd."=mixed. "sym."=symbol. "revd."=reversed. "coll."=colloquial. "init."=initials. "lat."=Latin.)

DIRECTIONS.

In each white space has to be given single letter. These letters read across from left to right, must make up the words indicated in the horizontal clues. The letters, read downwards, must make up words suggested by the vertical clues. A black square shows where a word begins or ends. Dotted place is to be taken as black. For example No. 1 word will have 14 letters as a horizontal word and 12 letters as a vertical word No. 3 is a vertical word of 2 letters meaning "Expression of hesitancy" and so on.

Cash prizes worth Rs. 300 divided as follows:

1st prize	Rs. 150
2nd prize	Rs. 75
3 prizes of Rs. 25 each	Rs. 75
Total	Rs. 300

are offered for correct solutions of our crossword puzzles to be opened on the day following the close of entries. If no correct solutions are received the nearest will receive the prizes in order.

Only entries made on the diagram published above accompanied with 26 coupons of different numbers will be considered. There is no limit of entries. Each person may submit as many as he chooses but, of course, accompanied with the full complement of coupons.

ENTRIES CLOSE 30TH JUNE 1925.

The Editor's decision is always final and legally binding.

To avoid delay and misplacement all communications must be marked in front of cover thus:—

"CROSS-WORD PUZZLE"

HORIZONTALS:

1. What every Swarajists wants soon.
9. Fortresses.
16. Apparatuses combining the polariscope with the spectroscope (omit letter "i.")
31. A rare metal found in certain yttrium minerals.
37. For example (Lat. init.)
42. A degree (init.)
45. Propose (coll.)
48. Ecclesiastical degree (init.)
56. That which goes in the horse's mouth.
58. Stone or earthenware vessel.
59. Summit.
66. Same as 118.
67. Distinguished.
70. Brings forth Young.
72. Branch of artillery (init.)
74. Drink made from juniper berries.
77. Auxiliary verb.
78. Plant's sharp point.
83. Department.
89. Fall (Scotch.)
92. War Office (init.)
93. Seagirt land.
95. Everyone.
98. A track left by a wheel.
99. Same as 33 vertical.
100. A medicinal plant.
101. An equal.
102. A kind of engineer (init.)
103. Moisture.
104. Interjection.
105. Point of moon's orbit at which it is nearest the earth.
106. Buddhist tumulus for preservation of ancient relics.
107. To stretch out for (revd.)
108. What Mahatma Gandhi is (ab.)
109. Same as 108.
110. Imaginary, fanciful.
111. Woman mentioned in the book of "Ruth."
112. (Medicinally) chilliness with contraction of the skin. Stiffening of the body.
113. A knob or ball.
114. Same as 33 vertical.
115. Tellurium (sym.)
116. Interjection calling attention.
117. A permit.
118. Auxiliary verb.
119. Track.
120. Term applied to the high notes in music
121. Fire (Lat.)
122. Feet made up of three long syllables and one short.
123. Frightens. Gives notice of danger.
124. Junior military rank (ab.)
125. Part of "Carte-blanche."
126. River in Central Italy, flowing past Florence.
127. Same as 55 horizontal
128. Vitrified substances chiefly applied to the surface of metals. Used for decorating.
129. Crow's call (curtailed.)
130. Break out.
131. Preposition.
132. Having lived a longer time.
133. Diphthong.
134. Consumed.
135. Gay plumaged birds.

HORIZONTALS (*continued*):

136. First six letters of "Phonograph" (mxd)
137. Single in number.
138. A continent.
139. A short poem.
140. Stage player.
141. One of H. M.'s services (init.)
142. Name of well-known soap for washing woollens, etc.
143. Gladstone's (or Naoraji's) nickname (init. mxd.)
144. Same as 33 vertical.
145. Last four vowels (mxd.)
146. Bulk.
147. Labyrinth.
148. To weary.
149. Nay.
150. Last three letters of man's daily article of clothing.
151. Of. (French.)
152. First three letters of a famous forest in Essex.
153. Same as 3 vertical.
154. Symbol of the Christian religion (third letter omitted).
155. Brought (ab.)
156. Opposite to left (ab.)
157. Famous billiard player.
158. Medico (ab.)
159. Royal title (init.)
160. A man's name (ab.)
161. Was seated.
162. First two letters of Moses's brother's name.
163. Metal as it comes from the mine.
164. A kind of electrical current (init.)
167. A preposition.
168. Brings forward by way of proof
169. Silicon. (sym.)
170. Take one's seat.
171. Caesium (sym.)
172. A virulent poison.
173. Name of annual motor races in the Isle of Man (init.)
174. Same as 151.
175. A small bird like a robin (revd.)
176. God willing (Lat. init.)
177. An image.
178. A New Zealand parrot that kills sheep.
179. Boy's name (curtailed.)
180. Second and third letters of a musical instrument to be found in practically all well-to-do homes.
181. Prophetesses. Certain women mentioned in ancient mythology.
182. Ornaments extravagantly formed, containing animals, plants, etc., not really existing.
183. Adverb appertaining to the system which explains mythology as growing out of real history.
184. Oyster culture.

VERTICALS:

1. Failings.
2. Impediments.
3. Expression of hesitancy.
4. Headstrong.
5. A degree (init.)
6. Twelfth month of Jewish civil year and sixth of the ecclesiastical.
7. A warning.
8. One of the temples of the aborigines of Central America, remains of which are chiefly found in Mexico.
9. A lengthy preacher.
10. The stoker of a glass-works furnace.
11. Girl's name.
12. Alternative.
13. Chick peas.
14. Pronoun.
15. Limited (ab.)
16. Indentation.
17. Meaning the same as 1 horizontal.
18. Pupae of insects which undergo only semimetamorphosis.
19. To reason calmly and wisely.
20. Dominican ecclesiastical title (init.)
21. Around the thorax.
22. Followers of Origen.
23. Wooden.
24. Ready to go.
25. End of "wanderers."
26. Selenium (sym.)
27. A well-known non-alcoholic drink made from capsicums.
28. Bishop of Rome.
29. Epic poem.
30. Half numb.
31. Appertaining to an appliance for shewing temperatures automatically by the expansion of substances.
32. Obscuration of heavenly body by the interposition of another (last three letters mxd.)
33. Academy degree (init.)
34. Auxiliary verb.
35. The rainbow.
36. Position of a governing mother.
37. Period of time.
38. Strong wind.
39. Alluring.
40. To raise one end.
41. Lasts for a very long time (Shakespearean word)
42. Commanded.
43. Stale, uninteresting.
44. Term applied to oars generally.
45. Famous pianist.
46. Obsolete.
47. Pint (ab.)
48. Town in Italy, in province of Novara.
49. Where the Ark rested (two words, first one ab.)
50. End of "mantle."
51. End of "Dances."
52. Academy degree (init.)
53. Raging.
54. Rent (as cloth.)
55. Lady.
56. Body of lawyers.
57. Beverage.
58. Spectacles (coll).
59. One of the extremities of the foot.
60. Instrument for writing.
61. Girl's name.
62. Sound in mind.
63. Biblical name.
64. One who takes away by force.
65. A knot.
66. Eastern port of call.
67. Bands round the waist.
68. The stinking badger of Java.
69. Bodies of armed men.
70. Annually.
71. A short run at full speed.
72. To bribe.
73. And the rest . (Lat. ab.)
74. Jehovah.
75. A cruel Caesar.
76. Bolshevists. (coll.)
77. A favour granted.
78. A license.
79. Certain dates in the ancient Roman calendar.
80. Copper (sym.)
81. A title (init.)
82. Stocking (revd.)
83. Public walk.
84. The poles (init.)
85. Same as 75.
86. Seaport at mouth of Maritza river, Turkey.
87. Mark left by a wound.
88. Native-bred pony.
89. Short fine hair of certain animals (as the hare.)
90. Weight (ab.)
91. Which see (Lat. Init. revd.)
92. Pronoun.
93. Auxiliary verb.
94. French article (masculine).
95. Aluminium (sym.)
96. Same as 94.
97. Gold (sym.)
98. Euthanase (sym.)

NOTICE.

CROSS-WORD PUZZLE PRIZE DISTRIBUTION

If two correct solutions are received, the second prize will be added to the first and divided between the two. If more than two and less than six are received the three prizes will be divided among the five.

If over five correct solutions are received, then the total amount, that is, Rs. 300, will be divided into 6 parts and given to 6 winners of a raffle which will be held in this office at an appointed time which will be notified.

Do you Know that the BEST PHOTOGRAPHIC STUDIO in BOMBAY IS

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Manager W. G. PAYNE,
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THE DHARWAR BABY WEEK SHOW

will be held in Dharwar from 8th to 11th June 1925. Firms and business men dealing in baby foods, baby clothes etc. may exhibit their goods on the show grounds. Communications should be addressed to

V. H. NAIK,
Honorary Secretary, Dharwar,
Baby-Week Committee.

DHARWAR,
11th May, 1925.

...SLIMS' ...G.

...DING REPORT.

...er Ahmed of he Central Khila... ...mittee, Bombay writes:—

...incorrect and misleading account of ...e public meeting of the Mussalmans of Bombay held at Chota Kabristan on Wednesday night appeared in the Anglo-Indian paper of Bombay which has of late been showing regrettable lack of journalistic honesty by deliberate misrepresentation of facts. As the wrong impression which the report is likely to create on the public mind is likely to hide the truth, I deem it my duty, as one present on the dais, to place true facts before the public. It is true that angry protests and shouts of "Sit down" and "Shut up" etc., were drawn from audience by certain provocative remarks of one of the speakers, Maulvi Khujandi, who stood up to oppose the objects of the meeting. It is also true that this led to a very heated altercation between the disturbers of the meeting who were partisans of Nazir Ahmed Khujandi and who were mostly Arabs of Hedjaz and the general audience. When called to order and asked by the chair not to disturb the meeting they retired round the corner to the road where they seem to have come to blows as a peron who was hurt came back to the meeting some time later. It is also true that for sometime a considerable number of audience left the meeting evidently to see what was taking place on the main road. But it is absolutely wrong and as. the representative of the "Times of India" was himself present at the meeting it is a misrepresenation of facts to say that "bamboos, sticks and stones were used and hurled with freedom" in the meeting and that "there was wild confusion" there. Nothing could be farther from truth. The representative of the paper who certainly, unlike the paper he represents, which daily disregards the law of the country with impunity, has not got a charmed life and the very fact that he did not receive the slightest injury despite the fact that the ground on which the meeting took place was small and "bamboos, sticks and stones" in his own words were being "used and hurled with freedom" contradicts himself. It is also not true that after the man who was hurt was removed to hospital the meeting continued "with frequent interruptions and uproar which ultimately resulted in a free fight between Arabs and Nejdis present amongst the audience." There was no fight of any kind amongst the audience and the meeting after the only interruption that took place was as orderly to the end as any meeting can be. The last statement of the series gives the representative of the paper away. While the meeting protested against the immoral support lent by Great Britain to France in her immeral and unjust attack on the Riffs the representative speaks of the meeting asking the British to help the latter (the Riffs). Evidently the representative carried away by his own imagination felt convinced that the heated argument in the beginning would develop into all he has said and moved by the instinct of self-preservation had retired from the meeting. The same instinct must have asserted itself when he heard that the meeting did take place and finished its work in an orderly and peaceful fashion, and he drew up a report at the last minutet and rushed to the office. To him it meant his job according to the revised moral values of the type of papers represented by the Anglo-Indian paper of Bombay.

TRUE FACTS.

The true facts are that the public meeting of the Mussalmans of Bombay called by the Khilafat Committee to organise help and assistance for the Hajis took place as announced at Chota Kabristan on Wednesday night 13th May at 10 o'clock, and was very well attended. Mr. Shuaib Qureshi presided over the meeting and after explaining the object of the meeting and emphasising the value and importance of rendering assistance to Muslims in the discharge of their religious duty asked Maulana Shaukat Ali to address the audience. Maulana Shaukat Ali rose amidst shouts of Allah-o-Akbar and said that the service of the pilgrims was nothing new to him. As a servant of Kaba he had been working for the pilgrims since 1914. Bombay being the gateway of Mecca has great responsibilities on her shoulders in this matter. People here generally are occupied in their business and howsoever they wished could not spare much time. Some pilgrims last year had complained about their neglect in the Juma Masjid. The Central Khilafat Committee this year took up this work and ordered its workers to organise relief and assistance for these "Guests of God". He warned people against being led away by interested mischief-makers. The first pilgrim ship sails on the 16th and he requested all the Muslims associations of Bombay to join in the noble work and win a good name for Bombay. He informed the audience that Moulvi Nazir Ahmed Khujandi had written to him that he intended to ask questions at the meeting. If the president gave Moulvi Khujandi permission he would be glad to answer them. The audience was affected by this sincere and simple appeal of a worker whom they knew and trusted. The president allowed Moulvi Khujandi 10 minutes' time, which was later extended at his request, to say what he had to say and to put his questions. Moulvi Khujandi said that he objected to the Haj last year, he objected to the despatch of the Khilafat Deputation to Hedjaz and he objected to the pilgrims going to Mecca this year. He was proved right. Ibne Saud he said was equally a slave of the English. At this stage he made a few provocative remarks against the audience and the Khilafat workers which irritated the audience and drew angry remarks from them. The president intervened calmed the audience and gave the speaker another chance who again began to harangue wildly in the same style using insulting and provocative language. He appeared to be bent on creating trouble and wrecking the meeting and his friends who had come with him began to shout from behind the dais and elsewhere. The audience got excited and Moulvi Khujandi's Hedjazi friends at the back of the dais prepared to assault the Nejdis and create trouble; but the united will of the audience drove them out of the meeting. Moulvi Khujandi sat down and *another* chief Hedjazi disturber took shelter behind Maulana Shaukat Ali who afterwards escorted them out of the meeting and sent them away in the Khilafat car. After the departure of these two persons, Hakim Abu Yusuf Isphani who had created disturbance in the meeting of December last and was lurking behind, was rescued by Khilafat volunteers from the angry crowd and for safety, brought by a police officer in mufti to where the president and Maulana Shaukat Ali were sitting. After this the meeting was perfectly quiet and orderly and enthusiastic. Amidst shouts of Allaho-Akbar the president spoke feelingly about the disgraceful exhibition of feeling that evening and appealed to all to forget the unfortunate incident. A resolution about helping the Hajis and organising relief to remove the distress of the people of the Hedjaz was then put to vote and carried unanimously.

Another resolution expressing sympathy and admiration for the brave people of Riff, promising them support of Indian Mussalmans in their struggle for liberty, protesting against immoral and unjust French attack on the Riffs and warning England against supporting the Franch in their shameless attack was put from the chair and passed amidst shouts of Alla-ho-Akbar. The president's concluding remarks were listened to with rapt attention and the audience enthusiastically promised to help. Maulana Shaukat Ali then proposed the vote of thanks to the chair during the course of which he told the audience that the Khilafat workers had not time for private quarrels. They had patience and sincerity and for the safety of Islam and Khilafat they would without flinching fight to the last.

I may mention that if is was not for the president, Maulana Shaukat Ali and other Khilafat workers, Moulvi Khujandi, Hakim Isphani and other disturbers would have been severely handled by the audience.

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MR. PANIKKAR'S RESIGNATION.

Dr. A. K. Menon has sent the following letter to the "Indian Social Reformer":—

Somebody once observed, with a great deal of truth, that it is only a very small number of sick people who require the services of a doctor and that the largest number get along and get all right without any doctor's help or assistance, but that the doctor is the best person to say which case will get on without the doctor and that for this and for the small number who do require the services of the doctor, it is desirable that all sick people are seen by a doctor. Rules of procedure and methodical way of doing things play the part of the doctor in office routine and administration. Most offices work without friction on any odd, shoddy, slipshod system, or no system. Absence of friction, inconvenience, delay and misunderstanding cannot, in these cases, be attributed to these slack ways. It obtains in spite of them. The one case, the "Indian Social Reformer" cites proves to my mind, if it proves anything at all, the need for "red-tapeism" and "bureaucratisation" as the "Reformer" characterises methodical way of doing things. All that I can say is that the Editor "who rather preferred that the Proprietor should say whatever he had to say to the Sub-editors rather than to himself" had no business to be where he was even if he was otherwise fit and he was guilty of unpardonable dereliction of duty and was, besides, very unfair to have left it all to the Sub-editor to have an unhappy time of it "when the Editor's point of view differed from that of the Proprietor". It is a loose use of language to say, "On the whole, the plan worked well", for there was no plan. And if there was a plan, the Sub-editor need not have had an unhappy time of it.

Therefore, if there is no fixed rule in Indian newspaper offices, it is high time that some sensible rules are evolved and fixed. It is lucky that, so soon after the Journalists' Association was formed, a crisis arose drawing attention to the unsatisfactory way of things. It is hoped that thing will not be left in the same old way to muddle along in any odd way.

I do not propose to discuss the details of the Panikkar case, though it is desirable that all followed the golden rule of 'audi alterem partem' and satisfied themselves that they had all the necessary data to discuss the case. And I am not sure that the Journalists' Association, which had all the correspondence on the particular case and has, besides, among its members, Sub-editors as well, has given an 'ex parte' decision, more so than others. My only point is that there should be a sensible system to avoid embarrassment to all concerned. I am speaking from personal experience in other walks of life, more so in the Army though I do not think that I am very much militarised. And that is why, I, who believe that we can win and keep our freedom without resorting to martial methods, am for military training for our boys.

May one ask what harm would have been done if the Sub-editor who had valuable and useful suggestions to give had communicated them to the Editor at the first instance, before going to the Proprietor? Of course, one does not put any embargo on social intercourse, discussion of the weather and even of the Hindu Sabha and the Sanghatan Movement. I am speaking only with reference to the particular department in which an individual may be working an suggesting that his duty in any matter pertaining to that department is to the chief of that department. A junior member of the editorial department of a local paper asks me what would be his duty if the Proprietor wants to discuss matters pertaining to the manager's department or some other department. I hold that the invitation from the proprietor had better come through the Editor or, if the assistant editor or sub-editor thought that he knew better how to run the other departments, it is up to him to apply through the Editor for a transfer to those departments as it is not likely that he will be missed in the editorial department and could be more useful in the other department, being, as he and the proprietor think, more efficient than the existing incumbents.

CAPRICE OF AN INSURANCE COMPANY.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—An Insurance Company exists for the benefit of the public, at least all the agents of Insurance Companies say so. It is, therefore, necessary in the interest of the public that it should know how one of the Insurance Companies in Bombay put the most unjustifiable hitches in the way of a payment due from it. As I am conversant with all the facts I put them down here. All the documents are in my possession and I shall gladly show them to any one who is desirous of doing so.

My friend, the late Prof. G. S. Agashe M.A., M.Sc., insured his life about the year 1910 in the Empire of India Life Assurance Company. He went to England about that time and assigned his policy to his father. His father died in February 1915. Prof. Agashe died in December 1921. He made a will and gave the interest in the policy to his wife. His wife engaged Messrs. S. K. Bhagvat and V. R. Nachane as pleaders and got from the Thana Court a succession certificate to her husband. In that succession certificate the Thana court gave her the right to recover the money of the life policy of Prof. Agashe. The number of the policy was mentioned by the court in the succession certificate which stated that Mrs. Agashe should recover the money of that policy as the heir of her husband. At the time of granting the succession certificate the court went into the whole question of heirship, took evidence, invited objections if any from the near relatives of Prof Agashe, and decided that Mrs. Agashe was the heir of the money of the life policy, and gave her the right to recover the money form the Empire of India Life Insurance Company.

I went to the Company's office with the certificate and found that the Company was in no mood to pay. They put a number of hitches. Once I was taken to some officer of the Company. He was a European. I do not know that estimable gentleman's name. He was so discourteous that I did not like to trouble him again. I was told by that officer as well as by others in the Company that as Prof. Agashe had assigned the policy to his father, the Company did not recognize the succession certificate obtained by Mrs. Agashe. It was a succession certificate obtained to the estate of Prof. Agashe and the Company wanted succession certificate to Prof. Agashe's father to whom the policy had been assigned I pointed out to the Company that all these questions had been fully gone into by the Thana Court, and as Mrs. Agashe was empowered by the certificate to receive the money due on that identical policy the Company should not go behind the certificate. It was explained to the Company that the Succession Certificate Act Section, 16 protected the Company fully and even if the Company paid the money to a wrong person, provided he had a succession certificate, the Company was free from all liabilities. But it was no use. Mrs. Agashe in her application to the Thana Court had stated all the facts as to how she was the heir and how she had the right to get the money of the policy. It was as a result of this application that the Thana Court granted her the succession certificate. A certified copy of this application was shown to the Company so that they might understand the question But the Company insisted that as the policy was assigned to Prof. Agashe's father they would not pay any money to Mrs. Agashe unless she produced a succession certificate to Prof. Agashe's father, that is to her father-in-law. Mrs. Agashe gave a notice to the Company through her pleaders at Thana, who carefully explained to the Company, that under the existing law Mrs Agashe could not get a succession certificate to her father-in-law. Prof. Agashe's father died in 1915, and as the only son of his father, according to Hindu law, Prof Agashe became the owner of his property and though, the policy was assigned to Prof. Agashe's father, it came back to Prof. Agashe after his father's death That means after 1915, the policy belonged to Prof. Agashe, and Mrs. Agashe as heir to Prof. Agashe was rightly claiming the money. She could not, in law, get a succession certificate to Prof. Agashe's father as the interest in the policy had descended to Prof. Agashe after his father died. The Company would not listen. As Mrs. Agashe did not like to have her claim time barred she lodged a suit against the Company in the Small Causes Court, Bombay. She was really entitled to Rs. 2,020 under the policy but as she was not able to bear the heavy costs of a suit in the Bombay High Court she gave up the claim to Rs 20 and brought the suit in the Small Causes Court and brought it for Rs. 2,000 only, so as to bring it within the jurisdiction of the Small Causes Court of Bombay. To prove that the Company's demand for a succession certificate to the estate of Prof. Agashe's father was unreasonable she made an application to the Thana Court and asked for such a succession certificate as the Company was demanding. Mr. N. G. Chapekar, the Sub-Judge at Thana ruled "The insistence of the Company for a fresh certificate is irrational and unnecessary. The Court has already granted a certificate to the applicant and that must enable her to recover the money from the Company in respect of the policy". This order of the Thana Court was shown to Mr. Indra Narayan Vrajmohanlal Additional Judge of the Small Causes Court. The case in the Small Causes Court was conducted on behalf of Mrs. Agashe by Messrs. K. K. Suntoke and A. D. Subnis. The Company was represented by Mr. Dady Burjor. Mrs. Agashe's pleaders were scarcely called upon to argue by the judge. Mr. Dady Burjor argued tenaciously for the Company, but the Judge took the view that the attitude of the Company was wrong, humourously remarking, that it was difficult for any one to make Mr. Dady Burjor change his views. He gave judgment in favour of Mrs. Agashe saying "I hold the plaintiff is entitled to recover moneys from the defendants."

The judgments of the Thana Court and of the Small Causes Court speak for themselves and need no comment. It is plain that the Company was all along insisting on a succession certificate that in law could not be obtained and was refusing to pay money to the claimant who had obtained a certificate that in the opinion of the Sub-Judge at Thana was sufficient to "enable her to recover the money from the Company". When men insure their lives with a view to keep their dependants above want after their death they little realise what difficulties are made by Insurance Companies. I think it is the duty of every one to assure himself that hitches of this type will not be put by an Insurance Company before he consents to insure his life. After her husband's death, a widow is often times unable to fight in a law court; at least a Hindu widow is generally not so educated to carry on legal fights. In this particular instance grave injustice has been done. The money was unjustly withheld from Mrs. Agashe and she has lost interest on the sum for such a long time. She had to bear the expenses of the litigation. Under the policy she was entitled to Rs. 2,020 but had to forego the claim to Rs. 20 in order to bring the claim within the jurisdiction of the Small Causes Court. Mr. Dady Burjor on behalf of the Company said in the Small Causes Court that the Company did not at all desire to withhold payment legitimately due, but the Company has only paid Rs 2,000 only. That will give your readers an idea of the mentality of the Company. I am not speaking of the legal side of the question. The Company has now been satisfied, at any rate ought now to have been satisfied, that Mrs. Agashe is the real claimant for the money and has yet not paid her the full amount, but has merely paid her the amount that the Court forced the Company to pay.—Yours, etc.,

R. S. BHAGVAT.

Thana Near Police Lines,
May '9.

HAJ, HAJIS AND THE AUTHORITIES.

BOMBAY, May 14.

Mr. B. F. Bharucha writes:

Despite the question of obstruction and apprehensions the question of Haj this year is settled, and steamers for the conveyance of pilgrims are also arranged—thanks to Maulana Shaukat Ali at this end and Ibn Saud at the other. Few are fully aware of the unfailing and unceasing faith of the Hajis, who suffer endless privations during their journeys and yet return to their homes with unabated reverence and enthusiasm. The writer has travelled with them in trains, he has talked to them night after night at the Grant Road Station and has really admired their deep and abiding faith in Islam. How they have been exposed to sun and to rain, to pilfering and pick-pocketing, to fever and cold, to disease and death, only those around them know best. Recently there have been some improvements in the housing of the Hajis, but they are not quite adequate. The authorities—Port Trust and Steamers—can do a lot for these poor pilgrims. The Port Trust can berth the Haji steamers adjacent to the fumigation sheds. They can supply full quantity of good drinking water. They can arrange for four gangways on the steamer. They should suspend all loading on the steamer when the Hajis are embarked. They should give a shed to Hajis on the day of embarkation. The Board of Trade Surveyor can see that there are enough tanks clean and commodious; adequate baths; adequate privies; adequate number of serviceable lifeboats and belts, and the lifeboats fully equipped; sufficient ventilation and wind sails in the lower decks. Steamers can put on board a sympathetic physician and stewardess with the requisite hospital accessories and with standing instructions to Captain, officers and crew to act with civility and consideration with these poor pilgrims. Haj is sacred to Muslims and Muslims are our countrymen, and India will stand by them as she has done so noble during those trying years of Greco-Turkish War.—Free Press of India.

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INDIAN PRINCES.

"MEN WHO ARE A LAW UNTO THEMSELVES."

Mr. St. Nihal Singh writes as follows in the "Daily Herald":—

Issues of fundamental importance have been raised by the unpleasant revelations made in the courts in cases involving the ruler of one of the wealthiest States in India and the heir to the throne of the largest Indian State. Sensation-mongers have found plenty of "copy" in these disclosures. Here and there a moralist has been able to rise above race and colour prejudices and has declared that the 'Mr. Z's and Mr. A's of the East had their counterparts in the West. The political problem which these cases have stressed has not, however attracted much attention.

Were the Rajahs merely idle rich, there would be a social, but not a political, problem. The more important among them, however, possess the power of life and death over their people. Even the pettiest among them exercise administrative powers to a greater or lesser degree. The money they spend comes out of the pockets of their people. With possibly a few exceptions, no limitations are imposed—from the inside or the outside—as to the percentage of the taxes which they may keep for their own use.

Some of them undoubtedly look upon the public treasury as the privy purse—upon their States as estates—and help themselves to money, liberally or otherwise, as they please. In the most literal sense of the word they are a law unto themselves.

If a person lacking specialised knowledge of India were to look through the Budget statements issued by the principal Indian States he would be misled by the "Civil Lists" included among the various items of expenditure. To begin with, that "Civil list" represents the will of no one other than the ruler himself. If a legislature exists in his State, it is a creature of his own—not a sovereign body. The consent given, therefore, is a mere formality.

MILLIONS UNDER THE FLOOR!

The "Civil List," moreover, does not represent all the expenditure which is incurred upon the ruler and his family. Items—some of them quite heavy—are carefully hidden away under other heads.

That revelation came to me as a shock while, during my last Indian tour, I was staying at the capital of one of the most progressive Rajahs. I was going through the Budget report with one of the officials from the Accounts Department. In examining the items under the Public Works Department. I found that there was a branch of that department which did nothing else but build palaces and keep them in repair.

"Why does not the Household Department bear this expenditure?" I asked.

That question dumbfounded the man.

A little later, in examining the accounts of the Education Department, I found that the expenses incurred upon the education of the Rajah's children came out of the funds allotted to that department.

Some of the rulers—or their apologists—seek to disguise the huge amounts taken for their personal use by splitting it up partly into the "Civil List" and partly into "income derived from Crown lands." One of the Indian rulers, for instance, takes away as his "Consolidated Civil List," £600,000 a year. At an exceedingly low estimate, his income from his "Crown lands" approximates £600,000 per annum.

"How does your ruler spend his money?" I inquired from an official while I was recently visiting this ruler's capital.

"He hoards it," was the reply. "If you could go under his dining-room floor you would find £40,000 in hard cash stowed away there." Even if the figure is a rank exaggeration, there is no doubt that a vast fortune is thus stowed away—doing no good to anyone.

Unlike this ruler, most of the Rajahs spend money lavishly. In the old days they used to spend it in their own States—or, at any rate, in India—and kept India's art and industries alive. Now a goodly portion of it finds its way abroad in buying foreign articles or is spent on foreign tours.

HOW RAJAHS SPEND.

I calculate that there must be at least 20—and possibly 30—Rajahs who take out of their State Treasuries from £200 to £400 a day. The average daily income of their subjects would perhaps be no more than two pence. The Rajahs therefore, spent what 20,000 or more of their subjects produce.

In the old days the British Resident stationed at an Indian Court remonstrated if he found the Rajah engaging in extravagance. Such remonstrance, never frequent, has now practically become a relic of the past. Caste having lost its terrors, Rajahs and Residents wine and dine together. Rajahs, moreover, have acquired such a sense of self-respect that few "representatives of the Paramount Power" find the courage to reprimand them. There is, furthermore, a disposition upon the part of the British officials to make common cause with the Rajahs and thereby preserve their own monopoly of power in British India.

Some of the Rajahs have been wise enough to realise that the tide of democracy is rising. In consequence they are voluntarily beginning to limit their own powers—and their expenditure. With a few honourable exceptions, the concessions they have made are, however pitifully small.

So far, the struggle for winning Home Rule in British India has largely absorbed Indian energy. The Rajahs, therefore, have not been greatly disturbed by agitation. A few of them have ruthlessly dealt with those men who have had the temerity to raise their voice to bring about constitutional reforms in the States.

The frontiers which divide the Indian States from the Indian Provinces are artificial. In fact, villages under Indian rule are interspersed with those under British rule. Democracy in British India has, therefore, only an artificial fence to jump to get into the Rajah's territories. The more rapid and the more far-reaching the success democracy scores in British India, the more powerful will be the impetus which the Indian democratic movement derives from the Rajahs.

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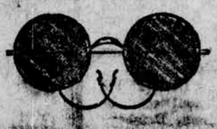

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BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, May 14.

The Hon. Mr. Justice C. A. Kincaid, C.V.O., I.C.S., relinquished charge of his office as Acting Judge of the High Court at Bombay on Thursday, the 9th April.

Mr. C. Berry, Secretary of the Aden Port Trust, to Act as Chairman of the Port Trust vice Major D. S. Johnston proceeding on leave.

Major H. M. Wightwick, Assistant Resident, Aden, on return from leave, to act, in addition to his own duties as Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Aden Settlement vice Major D. S. Johnston proceeding on leave.

Mr. Ibrahim Khan, Secretary of the Executive Committee of the Aden Settlement, should act as Chairman of the Committee pending Major Wightwick's arrival.

Major D. S. Johnston, R.E., Chairman of the Aden Port Trust and of the Executive Committee of the Aden Settlement, is granted leave on average pay for six months with effect from the 6th June 1925, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr. W. M. Leverett, on relief to act as Superintendent of Police, Bombay Suburban District, vice Mr. A. C. Daniel proceeding on leave, pending further orders.

Mr. Shapurji Darashah to be Deputy Superintendent of Police in the Selection Grade on Rs. 750 per mensem vice Rao Bahadur Ramkrishna Hanmant Page, retired.

Mr. Harry Charles Fleming, City Magistrate, Poona, to be a Justice of the Peace within the limits of the District of Poona.

Mr. O. H. B. Starte, I.C.S., has been granted, with effect from the 19th March 1925, leave on average pay for five months and a half in combinatin with sutdy leave on behalf average pay for two months.

Mr. G. S. Rajadhyaksha, I.C.S., Assistant Judge, Khandesh, should be attached to the High Court of Judicature at Bombay for training for a period of three months with effect from the 7th July 1925.

Mr. Dadiba C. Mehta, Sessions Judge, Thana, to be an Additional Sessions Judge in the Nasik Sessions Division, in addition to his own duties, upto the 26th May, 1925 (inclusive). Mr. Dadiba C. Mehta shall dispose of work arising in the Nasik Sessions Divisions at Thana.

Mr. C. E. Palmer, I.C.S., Dirtict Judge, Belgaum, is granted leave on average pay for seven months and seventeen days and on half average pay for twenty months and thirteen days with effect from the 30th June 1925, and is permitted to retire from Government service on the expiry of the leave.

Mr. Indravadan Narayanbhai Mehta, Barrister-at-Law, Fifth Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, is granted leave on average pay for one month with effect from the 4th May.

Mr. Motabhai Sundarrav Jayakar to act temporarily as Collector of Surat vice Mr. A. M. Macmillan, I.C.S., proceeding on leave, pending further orders.

Rao Saheb Maganlal Mohanlal Gandhi to be District Deputy Collector, Surat, vice Mr. M. S. Jayakar.

Mr. F. Ellerton, Assistant Manager, Photozinco Press, to act as Manager, Photozinco Press vice Mr. A. W. Audy proceeding on leave, pending further orders.

The services of Mr. C. B. B. Clee, I.C.S., are placed at the disposal of the Government of India.

Mr. A. M. Macmillan, I.C.S., Collector of Surat, is granted, with effect from 28th May 1925 or the subsequent date on which he may be relieved, leave on average pay for three months.

Mr. T. V. Akula is appointed Veterinary Inspector for the Town and Island of Bombay with effect from 1st May.

Mr. L. W. Hardley, C.I.E., Commissioner of Income-tax, Bombay, is granted leave on average pay for three months with effect from the 25th April.

Khan Bahadur J. B. Vachha to officiate as Commissioner of Income-tax for the Bombay Presidency with effect from the 25th April.

Mr. R. D. Advani, Deputy Educational Inspector, Hyderabad, and doing duty as Deputy Educational Inspector, Sukkur, to officiate as Head Master, N. J. High School, Karachi, vice Mr. H. A. Sadarangani or pending further orders.

Mr. Jan Mahomed A. Kazi, First Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector, Mulla Schools, Sukkur, officiated as Deputy Educational Inspector, Mulla Schools, Sukkur, during the absence on leave of Mr. Mahomed Ibrahim Mahomed Kasim Sumro.

Lieut.-Colonel I. D. Jones, M.D. (Lond.), M.R.C.S. (Eng.), I.M.S., Acting Civil Surgeon, Karachi, is granted leave on average pay for four months with effect from the 5th June 1925.

Lieut.-Colonel R. F. Steel, M.B., B.Ch. (Dub.), F.R.C.S.E., I.M.S., Acting Civil Surgeon and Superintendent, B. J. Medical School, Poona, is granted leave on average pay for three months and seventeen days with effect from the 15th June 1925 or the date of availing.

Major A. N. Thomas, D.S.O., M.B., B.S. (Lond.), M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), I.M.S., on the close of the Mahabaleshvar season, to act as Civil Surgeon and Superintendent, B. J. Medical School, Poona, in addition to his own duties vice Lieut.-Colonel R. F. Steel, I.M.S., proceeding on leave.

Major B. F. Eminson, M.B., I.M.S., to act as Civil Surgeon, Karachi, vice Lieut.-Colonel I. D. Jones, I.M.S., proceeding on leave.

Major R. W. Pettigrew, I.M.D., to act as Resident Surgeon, St. George's Hospital, Bombay, in addition to his own duties, vice Major B. F. Eminson, M.B., I.M.S.

Lieut.-Colonel W. O'S. Murphy, I.M.S., Director of Public Health for the Government of Bombay, is granted leave on average pay in India for two months with effect from the 10th August 1925 or subsequent date of relief.

Lieut.-Colonel H. Melhuish, D.S.O., I.M.S., Director, Belgaum Vaccine Institute to act as Director of Public Health.

Dr. K. A. Gandhi, D.P.H., Assistant Director of Public Health, Southern Registration District, to act as Director, Belgaum Vaccine Institute, in addition to his own duties.

Mr. G. B. Advani, M.B., B.S., has been placed on general duty at the Civil Hospital Hyderabad, with effect from the afternoon of the 16th April.

Mr. K. G. Palkar, L.M. & S., B.M.S., Medical Officer, C. R. Works Dispensary, Thana, has been granted leave on average pay for three months with effect from the afternoon of the 21st April.

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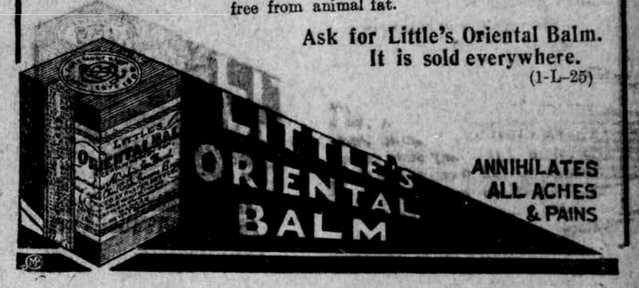

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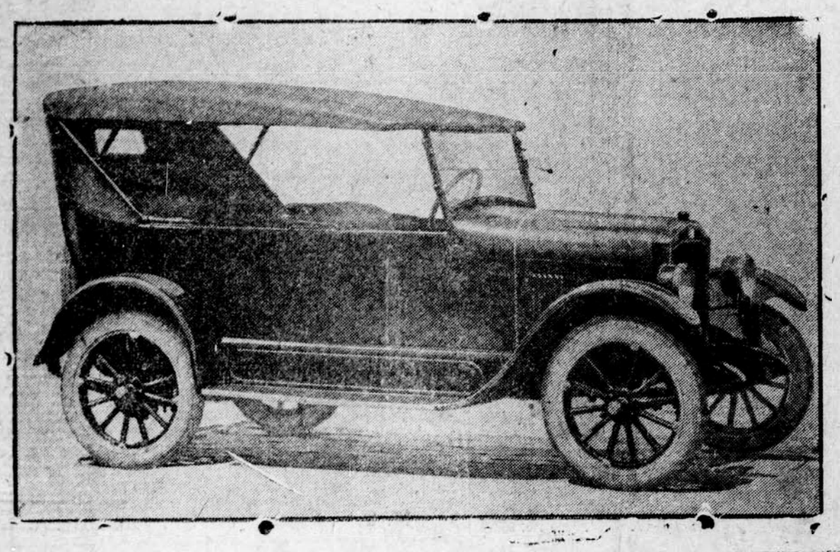

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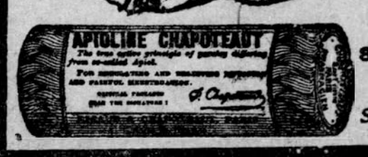

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